

HUNT'S MERCHANTS' MAGAZINE. A Weekly Dewspaper,

REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES

VOL. 38.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 26, 1884.

NO. 970.

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The Chronicle.

THE COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL CHRONICLE is published in New York every Saturday morning. Entered at the Post Office, New York, N. Y., as second-class mail matter.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION-PAYABLE IN ADVANCE:

610 For Six Months do Annual subscription in London (including postage) £2 7s. Six mos. do do do £1 8s.

Subscriptions will be continued until ordered stopped by a written order, or at the publication office. The publishers cannot be responsible for remittances unless made by Drafts or Post-Office Money Orders.

Liverpool Office. The office of the Chronicle in Liverpool is at B 15 Exchange Buildings, where subscriptions and advertisements will be taken at the

regular rates, and single copies of the paper supplied at 1s. each. A neat file cover is furnished at 50 cents; postage on the same is 18 cents. Volumes bound for subscribers at \$1 00.

cents. Volumes bound for subscripers de q. vo.
WILLIAM B. DANA & Co., Publishers
JOHN G. FLOYD.

79 & S1 William Street, NEW YORK.
Post Office Box 958.

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

Wall street has again absorbed attention almost to the exclusion of every other interest. Not only has the stock market been greatly unsettled, with sharp declines in special securities, but at times it has been panicky, threatening at moments to involve all share property in the increasing demoralization. This was quite a contrast with the close of last week, when it seemed as if a better era was coming. Then the trunk lines had just settled their differences, the Western pool disagreements it was thought would not lead to cutting of rates, capital was flowing into the banks in unusual amount, railroad earn. ings were showing better results than for the first week of the month and better than the fears of many anticipated, breadstuffs had declined in price until an export movement had set in; in a word, the markets for money, securities and merchandise wore a more assuring aspect.

Still the fact is that the recent losses through the disclosures in the late Villard properties and of the West by request of the bankers who furnished the funds. This Shore Construction Company, have been very large and the Street not only of those stocks, but also of very many came when they attacked the Northern Pacific 1st mort-

other stocks and bonds by parties who have been weakened. Perhaps this was what led to the rumor that large holders of St. Paul had been unloading. At all events such a report accompanied the attack on that stock and the success which attended the attack made the rumor plausible enough. Then came whisperings that important failures were imminent and these quickly turned into a statement that Mr. Gould was in financial straits, and that was followed by damaging assaults upon the Gould specialties with the report added that two of them were to be put into the hands of a Receiver, and by attacks also upon other stocks which are usually unprotected because not cliqued.

At this juncture rumor has it that Mr. Gould gave a private exhibition of his securities for the purpose of affording absolute proof of his assertion that he was not in need of and was not borrowing money. One report is that the market value of his strong-box was 40 millions; another is that he took his confidant down into a private vault of marvelous capacity, containing not less than 110 millions, including Western Union, Missouri Pacific, Wabash stocks and bonds, Texas Pacific, Missouri Kansas & Texas shares and mortgages, &c., &c. A similar private view of these same securities which was given in March, 1882, was followed by a sharp rise in all the Gould properties, but the conditions of the market are so very different now that although those properties shared in the general improvement later in the week, the public has not evinced any disposition to relieve the holders of a part of their load. Still, there is not the least proof that the suggestion of Mr. Gould's financial weakness had any basis other than in the imagination of those who circulated it.

The next day the feeling was better at the opening; but an apparent effort to unload a considerable block of the Oregon & Trans-Continental securities, which was begun the previous day, was continued, the bears taking advantage of the circumstance and centring all their efforts upon the stocks of the Northern Pacific system. In fact, those securities were offered down so freely, and such large blocks were sold, that the decline had more or less of an unsettling effect upon the entire market. The question was naturally raised, from whence came this flood of Northern Pacifics poured upon the market. The extent of the transactions gave color to the report that the Oregon & Trans-Continental Company were selling their securities for the purpose of paying off a maturing loan. This was denied, and then it was suggested that some of the collaterals for the 8 million loan negotiated about a fortnight ago were being marketed also was quickly seen to be impossible according to the widespread, forcing the sale and increasing the supply on terms of the transaction. But the grand stroke of the bears

gages, forcing the price down from $101\frac{1}{2}$ to $95\frac{1}{2}$ on sales of about \$1,500,000 bonds. Where these bonds came from was also a question. It is suggested that they were purchased for the purpose of throwing upon the market at this particular juncture, and that the whole movement in these securities was artificial and speculative. If so, the sales must be covered.

As to the Northern Pacific bonds, some of the current talk with regard to them which assumes a possibility of default in the payment of interest, seems to be wholly without any fact to support it. Even if this were different, such a discussion would be decidedly premature now, since the company has just paid the January interest and the next coupon does not mature till July. But the position of these bonds is really so strong a one, and they are withal hedged about by so many safeguards, that the suggestion of even a temporary hitch in the payment of interest seems out of the question. In the first place they are practically a first mortgage on the entire property of the company, including its land grant, there being less than six millions of underlying bonds which take precedence of them. In the second place, the call for interest on the entire issue of the bonds as now outstanding (including the prior lien bonds) is but \$2,776,182 per annum, and only about 10 millions more of the bonds (judging by the terms of the mortgage) can be put out, and this only on the construction and completion of additional mileage, which would add about \$600,000 more to the interest charge, or say \$3,400,000 as a maximum. In the half year ended January 1, 1884, Mr. Oakes recently reported to the stockholders the company had earned as much as \$2,211,293 net, or but \$564,889 less than the \$2,776,182 called for on these bonds, and this, too, in a period when the line was open its entire length only about half the time. During the present six months Mr. Oakes estimates the net earnings will be \$3,127,000. Although that expectation is a sanguine one and not likely to be realized, the company will in any event earn as much gross as it did in the same six months of 1883-namely, \$3,531,061-which would allow for at least a million net.

But more than that, even if it were possible for net earn irgs to fall short of the interest charges required on these bonds, a default in the payment of the coupons would by no means follow. The mortgage reserves to the company the right to use for this purpose the proceeds of the sales of land if earnings are insufficient, and these land sales are of growing importance. Further, when the bonds were originally sold, the syndicate selling them stipulated that from the proceeds of the sale two years' interest be set aside, so as to guard against the possibility of any default during the period of construction, and Mr. Oakes only recently stated that in addition to all its other resources the company had "on hand in cash the special fund "applicable to the payment of interest on its general first "mortgage bonds, due on the first of July next, amounting "to \$1,200,000." Finally the bankers who sold the bonds lent the prestige of their name to them, and should the company become involved in financial difficulties endan. gering the bondholders' interests, would no doubt come to the aid of the concern with whatever cash was needed. This was well illustrated in their taking the second mortgage a short time ago to relieve the company of its embarrassments. With these facts before them, our readers can judge what basis there was for the stories with regard to the standing of these bonds.

During the week Union Pacific was one of the stocks that has been noticeably firm. In that connection the completion and publication of the report of the Government directors

of the road is claimed to have done effective service. Wall Street is noted for its anomalies and surprises, but it may well be doubted whether we ever had a clearer illustration of how completely it is the victim of passing circumstances. For months the stock has been rushed down because of the heavy falling off in earnings recorded since July last, and now the Government report covering the fiscal year ended June 30-a period antedating entirely that of the recent falling off-is made the explanation of, or reason for, the recent strength. In other words, the present-only lately regarded of so much importance-is ignored, and the dead past resurrected instead. It is a fact that this Government report contains nothing but what was known before. In its main features it is devoted to the year ended last June, and though a brief statement is given of the earnings and expenses for the ten months ended October 31, even this is ancient history now, for almost a month ago we published the figures in full for the eleven months of 1883. Besides, why did not the directors present the last four months of the period ended with October 31 separately, most interest attaching to these four months, and the previous six months being already covered in their annual report? To supply the omission, we take from our monthly statements the gross and net earnings for each month since last June, the close of the Government year, and give in comparison the corresponding figures for the same months in 1882.

	Gross E	arnings.	Net Eurnings.		
	1883.	1882.	1883.	1882.	
July		2,827,904 3,170,316 3,109,506	1,455,343 1,339,966	1,607,409 1,909,723 1,606,942	
Movember	\$13,930,460	\$14,024,697			

The champions of Government supervision and control of railroads may find somewhat of a damper thrown upon their enthusiasm when they reflect that it takes a Government official nearly seven months after the close of any period to get up his report for that period. Why, even the railroads themselves do better than that!

The Pennsylvania statement of earnings and expenses is also out this week, and covers December and the twelve months ended December 31. The figures for December, as in the case of some other of the trunk lines, show quite a diminution in gross earnings (referring now only to the lines east of Pittsburg) as compared with 1882, the movement of through traffic east this year having been comparatively light and the depression in many industries having reduced the volume of general and miscellaneous traffic. The decrease of \$316,659 in gross earnings, however, is accompanied by a decrease of \$315,034 in expenses—which in December, 1882, were exceptionally heavy-so that the net result is quite satisfactory, and but \$1,625 below that of the preceding year. Incorporating these figures with those for the previous eleven months, the net earnings for the year 1883 prove to be \$903,674 above those of 1882, during which time gross earnings rose \$2,003,418, and from the following table it will be seen that both gross and net receipts are larger than ever before, the gross being now 51 millions, or 161 millions heavier than what they were only four years ago, and the net 194 millions, an improvement of fully 5 millions.

Lines East of Pittsburg.	1883.	1882.	1881.	1880.	1879.
December.	*			8	*
Gross earnings	3,840,510	4,157,169	3,731,751	3,547,828	3,453,925
Operating expenses	2,657,282	2,972,316	2,528,559	2,421,575	1,941,870
Net earnings	1,183,228	1,184,858	1,203,199	1,126,258	1,512,055
Jan. 1 to Dec. 31 -					
Gress earnings	51,083,244	49,079,826	44,124,178	41,260,068	34,620,276
Operating expenses	31,747,148	30,647,39	28,709,800	24,625,042	20,382,757
Net earnings	19,336,101	18,432,49	17,414.87	18.635 020	14,287,580

On the lines west of Pittsburg and Erie, the result this time is even less satisfactory than it was in the months preceding. The figures show that in December these lines fell over \$300,000 short of earning their charges for interest and rentals, while in December, 1882, the deficiency was only \$16,984, which compares with a deficiency of \$91,670 in 1881, and a surplus of \$212,490 in 1880 and \$541,362 in 1879. Taking the full twelve months, there is a surplus of \$803,848 in 1883, but in 1882 the surplus was \$1,894,300, in 1881 it was as much as \$2,648,338, in 1880 as much as \$3,072,052, and even in 1879 the amount was twice that of 1883, or \$1,623,640 These lines traverse a section of country which has not been favored with large crops of late years, and have had increasing competition to contend with besides. It will be observed that as compared with 1882 the falling off in surplus amounts to \$1,090,452. As we have shown above that during the year the net earnings of the eastern lines increased \$903,674, it would seem that the net result for 1883 on all the lines operated by the Pennsylvania Railroad, both east and west, is a loss of \$186,778 from 1

Foreign exchange continues strong. The exceptional demand to cover bills and to buy long sterling to hold until it becomes short, has been satisfied, but there is a steady inquiry to remit on West India and South American account, which absorbs all the bills that are offered. Doubtless some stocks have been sold here for European account and the proceeds remitted, but bankers who have opportunities for judging do not think there has been any considerable amount of that description, and do not look for liberal sales on foreign orders. On the contrary, they have some evidence that the inclination of European cap italists is to purchase rather than to sell. Some grain bills have been offered within a few days and more are expected, especially in case of a continued decline in wheat and corn, which it is believed cannot be prevented. The following shows relative prices of leading bonds and stocks in London and New York at the opening each day.

	Jan. 21.		Jan.	, 22,	Jan.	. 23.	Jan.	Jan. 24.		. 25.
	Lond'n		Lond'n				Lond'n prices.			
U.S.48,c.	124-20	124	123.71	123%	123.83	12334	123.83	12334	123:83	12334
U.S.4168.	114.42	11436	114.06	11436	114.06	11454	114.06	11414	114.06	11434
Erie		2476	24.91	25	25.12	2516	\$2.03	25	25.27	2554
2d cor.	66.83	881/6		89	89:39	891/6		88%		89
III. Cent.	136.43	135%	186.6	135	135 76	135	135.55	13514	136-29	136
N. Y. C.	111:78	1117/6	111'9	11138		11216				
Reading	27:38	14%	26.80	5394	\$6.98	5334	26.86	531/4	26.984	58%
Ont.W'n	10.77	101/2	10:9	11	11.45	111/2		1056		1134
St. Paul	86.30	85%	85.9	85%	86.5	861/8	86.46	861/9	87.44	8734
Can.Pac.	55:24	5634	54:4	57	55.44	5736	55'44:	571/6	55.68‡	5756
Exch'ge.	4.8	40	4	-8814	4.8	914	4.1	8814	41	8816

- *Expressed in their New York equivalent.
- Reading on basis of \$50, par value.
- : Ex-interest.

Money on call remains abundant, and mail advices report a liberal supply at interior points, amounting to an overflow at some cities, which will go towards increasing the plethora at this point. The following statement, made up from returns collected by us, exhibits the week's receipts and shipments of currency and gold by the New York banks.

Week Ending Jan. 25, 1884.	Received by N.Y. Banks.	Shipped by N.Y. Banks.	Net Interior Movement.
CurrencyGold		\$150,000	Gain \$2,185,000 Gain. 15,000
Total gold and legal tenders	\$2,300,000	\$150,000	Gain.\$2,150,000

The above shows the actual changes in the bank holdings of gold and currency caused by this movement to

and from the interior. In addition to that movement, the banks have lost \$100,000 through the operations of the Sub-Treasury. Adding that item therefore to the above, we have the following, which should indicate the total gain to the New York Clearing House banks of gold and currency for the week covered by the bank statement to be issued to day.

Week Ending Jan. 25, 1884.	Into Banks.	Out of Banks	Net Change in Bank Holdings.
Banks' Interior Movement, as above Sub-Treasury operations, net		\$150,000 100,000	Gain. \$2,150,000 Loss. 100,000
Total gold and legal tenders	\$2,300,000	\$250,000	Gain. \$2,050,000

Government bonds have fractionally declined during the week in the absence of demand. The market has been influenced to some extent by the indications that the scheme to allow an issue of currency by banks to the extent of 90 per cent of the market value of the bonds will fail.

The Bank of England return shows a gain of £156,000 bullion for the week. This represents £624,000 received from the interior and £468,000 exported. The discount rates on the Continent are higher than in London, and to this fact is due the recent drain of bullion. France is making preparations for a new loan, and her requirements are at the moment somewhat urgent, balances on deposit in London being withdrawn. The Bank of France reports a gain of 4,425,000 francs gold and of 3,750,000 francs silver for the week. The following indicates the amount of bullion in the principal European banks this week and at the corresponding date last year.

	Jan. 2	24, 1884.	Jan. 25, 1883.		
	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.	
	2	2	£	2	
Bank of England	21,656,381		21,807,705		
Bank of France	38,019,672	39,786,432	38,175,689	43,179,428	
Bank of Germany	7,200,250	21,600,750	7,618,000	22,854,000	
Total this week		61,387,182 61,237,332			

The Assay Office paid \$95,864 through the Sub-Treasury for domestic bullion during the week, and the Assistant Treasurer received the following from the Custom House.

		Consisting of-					
Pate.	Duties.	Gold.	U. S. Notes.	Gold Certif.	Silver Oer- tificates.		
Jan. 18	\$425,811 59	\$10,000	\$36,000	\$269,000	\$111,000		
. 19	351,303 76	12,000	24,000	210,000	106,000		
" 21	405,672 26	8,000	24,000	281,000	92,000		
" 22	730,344 60	22,000	56,000	485,000	168,000		
" 23	628,530 00	9,000	61,000	435,000	123,000		
" 24	398,094 93	7,000	37,000	281,000	73,000		
Total	\$2,939.757 14	\$ 63,00c	\$238,000	1.961,000	\$673.000		

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE EARNINGS AND INCOME.

To the other favorable statements of earnings and income for 1883 must now be added that of the Louisville & Nashville for the half year ended January 1, 1884. The leading features of this return are an increase of \$901,407 in gross earnings and of \$567,851 in net over the corresponding six months of 1882, the amount of the net being \$3,239,923. In addition, the company realized \$130,482 from other sources, making the total net income \$3,370,405. The charge for interest and rentals in this period was \$2,126,962, and \$170,000 had to be paid for taxes, deducting which there remains a net profit or surplus of \$1,073,443, equivalent to over 4 per cent on the 25 millions stock outstanding—an exhibit which will undoubtedly be regarded with much satisfaction by all

interested in the property, especially as in the same months of 1882 the surplus was only \$351,104, or less than 1½ per cent, and in the whole of the fiscal year 1882-3 was only \$722,697, or not quite three per cent.

As to the second-half of the current fiscal year, of course it is not likely that the result will be equally favorable. In the first six months the company had two circumstances in its favor, namely, the Louisville Exposition and a large cotton movement. In regard to the cotton traffic, a falling off during coming months, compared with a year ago, must be expected, since no part of this season's shortage in the yield appeared in the amount marketed up to the 1st of January; a smaller remnant of the crop than usual is therefore left for the balance of the season, and this will have to compare with January to June, 1883, when cotton receipts were heavy. Besides, it is perhaps fair to anticipate some adverse effect from the prevailing depression in business. Up to 1882-3, the first and second half of the company's fiscal year presented nearly like results. In 1882-3, however, there was considerable difference against the last six months, as the following table will show.

-	First Six Mos	July to Dec.	Second Six Mos.—Jan. to June.		
Years. Gross.		Net.	Gross.	Net.	
1880-81	\$5,434,134	\$2,187,812	\$5,477,517	\$2,010,707	
1881-82	5,866,846	2,241,050	6,120,899	2,317,324	
1882-83	6,860,534	2,672,072	6,374,382	2,463,248	
1883-84	7,761,941	3,239,923			

Here we see that in the second half of its year—that is, in the period from January to June—the company earned in 1882-3 half a million less in gross and \$200,000 less in net than in the first half of the year. For these reasons, the company will obviously be doing well if it earns as much the next six months as it did in the period from January to June in 1883. In support of this conclusion, we have the earnings for the weeks of January thus far clapsed, showing a loss of \$31,940 for the first week, \$38,840 for the second week, and \$20,740 for the third week, which though perhaps not a correct indication of what subsequent weeks will show, may yet be accepted as reflecting a less satisfactory state of business and as offering proof that the course of traffic is hardly likely to continue uninterruptedly upward.

But supposing that the outcome of the present six months will be the same as that of the corresponding six months of 1883, what then will be the exhibit for the current fiscal year? In these six months of 1883 the net earnings reached, it will be observed by the table above, \$2,463,248. How much should be added to this for receipts from miscellaneous sources we do not know, though we presume but little, as for the six months to January 1, 1884, \$130,482 was credited on that account, against only \$134,770 for the whole of the preceding fiscal year. The amount so realized was at one time much heavier, but the company a year or so ago adopted the policy of incorporating the bulk of these receipts in the monthly gross earnings, leaving comparatively little to be added at the end of the fiscal year. The gain over last year in the six months to the 1st of January is no doubt accounted for by the 2 per cent dividend paid last October on the \$6,670,000 stock of the Nashville Chattanooga & St. Louis Railroad, of which, as is known, the Louisville & Nashville holds a little over one-half. Assuming therefore that the total receipts from miscellaneous sources in the current half year will be the same as in the corresponding period of 1883-

and rentals, the amount is not likely to be mate. rially different from what it was in the half year to January 1, 1884—namely \$2,126,962—and the amount for taxes can also safely be placed at the same figure as then, \$170,000. Deducting the total of these two items from the \$2,525,000 net income, there would remain a surplus of about \$225,000 to be added to the surplus of \$1,073,443 given above for the first half of the fiscal year, making an aggregate surplus for the year 1883-4 of about \$1,300,000, or a little over of 5 per cent on the stock. Should traffic fall off decidedly from the corresponding period of 1883, this amount of course would be diminished. On the other hand, should there by any possibility be an increase in traffic-and it is to be remembered that in addition to less favorable traffic conditions the company has also to meet the element of increased competition, notably through the completion and opening of the New Orleans & Northeastern coadand should this increase in traffic bring with it a corresponding gain in the net earnings, the result would to that extent be more favorable than that here arrived

Still, a surplus of \$1,300,000—or for that matter a surplus no heavier than that already made (\$1,073,443) in the first half of the fiscal year, leaving the whole of the net earnings for the current half year for interest, rentals and taxes—can not be denominated otherwise than satisfactory. How much of the surplus will remain actually available for dividends to stockholders is of course less obvious. We can only say that in the previous fiscal year, when the surplus amounted to \$722,697, \$397,481 was applied in payment of sinking funds and \$250,065 was expended for new construction.

GOLD AND SILVER SUPPLY AND DISTRIBU-TION.

Increasing importance is attached to information respecting gold and silver production and distribution, and that is leading to closer investigation and more accurate results. A special impulse was given in 1876 to inquiries of this nature, when the Parliamentary Committee made its report. Since then, from year to year we have attempted to bring down to a later date the information that report contained, adding such new facts as could be procured. To-day we give the results of further investigation we have made, and think the statements below, showing the present stock and distribution of the precious metals, will be found especially useful.

The first point that attracts attention is the constant, though small, decrease in the new supply of gold which is observable in the reports from the sources of production. We have this week received the annual statement of Mr. Valentine, of Messrs. Wells, Fargo & Co., of the yield of gold and silver in the portion of the United States west of the Missouri River, which illustrates that tendency so far as the contribution of this country is concerned. His total figures since 1880 are as follows.

Calendar Year.	British Col- umb		west of the	The Net Products of the States and Territories west of the Missouri Riv r, exclusive of British Columbia and West Coast of Mexico.				
umbia and Mexico.	Mexico.	Lead.	Copper.	Silver.	Gald.			
1880	\$80,167,936	\$77,232,512	\$5,742,390	\$898,000	138,033,055	\$32,559,067		
1881	84,504,417	81,198,474	6,361,902	1,195,000	42,987,613	30,653,959		
1882	92,411,835	89,207,549	8,008,155	4,055,037	48,123,039	20,011,318		
1883	90,313,612	84,639,212	8,163,550	5,653,921	42,975,101	27,816,640		

be the same as in the corresponding period of 1883—
say \$62,000—the net income for the half year would including British Columbia and west coast of Mexico,) Mr. be \$2,525,000. As to the charge for interest Valentine divides as below between gold, silver, &c.

Gold	3236 ₁₀₀ per cent.	\$29,260,492
Silver	5230 ₁₀₀ per cent.	47,229,649
Copper	630 ₁₀₀ per cent.	5,683,921
Lead	904 ₁₀₀ per cent.	8,163,550
Total		\$92,313,612

Formerly these records, made up from returns of transportation companies, differed quite widely from the Mint reports. Of late years they have been much more nearly in accord. Last year's Mint report of gold production for the whole United States reached only 34 millions more, and the silver 14 millions less, than Mr. Valentine's figures for the States and Territories west of the Missouri River during the same year. Such small differences as those stated are possible, and yet the aggregate of both reports be very nearly correct, since there is a small amount of gold produced in the Atlantic States which Mr. Valentine does not include, and furthermore in refining the silver ore, it is not improbable that gold may have been found in excess of Mr. Valentine's estimate. That the reader may have the details of the late Mint figures, we give below Mr. Burchard's reports for the last two years.

States and	1881.			1882.			
Territories.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.	
	8	8	*	8	8	*	
Alaska	15,000		15,000	150,000		150,000	
Arizona	1,060,000	7,300,000	8,360,000	1,065,000	7,500,000	8,565,000	
California	18,200,000	750,000	18,950,000	16,890,000	845,000	17,645,000	
Colorado	3,300,000	17,160,000	20,460,000	3,360,000	16,500,000	19,860,000	
Dakota	4,000,000	70,000	4,010,000	3,300,000	175,000	3,475,000	
Georgia	125,000		125,000	250,000		250,000	
Idaho	1,700,000	1,300,000	3,000,000	1,500,000	2,000,000	3,500,000	
Maine		5,000	5,000				
Montana	2,330,000	2,630,000	4,960,000	2,550,000	4,370,000	6,920,000	
Nevada	2,250,000	7,060,000	9,310,000	2,000,000	6,750,000	8,750,000	
New Mexico.	185,000	275,000	460,000	150,000	1,800,000	1,950,000	
No. Carolina	115,000		115,000	190,000	25,000	215,000	
Oregon	1,100,000	50,000	1,150,000	830,000	35,000,	865,000	
So. Carolina.	35,000		35,000	25,000		25,000	
Tennessee	5,000		5,000				
Utah	145,000	6,400,000	6,545,000	190,000	6,800,000	6,990,000	
Virginia	10,000		10,000	15,000		15,000	
Washington.	120,000		120,000	120,000		120,000	
Wyoming	5,000		5,000	5,000		5,000	
Total	34,700,000	43,000,000	77,700,000	32,500,000	46,800,000	79,300,000	

In the Mint report presented to Congress on the first of December it is stated "that the production of gold in the "calendar year 1883 will probably be at least a half mil-"lion less than that of the previous year." Mr. Valentine, it will be seen, finds that the yield of that metal in the territory covered by his report has been \$1,200,000 less than in 1882. Allowing that about this same loss will appear in the Mint returns, when they are made up, which is probable, the total gold production of the year has reached say about 311 millions, against 321 millions in 1882 and 344 millions in 1831. As to the silver yield, Mr. Valentine shows a decrease of over 5 millions; from the estimates in the Mint report it would seem as if its returns of silver when compiled would indicate a larger result.

Turning now to the yield of the mines in other coun. tries, we find the same tendency which our own mines show, to a lower total for the output of gold. remark needs qualification in the case of Australasia; that is to say, since the large decrease which was so marked in those colonies down to 1878, the total product seems to have been quite constant. In Victoria, however, there is a steady recovery in the output since 1879, and there is also a small increase in Queensland, but a considerable falling off in the supply from other sources has kept the total for Australia at about 6 million pounds sterling for five years. We have taken great pains to revise our figures of gold production for those colonies. It has been a work of much difficulty, as there is no little variation in some of the reports we have obtained. The figures which represent Queensland, for instance, we have found it impossible to reconcile. We are not, there-

fore, wholly satisfied with our results, and shall pursue the matter further, giving the details at present only as far back as 1877, which are probably very nearly, if notwholly, accurate.

GOLD PRODUCTION IN AUSTRALASIA. ?

Colonies.	1877.	1878.	1879.	1880.	1831.	1882.
	£	£	£.	£	£	3
Victoria	3,116,664	2,918,454	2,921,945	3,310,000	3,445,942	3,467,086
New Zealand	1,478,520	1,245,790	1,093,789	1,220,263	1,112,231	921,664
Queensland .	1,807,080	1,218,410	1,188,123	701,618	812,390	901,830
N. So. Wales	424,390	509,268	465,460	434,641	461,309	495,989
Tasmania	161,311	181,200	251,202	201,297	192,524	160,910
So. Australia	40,000	40,000	48,000	46,000	45,000	42,000
W. Australia			********			
Total	7,027,965	6,113,122	5,983,519	5,913,819	6,069,396	5,989,479

Better methods of mining are probably the reason for the increase in the production in Victoria. Of course a chief cause of the loss in all the colonies was the near exhaustion of the alluvial gold deposits; but another influence coupled with it was the profitableness, and therefore attractiveness, of agricultural pursuits. An illustration of the tendency in this latter particular is seen in the fact that the number of sheep in Queens. land in 1876 was 7,315,074 and the number of cattle 2,079,979, while in 1882 the sheep had increased to 12,043,-893 and the cattle to 4,318,839. Still, those familiar with mining interests in Australasia seem to anticipate some recovery hereafter in gold production there.

With regard to the yield of Russian mines and those of other countries, we have secured but few new facts. Bringing forward our totals, therefore, of former years, and revising them so far as late returns authorize us to do so, we have the following as the world's gold production since 1857, the sources of our information being stated at the bottom of the table.

	1	2	3	4	5
	Production	Production	Production	Production	Total
Gold.	in	in U. States	in	of Other	Production
	Australia.	!(Mint esti-	Russia.	Countries	in World.
	Austratia.	male.)	masia.	Countries	in norta.
	£	£	£	£	£
857		11,000,000	3,549.000	2.500,000	29,145,000
818		10,000,000	3,454.000	2,500,000	28,716,000
859		10,000,000	3,156,000	2,500,000	24,512,000
8:0			3, 53,000	2,500,000	26,591,000
861			2,980,000	2,500,000	26,715,000
fotal '57-61.	62,192,000	48,800,000	16,192,000	12,500,000	139,684.000
000	10,000,000	7.010.030	0.000,000	0.500.000	00.000.000
862				2,500,030	
863	13,003,000			2,500,000	26,491,000
864			2.862,000		26,286,000
865		10,645 000	3,227,0 0	2,500,000	28,177,000
866	12,529,000	10,750,000	3,397,000	2,500,000	29,1:6,000
Cotal '62-66.	61,994,000	46,385,000	15,464,000	12,500,000	136,343,000
867	10,583,000	10,345,0 0	3,377,000	2.500,000	26,805,000
868		9.600,000	3,503 000	2,500 000	26,654,000
869		9,900,000	4,108,000	2.500 000	27,890,000
870	9.237,000		4,414,000	2.500,000	26,151,000
871	9,605,000	8,700,000	4,913,000	2,500,000	
rotal '67-71.	51,858,000	48,545,000	20,315,000	12,500,000	133,218,000
872	8,841,000	7,200,000	4,771,000	2,500,000	23,312,000
573		7.200,000	*4,500,000	2,500,000	24,809,000
874			4,035.000	2,500,000	22,785,000
875	8,250,000	8,000.000		2,500,000	23,250,000
876	7,243,000	9,670,000	4,500,000		23,913,000
Total '72-76.	43,193,000	40,070,000	22 306 000	12,500,000	118,069,000
877	7,027,965	9.690,000	5.625,000	2,232,000	24.574.965
878				2,246,000	24,724,122
879			5.899,000	2.596,000	22,500,519
880	5 913,-19		5,899,660	2.711.000	
881			5,899,000	2,767,000	21,894,396
Cotal '77-81.	31,692,821	42,906,500	29,107,000	12,552,000	115,657,821
882	5,989 479	6,504,000	5.710.200	2.720,000	20,923,679
883	5,989,479				

*Estimated.

*Estimated.

*Estimated.

Note.—The figures in Column 1 for the first ten years are nel exports taken from the Statistical Abstract for the Coloni's added to the total column of the Sydney Mint; for next five years they are the net exports added to three-fourths of the column of the Sydney Mint; from 1872 (when the Melbourne Mint was opened) to 1876 we add to the net exports about 14 million pounds sterling for amount kept for circulation and consumption. This mode of reaching production is the same in substance as adopted by the Silver Committee of the House of Commons in 1876, and seems more reliable in result than the gross estimates which have been made. For subsequent years we have revised our figures to conform to the returns published above.

The figures in Column 2 are (down to and including 1874) the Mintestimat as sent to the Parliamentary Silver Commistee in 1876. Since that date they are taken from the annual Miat report.

The figures in Column 3 and 4 down to and including 1875) are from information supplied to the Parliamentary Silver Commission. Since that date they are the figures obtained by Mr. Burchard of the United States Mint.

The foregoing shows that the annual new supply is now reduced to about $20\frac{1}{2}$ million pounds sterling.

But the most important point in connection with this inquiry is the extent of the stock which is available for commerce. We have not the space now to discuss the annual distribution of the new supply, except to state that the demands of Europe are increasing while the contribution it is receiving from the mines can hardly exceed, its consumption in the arts and manufactures. The most recent draft made for currency purposes was by Italy, that State having on the 12th of last April brought its currency up to the gold standard. Another similar instance, smaller in the extent of its needs, but of interest in this connection, is the Argentine Republic, which, we presume, on the first of January, 1884, entered upon its new currency system. Under the national decree of November 5, 1831, its use was made obligatory upon all, as soon as eight million dollars in gold and four million in silver were coined. It is called a bi-metallic system, but in the present condition of silver currency that means a currency with a gold basis.

The important inquiry then is, what portion of the old stock can the commercial nations of the world depend upon for their uses. Gold hidden in India or in China is of very little service. So also the portion that is in the hands of the people is mainly out of reach, so far as external commerce is concerned. This is not strictly true of France or of Great Britain, but it is true of the United States and of most other nations. Consequently, the amount in bank and public treasury must substantially be taken as the stock available for commerce. And this is the reason why industrial enterprise in Europe is to day everywhere restrained by the fear of a short supply of gold. A rise in the money markets of London, Paris or Berlin is not, as formerly, an evidence of over-trading or of an enlarged industrial demand for capital, but is simply a notice that the nation's gold reserve is in danger.

The importance of this point has led us to prepare the following table. It shows the two remarkable facts-First, that after inventorying the entire stock of gold held in bank and Government Treasury throughout the whole world, we can only find about 229 millions sterling in sight. This includes the reserve for domestic currencies, for Government requirements, for international commerce, and for supplying the wants of new countries desiring to adopt a gold standard.

Second-The world's total supply of gold (including both what is in sight and in the hands of the people) and accepting in all cases pretty high estimates, appears to be a little less than the production given in a previous table from 1857 to the present date.

In the light of these facts and of the known sensitive ness of the money markets of Europe under a fear of losing gold, we would once more suggest to the monometallists whether it is not wise to attempt to devise a way in which silver can be made useful again.

The table is as follows, the sources of our information being also given below.

	Held by Banks and Treasury.		Held by th	he People.	Totals.		
	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	Silver.	
	£	£	£ £		£	3	
Gt. Britain	38,000,000		85,000,000	19,300,000	121,000,000	19,300,000	
France	38,022,138	89,838,795	137,977,864	84,161,205	176,000,000	124,000,000	
Germany	17,200,000	18,135,000	59,800,000	26,165,000	77,000,000	44,300,000	
Italy	24,690,000	10,000,000	3,200,000	2,000,000	27,890,000	12,000,000	
Belgium	3,112,000	778,000	10,000,000	8,000,000	13,112,000	8,778,000	
Holland	1,970,000	7,769,000		5,000,000	1,970,000	12,769,000	
Austria	7,862,000	12,175,000	6,000,000	15,000,000	13,862,000	27,175,000	
Russia	30,494,000	1,556,000	15,000,000	1,000,000	45,494,000	2,556,006	
Rest of Eu-						,,	
rope			46,000,000	28,000,000	46,000,000	28,000,000	
Tot. Europe.	159.350.138	90.251.795	362,977,864	188 898 205	599 328 000	279 579 000	

*	Held by Banks and Treasury.		Held by t	he People.	Totals.		
	Gold.	Silver.	Gold.	S.lver.	Gold.	Silver.	
	£	£	2	£	2	£	
Australasia .	10,310,000	580,000	8,000,000	1,000,000	18,310,000	1,580,000	
India		18,000,000		172,000,000		190,000,000	
China & the							
East	3,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	123,000,000	5,000,000	125,000,000	
Tot. East, &c.	13,310,000	20,580,000	10,060,000	296,000,000	23,310,000	316,580,000	
U. States	54,635,823	31,586,000	58,364,177	16,954,000	113,000,000	48,540,000	
Canada	1,316,000	100,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	3,316,000	2,100,000	
So. America,							
Mexico,							
Cub , &c	1,000,000	500,000	12,000,000	9,500,000	13,000,000	10,000,000	
Tot.America	58,951,823	32,186,000	72,864,177	28,454,000	129,316,000	60,640,000	
Recapi''lat'n					•		
Tot. Europe.	159,350,186	90,251,795	362,977,864	188,626,205	532,328,000	278,878,000	
Tot. East, &c.	13,310,000		10,000,000	296,000,000	23,310,000	316,580,000	
Tot. America	56,951,823	32,186,000	72,361,177	28,454,000	129,316,000	60,640,000	
Grand total.	229,611,959	143,017,795	445,342,041	513,080,205	674,954,000	656,098,000	

Grand total. 1229.611,939.143.017.705 445.342.041513.030,205 674,954,000630.089,000

GREAT BRITAIN.—The C-tinage Committee of the London Institute of Bankers reported June 6, 1883 (see Journal of Institute of Bankers, June, 1883 page 360), that £25.000.000 gold c-tin was held by B-nks of England. Irel and and S-catand April 30. The Bank of England also neid at that time £21,000,000 bullion. As that committee's figures were intended to be the average holdings we use them here.

The gold in people's hands is obtained by deducting the bank holdings from the total gold in Great Britain. The last estimate of total gold in Great Britain was tast given in the interesting paper read before the Institute of Bankers by R. H. Ingils Palgrave, Esq., F. R. S. February 21, 883. He assumes as an outside limit that the gold circulation is £0.000 000 severeigns and £20,000,000 half sove.eigns. To that we add the £11,000.000 polition as the average bullion holding of Bank of England, to make the total £210,00,000 gold cots and bullion in Great Britain.

France.—The Bank hold ags are from the Bank returns of January 3, 1884. For the total gold and sliver in France we have made our figures from the sixth edition of "Arbitrages and Parities" by M. Ottomar Haupt. Silver includes fractional silver in this and in all cases.

Cases.

Gernany.—For amount in Bank and in hands of the prople we give the figures from the Deutsches Handelsbtatt. They were made up by that journal for the close of 1892. In Bank includes not only the amounts in the Bank of Germany at that date, but also in other banks and public institutions.

ITALY.—For amount of gold in hands of people and for all the holdings of silver we take the figures from the London Economist of January 13, 1883, page 13. The remaining items of gold were the reported condition of the Treasury, &c., about the 12th of April, when specie payments were resumed.

of silver we take the figures from the London Economist of January 13.1-83, page 13. The remaining items of gold were the reported condition of the Treasury, &c., about the 12th of April, when specie payments were resumed.

Belgium.—We have seen no recent return of the proportions of gold and silver in the reserve of the Bank of Belgium. Two years since it was made up of about 80 per cent gold and 20 per cent silver. We have divided this item, "coin and bullion," in the Bank return of the December 27, 1883, on that basis.

Holland.—Bank returns are of December 29, 1883. The gold in the hands of the people must be very small—not sufficient to make a record of it important. The purchasing power of silver is equal to gold for internal purposes, and consequently silver is the currency and gold flows out. For late explanation of the monetary situation in Holland see London Economist. September 23, 1883. page 1,132. Austria.—For amount in Bank and Treasury we have no figures except the returns of the Austro-Hungarian Bank, and those we give for December 22, 1883.

Russia.—According to M. Ottomar Hampt the returns of the Imperial Bank of Russia in March. 1-83, showed a stock of gold and silver amounting to 206,000,000 roubles "of which only a small part was silver." In the report of the special committee of Parliament in 18-76 on "Depreciation of Silver," are the returns from 18-65 to 1876 inclusive, the totals for the latter year being 207,630,000 gold and 29,370,000 silver. During the past three years the net exports of gold have been very heavy, but have not apparently entrenched materially upon the Bank reserve since the stock of the Bank in 18-83 was considerably larger than in 18-2. Besides, as the mintage of silver has for years been almost nominal, it is presumable that the portion of silver in the reserve is small,—perhaps as small as in 18-72 and 18-73, when it was only 5,663,000 the former year and 6,990,000 the latter year. In the above, however, we estimate the silver at 10,000,000 roubles. The stock outs

60 million roubles the past year, notwithstanding the large net export, it would seem as if there must be a considerable stock in reserve.

"REST OF ECROPE."—All other European countries are covered by this heading (except Turkey), and for them we use the figures of M. Ottomar Haupt, which seem to agree very nearly in their total with the estimate of Mr. Ernest Seyd made in 1870; the details are as follows in frances: Greece. (I o millions gold and 28 millions silver; Switzerland, 60 millions gold and 5 millions silver; Switzerland, 60 millions silver; I optimark. 76 millions gold and 25 millions silver; Sweden, 56 millions gold and 1:32 millions gold and 6 millions gold and 1:32 millions silver; Norway, 39 millions gold and 6 millions silver; Portugal, 43 millions gold and 48-5 millions silver. Total of foregoing is of gold 1,144 million frances, or 28 millions pounds sterling, and of silver of 633 million frances, or 28 million pounds sterling.

INDIA.—Colonel Henry Hyde. Formerly Director of the Mint at Calcutta on his examination before the Parliamentary Committee in 1876, estimated the silver co.n in circulation in India at £166,315,000. At the same time he presented a detailed statement showing the surplus imports of silver over exports from 1835 to that date the total being £200,019,705. Also the total colnage for same period at £13,:11,429. If the amount of gold head there in various forms, but we make no attempt to estimate it.

UN:TED STATES.—See Commercial and Financial Chronicle of December 1, 1883, page 576.

TED STATES. See COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL CHRONICLE of December 1, 1883, page 576.

COTTON SUPPLY AND CONSUMPTION IN EUROPE.

We have received by cable to-day the particulars of Mr. Ellison's annual cotton review for 1883, issued this week. The actual results during the calendar year are seen in the following summary in bales of 400 pounds each.

SPINNERS' TAKINGS, CONSUMPTION AND STOCKS IN 1883.

In 400 ths. bales.	Great Britain.	Continent.	Total.
Stocks January 1, 1883 Takings	67,000 3,822,000	181,000 3,593,000	248,000 7.415,000
Supply Consumption	3.889,000 3,783,000	3,774,000 3,489,000	7,663,000 7,272,000
Stock January 1, 1884	100,000	285,000	391,000
Weekly consumption	72,750	67,096	139,846

As to supply and spinners' requirements from January 1, 1884, to October 1st, Mr. Ellison makes his customary estimate. In doing so he assumes that the American crop will turn out as reported by the Agricultural Department. On that basis he reaches a total supply of 6,361,000 bales. The consumption he states at about 137,000 bales per week, 5,362,000, leaving the stock on the 30th of next September in ports and at mills 999,000 bales. These estimates of course are in bales of ordinary weights. Stated in our usual form his conclusions are as follows:

From January 1 to October 1, 1884.	Bales.
Supply from all sources, including mill and port stocks December 31, 1883	6,361,000 5,362,000
Leaving stocks at ports and mills Sept. 30, 1884	999,000

As to movement during December, and for the three months of the year since last October, we have only room to present the usual figures. Spinners' takings in actual bales and pounds have been as follows.

From Oct. 1 to Jan. 1.	Great Britain.	Continent.	Total.
For 1883-84. Takings by spinnersbales Average weight of bales Takings in pounds	428	74.6,000 435 324,510,000	1,641,000 431 707,570,000
For 1882-83. Takings by spinnersbales Average weight of bales Takings in pounds	435	802,500 432 346,680,000	1,649,910 433 5 715,303,350

According to the above, the average weight of the de liveries in Great Britain is 428 pounds per bale to January 1, against 435 pounds per bale during the same time last season. The Continental deliveries average 435 pounds, against 432 pounds last year, and for the whole of Europe the deliveries average 431 pounds per bale, against 433½ pounds during the same period last season. In the following table we give the stock held by the mills, their takings and their consumption, each month since October 1, all reduced to bales of 400 pounds each for this season and last season. It is a very convenient and useful summary.

Oct. 1 to Jan. 1.		1883-84		1892-83.			
Bales of 400 lbs. each. 000s omitted.	Great Britain.	Conti- nent.	Total.	Great Britain.	Conti- nent.	Total.	
Spinners' stock Oct 1.	98,	344,	442,	82,	134,	216,	
Takings in October	323,	176,	499,	233,	149,	382,	
Total supply	421,	520,	941,	315,	283,	598,	
Consump. Oct., 4 wks.	292,	268.	560,	288,	252,	540,	
Spinners' stock Nov. 1	129,	252,	381,	27,	31,	58,	
Takings in November	386,	335,	721,	387,	320,	707,	
Total supply	515,	587,	1,102,	414,	351,	765,	
Consump. Nov., 5 wks.	365,	335,	700,	360,	315,	675,	
Spinners' stock Dec. 1		252,	402,	54,	36,	90,	
Takings in December.		301,	549,	301,	397,	698,	
Total supply Consump. Dec., 4 wks.		553, 2(8,	951, 560,	355, 288,	433,	788. 540.	
Spinners' stock Jan. 1	106,	2-5,	391,	67,	181.	248.	

The comparison with last year is made more striking by bringing together the above totals and adding the average weekly consumption up to this time for the two years.

Oct. 1 to Jan. 1.		1883-84.			1882-83.		
Bales of 400 lbs. each. 000s omitted.	Great Britain	Conti- nent.	Total.	Great Britain	Conti- nent.	Total.	
Spinners' stock Oct. 1. Takings to Jan. 1	98, 957,	344, 812,	442. 1,769,	82, 921,	134, 866,	216, 1,787,	
Supply Consumpt'n 13 weeks	1,055, 949,	1,156, 871,	2,211, 1,820,	1,003, 936,	1,000, 819,	2,003, 1,755,	
Spinners' stock Jan. 1.	106,	285,	391,	67,	181,	248,	
Weekly Consumption. 00s omitted.	-						
In October	73,0	67,0	140,0	72,0	63,0	135,0	
In November	73,0	67.0	140,0	72,0	63,0	135,0	
In December	73,0	67,0	140,0	72,0	63,0	135.0	

The foregoing shows that the weekly consumption in Europe is still 140,000 bales of 400 pounds each, against 135,000 bales of the same weight at the corresponding time last year. The total spinners' stocks in Great Britain and on the Continent show a slight decrease from the stocks at the same time last month, but continue larger than at the same date of last season, the combined excess being 143,000 bales.

THE SOUDAN AND "CHINESE" GORDON.

The resolution come to by the British Government to abandon the Soudan has not had the effect of lessening public interest in Egyptian affairs. The opinions which we have repeatedly expressed in these pages regarding the policy of the Gladstone Administration in Egypt have been abundantly justified by events. There is but little, if any, evidence to show that when the evacuation was first resolved upon, any active assistance on the part of the British Government was contemplated. It seems to have been the opinion of the more prominent British officials that all that it was necessary to do in the premises was simply to recall the Egyptian troops. The fact seems to have been overlooked that in Khartoum, Senaar, and the other cities to the South, there was a large mixed population, including Egyptians from the Lower Country, French, Italians, Austrians and Germans, who could not be left to their fate; and the actual difficulty connected with the removing of the troops themselves seems to have been greatly under-rated.

Of this, however, there appears now to be no longer any doubt, that the evacuation, probably with some qualifications, is to be carried out. The new aspect of the situation is the appointment of "Chinese" Gordon to the supreme command of the forces entrusted with the execution of this scheme. Colonel Gordon's views in regard to the Soudan are no secret to the newspaper reader. From the first he has been distinct and positive in his utterances on the subject. He has been willing to admit that in the circumstances it was necessary to abandon the provinces of Darfur and Kordofan; but he has not changed his opinion that great danger would be attended with the giving up of that section of the Soudan which lies to the east of the White Nile. His opinions have also been decided as to the method to be adopted. There are Egyptian garrisons at Khartoum, in Darfur, in Bahr-Gazelle, and in Gondokoro. If these are not to be sacrificed, it will be necessary to defend Khartoum at all hazard. In his opinion, no other course is to be thought of. Gordon is not a man who speaks without knowledge, nor does he change his opinions without cause. His appointment to take charge at this juncture, we now learn, is the result of an understanding come to by Baker and Gordon. Sir Samuel very properly condemns the policy of the Government, and although not without hope, is of the opinion that the change comes almost too late. In his own terse language, it is like bringing the fire brigade when the building has been consumed.

But who is "Chinese" Gordon? What have been his facilities for acquiring correct information regarding the Soudan? and what fitness has he for the executing of the admittedly difficult task entrusted to him? These are questions which many are now asking. The answering of the first question will involve the answers to the other two. Gordon is of Scottish stock, his ancestors having fought for the Pretender at Culloden. His family has for generations been connected with the army. He was educated at Taunton and at the Royal Military Academy at Woolwich; and on his leaving Woolwich in 1884.

for service as an officer of engineers, he was ordered to Pembroke. In the same year he was ordered to Corfu; but before he had set out for the Ionian Island he received counter instructions to start for the Crimea. When the Crimean war was ended, he was put on the staff of Major Stanton to help in the work of laying down the new fron tiers of Russia, Turkey and Roumania. It was not, however, till later, that Gordor found his real sphere of activity. From 1860 to the end of 1864 he was in China; and his name is inseparably associated with the putting down of the Taeping rebellion. His history during this period reads like a wild romance. He organized an army such as China had never known before; and such was the faith of that army in its chief, and such was its success, that it acquired the title of the Ever-Victorious Army. Under Gordon it marched from victory to victory, until finally it crushed out rebellion, and restored at once the unity of the empire and the imperial authority.

In China, Gordon won the good opinion of the world, and to day China is stronger for the example he gave and the lesson he taught her. In 1874 Gordon took service with Ismail Pasha in Egypt, and succeeded Sir Samuel Baker as Governor of the tribes in Upper Egypt. His career in Egypt, although it was characterized by less actual fighting, is even more interesting than his career in China. He carried on and extended the work which Baker had begun, made his name and that of the Khedive respected by all the tribes and by all the neighboring States. He abolished slavery; and, difficult as was the task, he compelled the slave-dealers to respect the law. He was beloved by the people and was spoken of by them as the "Little Khedive." On the appointment of the Marquis of Ripon in 1879 as Governor-General of India, Gordon accepted an appointment under him; but he did not remain in India. He has since been in China, and it is known that his advice was taken in regard to the army. Latterly he has spent some time in Palestine, having become deeply interested in the Jordan Canal. And, as is well known, when the present command was given him, he had just been requested by the King of the Belgians to take command of an expedition on the Congo. Gordon is a soldier of the Cromwell stamp. He carries his religion with him wherever he goes.

Such is the man who has been called to the difficult task of carrying out his government's orders with regard to the evacuation of the Soudan. He is to work in connection with, and to be in a certain sense subject to, Sir Evelyn Baring. It remains to be seen whether Gordon's influence with the black tribes has not died out during his absence, and how far their feelings for the foreigner and for the Khedive have been affected by the success of Ei Mahdi. Of his personal fitness for the task he has undertaken there can be no two opinions; but much depends on the feeling of the tribes, on the liberty allowed him, and on the support which he may receive.

Toledo Cincinnati & St. Louis.—At Chicago, January 19. Judge Drummond, in the United States Circuit Court, entered a decree authorizing the receiver of the Toledo Cincinnati & St. Louis Railroad Company to issue receiver's certificates, bearing six per cent interest, to the amount of \$110,000, to pay the amount due for the construction of that portion of the road between Kokomo and East St. Louis. This perfects the title, the bondholders' certificates remaining the first lien on that portion of the road by the road between the two cities named.

Monetary Commercial English News

RATES OF EXCHANGE AT LONDON AND ON LONDON
AT LATEST DATES.

EXCHANGI	EATLO	NDON-Jan. 11.	EXCHANGE ON LONDON.				
On-	Time.	Rate.	Latest Date.		Time.	Rate.	
Amsterdam . Amsterdam . Berlin	Short. 3 mos.	12·2 @12·3 12·4 ¹ 4 @12·4 ³ 4 20·58 @20·62	Jan.	10		12·10 20·38 ¹ 9	
Frankfort Vienna Autwerp	**	20.58 @20.62 12.224@12.274 25 424 @25.48%	Jan.	10 10 10	**	20.3812 12.01 25.21	
Paris	Checks	25 38 % @ 25 43 % 25 17 12 @ 25 22 42	Jan.	10	Checks 3 mos.	25.171_{2} 25.19	
t Petersb'g Jenea Madrid	41	22% #2178 25:45 #25:50	Jan.			239 ₁₆	
Cadiz Lisbon Alexandria		454 &461g 517g #52	Jan.			52 115 ₁₆	
Constant'ple New York Bombay			Jan.		1 181.	109-87 4-864 18, 74 d.	
Calcutta Hong Kong	"	18. 7 lgd.	Jan. Jan.	10	- 408.	18. 734d. 38. 812d.	
shanghai			Jan.	10	44	5s. 1 ½d.	

[From our own correspondent.]

London, Saturday, Jan. 12, 1884.

The value of money, as anticipated, has been declining during the week, and both the rates of interest for loans and the quotations for discount have receded to a low point; in fact short loans are procurable at 1½ to 1½ per cent, while the rate of discount for three months' bills is only 2 to 2½ per cent. The ease of the money market has revived the discussion by the discount houses as to the expediency of lowering the rates of interest for deposits, and, after some hesitation, a reduction of ½ per cent has been made. So small a change has not commended itself greatly, as either a reduction of one-half per cent or no alteration at all would have been more acceptable.

Present appearances are not favorable to a revival of buoyancy in monetary circles. The business of the new year has been disappointing, and the mercantile community are not very sanguine about the future. The state of the wheat trade and the strikes in a portion of the cotton districts are causes for anxiety, and merchants prefer to trade much in the same manner as they did last year, viz., with the greatest caution. The supplies of food and of manufactured goods in existence in this country are very large, and difficulty is experienced in effecting a reduction in them. Sales have in consequence to be made at low and unremunerative prices, and there seems to be no chance of immediate improvement. If, however, this condition of things is disastrous to the producer and manufacturer. it must be productive of some advantage to consumers, as the cost of living is much reduced; but this feature, together with the fact that the money market is very easy, fails to exercise the beneficial influence usually expected of it.

But it does not follow that because money is quoted at only 2 to 2½ per cent for discounts many participate in that advantage. The rate is low because fine bills are a scarce commodity, and are eagerly sought after by the banks and discount houses. The majority of bills now undergo a keen scrutiny before they are discounted, and many are refused. The confidence existing is not great, and cheap money is more frequently brought about by the indisposition which capitalists show to lend, except upon the best securities.

This week's Bank return shows that the dividends on the public funds have been distributed, and that loans to a considerable amount have been repaid the Bank. There has been a small increase, viz., of £45,016, in the supply of bullion; but as the Bank had exported £211,000 during the week, a moderate quantity of coin has been returned from provincial circulation during the week. There is a trifling decline in the note circulation, and there is an increase of £51,986 in the total reserve. The supply of gold now amounts to £21,482,381, against £20,617,688, and the total reserve to £11,622,681, against £10,474,478 last year. The proportion of reserve to liabilities is 36:49 per cent, against 34:11 per cent last week and 37:71 per cent in 1883.

The following are the quotations for money and the interest allowed by the discount houses to-day and same day of the previous five weeks:

1	e.	1	Open market rates.							s by		
London	k rate.	1	Bank Bills. Trade Bills.					Bank Bills.		Joint	Disc'	t H'ses
	Three	Four Months	Six Months	Three Months	Four Months	Six Months	Stock Banks.	At Call.	7 to 14 Days.			
Dec. 7 14 21 28 7	33333	214@ 234@ 234@ 234@ 234@	2560 — 2346276 2346 — 2346 — 2366 —	2746 3 6 3 6 2746	234@3 3 @314 3 @314 3 @314 24@3	3 @316	34@34	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	22222	214-214 214-214 214-214 214-214 214-214		
Jan. 4	3	246	214@236	298@ -	2 663	234@314	3 @314	2	134	2 -2		

Annexed is a statement showing the present position of the Bank of England, the Bank rate of discount, the price of consols, the average quotation for English wheat, the price of middling upland cotton, of No. 40 mule twist, fair 2d quality. and the Clearing House return for the past week, compared with previous years:

MICE Provided John				
-	1884.	1853.	1882.	1881.
	£	£	£	£
Circulation	25,609,700	25,893,210	25,937,385	26,548.695
Public deposits	5,319,931	4,532,514	4,299,749	5,762,123
Other deposits	26,341,466	23,038,320	24,737,807	25,338,715
Governm't securities.	14,954,835	13,775,807	14,811,986	15,253,300
Other securities	23,108,428	21,406,828	22,294,192	20,825,094
Res've of notes & coin	11,622,681	10,474,478	10,074,789	12,578,294
Coin and bullion in				
both departments	21,482,381	20,617,688	20,262,174	24,126,989
Proportion of reserve				
to liabilities	36.49	37.71	3458	4078
Bank rate	3 p. c.	5 p. c.	5 p. c.	319 p. c.
Consols	101381.	10118 L	100 14d.	98584.
Eng. wheat, av. price	39s. 0d.	40s. 11d.	44s. 9d.	43s. 4d.
Mid. Upland cotton	5151ed.	51118d.	611 18d.	65ad.
No. 40 mule twist	9 ad.	10d.	103 d.	103 d.
Clearing-House ret'n.	113,933,000	117,681,000	119,391,000	161,622,000

The Bank rate of discount and open market rates at the chief Continental cities now and for the previous three weeks have been as follows:

Rates of Interest at	Jan. 10.		Jan. 3.		Dec. 27.		Dec. 20.	
	Bank Rate.	Open Market	Bank Rate.	Open Market	Bank Rate.	Open Market	Bank Rate.	Open Market
Paris	3	236	3	256	3	23/8	3	254
Berlin	4	23/4	4	314	4	334	4	336
Frankfort	-	314	-	316	_	334		356
Hamburg	-	27/4	-	336	-	85%	-	336
Amsterdam	336	314	31/6	31/4	316	316	316	31/4
Brussels	316	314	316	314	336	314	316	314
Madrid	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Vienna	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
St. Petersburg	8	6	8	614	6	634	8	634

In reference to the state of the bullion market during the past week, Messrs. Pixley & Abell remark:

Gold—A steady demand for gold has absorbed all the arrivals, with the exception of £9,000 sovereigns, which have been sent to the Bank; on the other hand, there has been a large withdrawal of this coin for transmission to South America, Egypt, &c., the total taken being £220,000. We have received £10,200 from New Zealand and £8,700 from Australia. The Peninsular & Oriental steamer has taken £25,000 to Egypt and Bombay.

\$220,000. We have received £10,200 from New Zealand and £8,700 from Australia. The Peninsular & Oriental steamer has taken £25,000 to Egypt and Bombay.

Silver—The India Council have again been heavy sellers of drafts and telegraphic transfers; this has had the effect of depressing the price of silver, and transactions have been entered into at 503d, being a decline of 1sd, per oz. The amounts to hand have not been of importance; they comprise £2,250 from New York, and £35,000 frome Chill; total £4c,250. The "Clyde" has taken £105,000 to Bombay.

Mexican dollars have also declined, and 495d, and 49½d, have been the prices current during the week. The French steamer has arrived at St. Nazire, bringing £120,000 value of this coin; these have not yet been placed.

The quotations for bullion are reported as below:

	Price of Gold.			old.		Price of	f Silver.
	Jan	n. 10.	Ja	n. 3.		Jan. 10.	Jan. 3
Bar gold, fineoz. Bar gold, contain's	8. 77	g^{d} .	8. 77	9d.	Bar silver, fineoz. Barsilver, contain-	d. 50¾	50% 50%
20 dwts. silveroz. Span. doubloons.oz.	73	10%	77 73	1016	ing 5 grs. goldoz. Cake silveroz.	5434	51¼ 54%
8. Am. doubloons.oz. U. S. gold coinoz.		81/2 31/2	73 76	85	Mexican dolsoz. Chilian dolsoz.	49%	49%

The movements in bullion in December and during the past year, compared with the two previous years, were as follows:

	To and	from all Co	untries.	To and from United States.		
GOLD.	1881.	1882.	1853.	1881.	1882.	1883.
Great Britain's Imports in Dec Imports in 12 mos. Exports in 1 ec Exports in 12 mos.	686,835	14,375,914	2 373,610 7,733,309 748,960 7,091,365	£ 3,603 23,191 1×1.840 7,986,753	£ 6,099,783 20,763 92,202	£ 1,555 9,777 109,750 937,515
SILVER. Imports in Dec Imports in 12 mos. Exports in Dec Exports in 12 mos.	560,235 6,901,952 392,386 7,003,959	9,244,665 760,879	872,101 9,468,002 834,026 9,322,846	164,515 2,598,293 1,330	171,830 1,922,466 1,3 9	135,861 2,803,543

The imports of silver from France last year were £2,069,628. against £2,643.528; and from Mexico, &c., £3,787,881, against £3,308,682 in 1882. The shipments to India were-

	.881.	1882.	1883.
In December	£309,7. 9	£332,500	£329,300
In 12 months	3,391,271	5,986,495	6,107,422
While the imports of	gold from	Australasia were-	
•	1881.	1882.	1883.
In December	£2: 0,450	£204,027	£157,402
In 12 months	4,470,186	2,996,549	2,256,128

Tenders were received at the National Bank of New Zealand on Thursday for £100,000 City of Auckland 5 per cent debentures. The applications amounted to £702,000 at prices ranging from the minimum of £101 to £103 15s. Tenders at and above £102 8s. will receive allotments in full, and those at £102 7s. 6d. about 5 per cent. The average price was £102 11s. 4d.

Tenders were received at the Bank of England yesterday for £1,000,000 New Zealand 4 per cent Government stock. The applications amounted to £5,073,500 at prices varying from £100 16s. 6d. to £98 10s. per cent, the minimum. Tenders at £100 5s. 6d. will receive about 54 per cent of the amount applied for and those above that price will be allotted in full.

At a representative meeting of the shareholders of the New York Ontario & Western Railway, held at Bartholomew House to-day, the following firms were represented -Messrs. James Shepherd & Co., M. Lehmaier, S. R. Scott, J. Adler, H. D. Rhodes, W. Vivian, C. Satterthwaite, E. F. Satterthwaite & Co. Joseph Price, Keyser & Co., J. Shepherd, Foster & Braithwaite, James & Prush, J. Taylor & Co., G. W. Medley, H. K. Paxton, Messel & Co., J. Gibbs, L. A. Crowley, Kendal G. N. Strawbridge, A. L. Oswalt, F. E. Robinson, and Borthwick, Wark & Co. The following resolution was proposed by Mr. Medley and seconded by Mr. Vivian :- "That a committee of seven shareholders be formed (with power to add to their number) to represent the interests of English shareholders in the New York Ontario & Western Railway, and that the following be appointed: Mr. G. W. Medley, Mr. Joseph Price, Mr. Edward F. Satterthwaite (Messrs, Satterthwaite & Co.), Mr. H. Pearson (Messrs. John Taylor & Co.), Mr. H. C. Mayhew (Messrs. Borthwick, Wark & Co.', Mr. W. H. Beeman (Messrs, Foster & Braithwaite, and Mr. W. Vivian (Messrs. Vivian, Gray & Co.)"

Further dividends have been declared this week and they compare favorably with previous periods. In a few instances the distributions of profits have slightly increased.

The salt trade continues very firm and prices have risen, in consequence of the failure of some of the Cheshire brine springs. The total exports last year were 1,187,169 tons, against 1,091,825 tons in 1882.

Further difficulties are reported in the wheat trade. At Liverpool, this week, Mr. John Herd, Jr., has suspended payment. It is stated that his speculative transactions were upon a very large scale. Mr. Herd, Jr., and his partner, Mr. William H. Mullins, have been charged with fraud by the North Western Bank of Liverpool.

The failures in the wheat trade at Liverpool and San Francisco have added to the depression existing in the grain trade, and, except for very fine parcels of wheat, former prices have been with difficulty supported. The stocks in London and Liverpool are very large, and it is estimated that the stock of foreign wheat and flour in the United Kingdom is now as much as 2,800,000 quarters. The weather has been very mild, and a check to the growth of vegetation is much to be desired.

The following are the quantities of wheat, flour and India corn estimated to be affoat to the United Kingdom, Baltic supplies not being included:

. A	t present.	Last week.	Last year.	1882.
Wheat qrs.1	,939,000	1,858,000	2,068,000	2,721,000
Flour		236,000	220.000	104,000
Indian corn	255,000	265,600	164,000	196,000

The extent of the sales of home-grown wheat, barley and oats in the leading markets of England and Wales, together with the average prices realized, during the first nineteen weeks of the season, is shown in the following statement:

		SAL	ES.					
1	883-8	34.	1882-	83.	188	1-82.	1880	81
Wheat grs. 1,2	37,36	57	913,6	12	872	.938	777.8	
Barley 1,8	72,44	9	1,202,4		9.4	,891	1,039,1	166
Oats 2	24,48	0	93,6	-0	115	,764	77,3	14
The following are th	ne av	erag	e price	s for	the	season	(per q	r):
	1883	3-84.	1882	-83.	188	1-82.	1880	-81
	8.	d.		d.		. d.	8.	
Wheat	40	5	41	3		7 0	42	8
Barley			34	ŏ		3 10	33	
Oats	19	11	20	9	2	0 10	21	6

Converting quarters of wheat into hundred weights, the totals for the whole kingdom are estimated as follows:

1883-84. 1882-83. 1881-82. 1880-81. Wheat*....ewt.17,873,000 15,923,000 15,131,000 13,477,000

*This aggregate is arrived at by multiplying the sales in the 187 markets above by 313, and that result is reduced to cwt. by multiplying it by 413. This proportion between the 187 markets and the totals for the kingdom is adopted by the London grain trade and is accepted by it as producing a result approximately correct.

The following return shows the extent of the imports of cereal produce into the United Kingdom during the first nineteen weeks of the season, the average price of home-grown wheat, the visible supply of wheat in the United States, and the quantity of produce affoat to the United Kingdom, compared with previous seasons:

IMPORTS.

1983-84.	1882-83.	1881-82.	1880-81
Wheatewt.22,559,364	26,089,808	23,879,574	23,734,732
Barley 8,577,710	7,729,918	5,518,475	6,424,710
Oats 5,149,789	5,738,336	732,243	4,831,844
Peas 628,309	791,691	823,541	1,167,601
Beans 1,032,088	736,069	611,592	925,635
Indian corn10,356,727	4,464,977	9,625,659	14,288,845
Flour 5,534,712	5,822,751	2,874,964	4,963,652
SUPPLIES AVAILABLE FOR C	ONSUMPTION-	-NINETEEN W	EEKS.
1883-84.	1882 83.	1881-82.	1880-91.
Imports of wheat.cwt.22,559,364	26,089,808	23,879,574	23,734,732
Imports of flour 5,534,712	5,822,751	2,874,964	4,963,652
produce17,873,000	15,923,000	15,131,000	13,477,000

of the season were as follows: $\substack{1892.\\223,478\\7,336}$

The following return shows the extent of the imports of wheat and flour into the United Kingdom during the first four months of the season, together with the countries whence those supplies were derived, compared with previous years:

		WHEAT.		
	1883.	1882.	1881.	1880.
From-	Cwt.	Cwt.	Civt.	Cwt.
Russia	4,895,973	3,296,899	2.305,175	541,516
United States	6,723,167	13,863,362	11,408,034	13,022,160
Brit. N. America	607,524	1,553,799	1,590,307	1,391,506
Germany	428,796	712,001	886,355	2.4,439
France	4.644	6,773	4,781	1.284
Chili	576,577	680,592	336,218	426,640
Turkey & Roumania	308,805	428,343	27,099	25,540
Egypt	372,972	19.032	231,130	349,174
British India	4,987,017	2,195,836	3,458,667	1,328,376
Australia	1,270,348	606.826	813,543	2,073.125
Other countries	308,498	157,508	35,014	57,696
Total	20,481,361	23,520,971 FLOUR.	21,192,337	20,144,46
Germany	616,304	831,718	583,512	456,177
France	51,221	6),303	83,155	120,786
United States		3,322,861	2.072,245	2,574,458
Brit. N. America			163,580	310,357
Other countries	683,669		508,531	861,406
outer countries	000,000	000,110	000,001	001,100
Total	5,101,364	5,285,208	3,421,023	4,323,184

Annexed is a return showing the estimated value of the imports of cereal produce into the United Kingdom during the lirst four months of the season, viz., from September to cember inclusive, compared with previous years:

	1893.	1882.	1881.	1880.
Wheat		£11.843.970	£12,206,036	£10,520,653
Barley	2,856,845	2,690,182	2,247,633	2,514,357
Oats	1,533,813	1,753.825	1,284,512	1.429.863
Peas	227.021	308,498	320,886	457,571
Beans	336,991	247,098	202,784	360,577
Indian corn	2.831.818	1,402,319	2,780,486	3,785,186
Flour	3,731,116	4,227,726	2,893,802	3,505,507

Total £21,221,573 £22,473,618 £21,942,496 £22,672,650 Total £21,221,573 £22,473,618 £21,912,496 £22,672,650

The estimated value of our imports of cereal produce during the season have been, therefore, about £1,250,000 less than in the corresponding four months of 1882. The diminution in wheat is considerable, being about £2,140,000, but Indian corn shows an increase of £1,400,000. Barley has been paid for largely, and there is an increase as regards beans; but flour, oats and peas exhibit a falling off, though not to any important

The stocks of grain and flour in London are still very large, especially of wheat, flour and barley. The following are the

particulars:				
-	183	4	1883	
	Waterside	Rail.	Waterside	Rail-
	Granaries.	ways.	Granaries.	ways.
Wheatqrs.	989,773	3,646	376,2-2	4.0 4
Barley	99,832	5,681	47,881	3,488
Malt	901	3.415	7.864	5, 04
Oats	406,103	5,936	564,399	7,319
Rye		40	522	105
Beans	17,480	3,20	3.457	2.9.2
Peas	4,353	3,566	3,144	4,318
Maize	55,383	422	6.111	5
Tares	1.579	192	937	81
Linseed	50,719	*****	176,785	28
Rapeseed	*24.546		7.944	*****
Sundries	10,468	4,217	5.537	4.614
Flour sacks.	238,515	101,198	134,454	70,-9 .
Flourbbis.	3.523		70.895	,

*Oilseed, 9.365; cotton, 3,078 tons. †Oilseed, 9,365; cotton, 3,078 tons. The Board of Trade returns issued this week for the month of January and for the past year are fairly satisfactory. The estimated value of the imports for the month, compared with 1882, shows a decrease of £1,498,000, and the exports an increase of £500,000. The principal reduction is in our food imports, especially as far as cereals are concerned. There is also an increase in our exports of cotton yarns, and in woolen and worsted fabrics. The returns have had the effect of giving a more confident feeling to general business. The following are the leading particulars:

	IMPORTS.		
	1881.	1882.	1883.
Imports in December	33,235,260		02 071 101
		35,369,131	33,871,131
Imports in 12 months	396,773,350	412,001,683	425,603,932
	EXPORTS.		
Exports in December	20,182,052	18,171,551	18,971,102
Exports in 12 months	234,022,678	241,467,162	239,829,744
The following figures r	elate to the y	rears ended I	December 31:
	IMPORTS.		
	1881.	1882.	1883.
Cottonewt.	14,952,724	15,794,566	15,367,874
	EXPORTS.	,,	,,
	1881.	1582.	1883.
Cottonewt.	1,859,656	2,365,033	2,203,400
Cotton yarnlbs.	254,939,900	238,254,700	264,817,300
Cotton piece goodsyards.4			4,539,157,200
Iron and steeltons.	3,820,315	4,353.552	4,044,273
Jute piece goods yards.	204,295,200	212,482,600	227,614,200
Linen yarnlbs.	18,250,200	18,156,400	17,688,900
Linen piece goodsyards.	174,011,400	176,451,000	162,247,300
Silk manufactures £	2,564,730	2,692,275	2,425,913
British woollbs.	14,068,900	13,846,400	19,440,900
Colonial and foreign wool.lbs.	265,359,818	263,441,171	277,181,337
Woolen yarnlbs.	29,731,400	31,332,700	33,491,700
Wool fabriesyards.	55,679,400	89,678,500	88,302,300
Worsted fabricsyards.	192,106,100	146,895,600	143,409,600
Flannelsyards.	9,027,000	10,355,700	8,045,900
Carpetsyards.	9,711,200	11,318,700	10,676,400
Blanketspairs.	1,270,060	1,392,249	1,106,634
The following were the	e quantities	of cotton m	anufactured
nices and de armented in I	Jagamban as	mnanad with	the commen

piece goods exported in December, compared with the corres-

ponding month in the two	preceding y	ears:	
1.	1881.	1882.	1883.
Exported to—	Yards.	Yards.	Yards.
Germany	3.108.900	2,953,800	4,541,600
Holland	3,904,500	3,217,400	4,484,600
France	4,534,100	3,730,000	4,235,800
Portugal, Azores & Madeira.	4,985,100		
		3,954,000	4,307,500
Italy	5,643,100	5,702,200	6,206.000
Austrian Territories	635,200	535,100	933,500
Greece	3,933,100	2,424,500	4,341,300
Turkey	3 ,711,000	30,674,800	20,715,500
Egypt	8,171,900	16,438,100	15,727,100
West Coast of Africa (For.)	1,847,300	2,795,200	6,643,700
United States	5,956,700	5,295,900	4,998,300
Foreign West Indies	5,600,200	6,213,400	7,195,000
Mexico	4,398,800	3,710,800	2,464,600
Central America	4,079,900	2,412,100	4,637,500
United States of Colombia	4,198,800	3,870,900	3,561,500
Brazil	18,523,200	16,580,200	18,251,900
		4,280,200	2.057,200
Uruguay		4,200,200	
Argentine Republic	5,292,300	6,273,900	4,744.900
Chili	5,888,100	4,921,700	4,332,800
Peru	2,935,500	1,300,000	1,710,000
China and Hong Kong		25,736,500	28,905,000
Japan	8,061,200	1,762,700	1,298,400
Dutch Possessions in India	6,997,500	8,223,700	8,385,900
Pullippine Islands	6,979,400	2,286,400	3,949,100
Gibraltar		1,575,300	1,149,800
Malta	3,487,000	1,795.000	1,593,800
West Coast of Africa (Brit.).		4,301,500	4,008,900
British North America	2,614,700	3,215,500	6,983,700
British West India Islands &			
Guiana	3,301,600	2,327,300	3,667,200
British Possessions in South		-,,	-,
Africa		1,400,200	1.446,700
British India—	0,110,200	2,200,200	2,220,100
Bombay	53,452,700	38,368,200	49,448,900
Madras		10,819,100	6,104.500
			68,990,400
Bengal	74,334, 00	64,958,400	
Straits Settlements		7,206,500	8,920,600
Ceylon	1,958,600	1,801,800	1,769,700
Australasia	13,172,500	11,4-0,400	9,259,900
Other countries	16,215,500	15,900,300	20,890,200
Total unbleached or bleached		224,549,300	246,362,200
Total printed, dyed, or colored		103,186,800	107,046,900
Total mixed materials, cotton	1		
predominating	2.525,100	2,779,900	111,900
		-1	
Grand total	386,100,400	33 \.516,000	353,521,000
Other manufactures of	cotton show	ag follows	,
Other manufactures of			1002
Loss and notant not	1881.	1882.	1883.
Lace and patent net£	222,444	232.561	229,636
Hosiery of all sorts 2	94,662	99,150	79,344
Thread for sewinglbs.		1,163,320	1,112,900
Other m'fs, unenumerat'd. £	99,350	82,234	106,262
Tot. value of cotton m'fs £	5,176,938	4,818,924	4,856,071
W. 11 1 NF		** ** **	

99,150 1,163,320 82,233 4,818,824 English Market Reports-Per Cable.

The daily closing quotations for securities, &c., at London and for breadstuffs and provisions at Liverpool, are reported

London.	S	at.	31	on.	T	ues.	H	Ted.	Th	urs.	F	ri.
Bilver, per ozd.		34	50	1316	50	78	5	078	5		51	
Censols for money	10	916	101	38	10	138	10	138	10	1918	101	19
Consols for account	101	916	101	10	10	12	10	119	10	11116	101	58
Fr'ch rentes (in Paris) fr.	76		76	85	77	1710	77	45	77	3712	77	25
J. S. 4 28 of 1891	117	7	1116	79	110	634	111	658	11:	334	1116	18
J. S. 4s of 1907	127	718	120	.78		550		649	112		12	
Canadian Pacific	5.6	35 _H	56	314	50	678	5	634	5	634	57	
Chie, Mil. & St. Paul				10		7 34		814	1			116
Erie, common stock		13 ₈		14		5 84		534		534		14
Illinois Central	139		13		139			910	13		159	
Pennsylvania		114		50		134		931		034		. 2
Philadelphia & Reading.		334		34		778		781		749	415	10
New York Central	111		lii.			138	11			540	116	
New TOTA Central	I k k .	1-4	1111	1 *4	111	1.08	LIL	3-4	111	9 42	1174	9-6
Liverpool.	8	at.	M	on.	Tu	ies.	14	ed.	Th	urs.	F	ri.
	8.	d.	8.	d.	8.	d.	8.	d.	8.	d.	8.	d.
Flour (ex. State) 100 lb.		9	11	9	11	9	11	9	11	9	11	9
Wheat, No. 1, wh. "	8	7	8	7	*	7	8	7	8	7	8	7
Spring, No. 2, old "	8	ó	1 8	ó	7	10	7	10	1 7	10		10
Spring, No. 2, n "	8	0	8	ŏ	5	0	1 8	0	18	0	8	0
Winter, South, n "	9	8	9	0	9	8	9	8	9		9	
Winter, West., n "	8	3	8	8		2		0	0	8 2 7		827
Cal., No. 1 "	8	7	8	7	00000	7	8385	27-23	8885	=	8885	=
Cal., No. 2 "	8	2	8	6	0	2	0	ó	1 0	6	0	6
	3	3	5	3	0	210	0	5	0	2	0	54
DULLI, IIII A., III		0	64	0	64		64	0	65	0	65	0
Pork, West. mess W bbl.		6		0		0					112	6
Bacon, long clear, new		0	94		41	6	42	0	42	0		
				0	95	0	95	0	19.5	13	93	0
						0		~	4			~
Beef, pr. mess, new. \$tc. Lard. prime West. \$\pi\$ cwt. Cheese, Am. choice.	44	6	63	6	14 68	6	45 69	0	45 69	0	45 69	6

Commercial and Miscellaneous News

NATIONAL BANKS.—The following national banks have lately been organized:

peen organized:

3,108—The Woodson National Bank of Yates Center, Kansas. Capital,
\$30,000. George D. Carpenter, President; N. F. Follett, Cash.

3,109—The Plymouth National Bank, Michigan Capital,
\$30,000. Theodore Sherwood, President, No cashier.

3,110—The First National Bank of Milan, Missouri. Capital,
\$75,000.

L. T. Haftfield, President: J. C. McCoy, Cashier.

3,111—The Mercantile National Bank of Louisiana, Missouri. Capital,
\$50,000. Stuart Carkener, President; Walter G. Tiusley,
Cashier.

3,112—The Chainda National Bank, Iowa. Capital, \$50,000. Frank The Farmers National Bank of Sullivan, Indiana. Voluntary liquidation December 24, 1883.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK .-The imports of last IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WERK.—The imports of last week, compared with those of the preceding week, show a decrease in both dry goods and general merchandise. The total imports were \$8,496,911, against \$9.296,951 the preceding week and \$8,641,800 two weeks previous. The exports for the week ended Jan. 22 amounted to \$5,955,765, against \$6,474,595 last week and \$6,413,607 two weeks previous. The following are the imports at New York for the week ending (for dry goods) Jan. 17 and for the week ending (for general merchandise) Jan. 18; also totals since the beginning of first week in January:

POREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK.

For Week.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884
Dry goods Gen'l mer'dise	\$2.274,274 3,951,158	\$3,435,029 7,452,337	\$1.737.279 4,573,321	\$2,591,920 5,904,991
Total	\$6,225,432	\$10,887,366	\$6.310,600	₹8,496,911
Dry goods Gen'l mer'dise	\$7,331,144 15,131,824	\$9,191.954 20,159,970	\$7,130,595 16,136,093	\$8.073,262 17,782,580
Total 3 weeks	\$22,462,965	\$29.351,924	\$23,266.684	\$25,855.842

In our report of the dry goods trade will be found the imports of dry goods for one week later.

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports for thweek ending Jan. 22, 1884, and from January 1 to date:

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK

	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884
For the week Prev. reported	\$7,140,084 13,252,797	\$7,277,299 12,091,770	\$6,574.998 14,357,124	\$5.955.765 12,888,202
Total 3 weeks	\$20,392.881	£19,369,069	\$20.932.122	\$18.843.967

The following table shows the exports and imports of specie at the port of New York for the week ending Jan. 19, and since Jan. 1, 1884, and for the corresponding periods in 1883 and 1882. EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF SPECIE AT NEW YORK

Gold.	Exp	orts.	Imp	oorts.
Gota.	Week.	Since Jan.1.	Week.	Since Jan.1.
Great Britain	\$3,000	\$3,000	\$	\$
France				
Germany	*****			
West Indies			6,463	22,26
Mexico	*****		1	
South America	*****	1,500	7,310	15,744
All other countries	*****			
Tetal 1884	\$3,300	\$4.500	\$13.773	\$38.006
Total 1883	20,000	21,285	19,207	52,210
Total 1882	5,000	6,500	13,798	203,498
Silver.				
Great Britain	\$121,000		\$	\$
France	29,000	59,972		
German	*****			2 500
West Indies	*****	******	13,146	37.270
Mexico	*****	*****	700	61,569
South America	*****	2,300	5,946	7.079
All other countries			4,200	4,200
Total 1884	\$150,000	\$758,524	\$23.992	\$112.618
Total 1883	472,250	1,003.785	40.253	111,637
Total 1882	484.741	8 22 780	12824	84.754

Of the above imports for the week in 1884, \$3,500 were American gold coin and \$12.946 American silver coin.

FOREIGN TRADE OF NEW YORK—MONTHLY STATEMENT.—In addition to the foregoing tables, made up from weekly returns, we give the following figures for the full months, also issued by our New York Custom House. The first statement covers the total imports of merchandise.

IMPORTS INTO NEW YORK.

		1883,			1882.		
Months.	Dry Goods.	General Merchan- dise.	Total.	Dry Goods.	General Merchan- dise.	Total.	
	*	8	8	8	8	\$	
January	13,345,312	27,915,300	41,260,612	12,323,440	29,545,834	41 872,274	
February	13,730,717	26,749,010	40,479,727	16,604,077	25,3 6,583	41,990,660	
March	12,325,374	29,854,387	42,182,761	11,597,678	34,251,634	45,879,312	
April	7,948,036	29,142,398	37,090.431	9,874,527	33,529,451	43,394,978	
May	7,426,303	29,213,457	36,639,760	7,733,005	37,649,218	45,382,223	
June	6,933,886	36,111,695	43,078,581	8,267,302	32,115,454	40,382,656	
July	13,645,297	25,257,518	38,912,815	11,373,010	33,915,940	45,235,980	
August	11,520,643	30,925,006	42,145,619	15,642,196	30,488,947	46.129,143	
September	10,798,870	24,302,726	35,101,596	11,800,266	32,271,330	44.071,626	
October	10,198 973	29,825,978	40.024,951	8,953,321	32 303,113	41,258 437	
November.,	6.547,903	31,834,171	38,412,074	8,904,034	26,531,434	35,435,438	
December	7,054,503	32,362,707	39,417 210	9,156,971	33,904,746	43,0:1717	
Total	121,508 817	333 5 17,353	475,046,170	139,269,760	381,912,714	514.175.474	

EXPORTS FI	EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK.			CUSTOMS RECEIPTS.				
	Total Mer	chandise.	-	At Neu	v York.			
Months.	1883.	1882.	. Months.	1883.	1889.			
	8	8		\$	*			
January	28,891,932	27,843,940	January	12,574,838	13,387,516			
February	28,426,360	25,735,057	February	12,191,603	13,585,058			
March	32,094,694	25,572,484	March	12,438,301	13,999,139			
April	28,101,404	25,794,331	April	9,194,388	11,906,105			
Мау	27,237,663	25,335,470	May	8,148,813	11,981,893			
June	27,857,611	27,459,233	June	13,624,534	11,428,930			
July	25,805,455	29,874,674	Jaly	14,621,008	13,730,755			
August	34,417,712	33,336,779	August	13,288,893	16,433,261			
September	27,618,151	32,355,548	September	12,044,786	14,690,363			
October	29,197,165	28,177,847	October	11,609,633	13,095,876			
November	28,422,662	30,354,787	November	8,924,058	9,938,680			
December	29,165,426	34,709,365	December	9,435,087	10,350,193			
Total	350,230,235	346,554,515	Total	138,095,982	154,697,762			

Perkiomen.-The annual report of this railroad for the yes Perkiomen.—The annual report of this railroad for the y-ar ending November 30, 1883, shows that the receipts from all sources were \$355.893, and the total expenses \$240,088, making the net receipts \$115.804. The falling off in gross receipts, \$7,783, is due to a d-crease in the merchandise traffit, the passenger travel and coal traffic showing a healthy increase. The expenses were \$1,292 less than in 1882. The decrease in net receipts is \$6,491. The sum of \$37,109 was expended in repairing. After paying \$115,476 interest on the road's bonded indebtedness, the surplus net receipts are \$328.

-The Atlantic Mutual Insurance Company (Marine) is out —The Atlantic Mutual Insurance Company (Marine) is out with its annual statement, showing a heavy business, as usual, and an improvement in 1883 in a reduction of the amount of losses paid as compared with 1882. The total marine premiums in 1883 were \$5,708,185. A scrip dividend of 40 per cent on the premiums of 1883 is declared, for which certificates will be issued on and after May 6. The liberal management of the Atlantic, its financial strength, and the prospect, which amounts almost to a certainty, that they will receive a dividend of 40 per cent on their premiums, induces merchants to hold to the Atlantic and pay fair rates for their insurance.

-The Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company presents its thirty-sixth annual exhibit in the columns of the Chronicle tothirty-sith annual exhibit in the columns of the CHRONICLE to-day. Further progress has been made by this company and the assets have grown to upwards of \$9,000,000, while the surplus reaches nearly \$2,000,000. The year closed with a membership of nearly 17,000, representing the large aggregate of \$41,521,-000 of insurance. Total amount paid policy-hoiders during the year, out of receipts of \$1,971,463 58. was \$1,099,825 83, while the further sum of \$528,000 was added to the reserves upon their policies. The expenses of management have been very moderate. The Penn is a purely mutual company, and applies all its surplus earnings to the reduction of the cost of insurance.

-The Insurance Company of North America of Philadelphia —The insurance Company of North America of Philadelphia is one of the leading insurance corporations whose annual statement appears to-day in the Chronicle. This company takes risks in fire, marine and inland insurance, and is one of the old reliable companies incorporated in 1794), having large assets safely invested. The net premiums received in 1883 amounted to \$3,851,148 and the losses paid were \$2,390,724. The assets are now \$9,071,696, and the surplus over all liabilities; \$3,211,964.

—The Mutual Life Insurance Company publishes its annual statement this week, showing a large business and a further increase in assets, the total now being \$101,148,248, against \$97,961.317 last year. The total income from premiums and from int-rest on investments was about \$18,500,000 in 1883, against \$17,500,000 in 1882. The surplus fund on the 4 per cent basis is now \$4,636,000, and on the New York standard of 4½ per cent the surplus is over \$12,000,000. The M stual Life is managed with its usual vigor and economy of administration. is managed with its usual vigor and economy of administration.

Attention is invited to the card of the United States Life Insurance Company, which gives a summary of the business in 1883 compared with 1882. The new insurance written in 1883 was \$5.231,000, against \$2.800,000 in 1882, and the insurance in force Jan. 1, 1834, is \$48.803,000, against \$16.790,000 Jan. 1, 1883. Mr. T. H. Brosnan is President of this company, Mr. C. P. Fraleigh, Secretary, and Mr. George H. Buford, Actuary.

—The Ontario Silver Mining Company of Utah announces its ninety-first dividend, \$75,000, for December, payable at the office in San Feancisco or by the agents in this city, Lounsbery & Haggin, 15 Broad Street, on the 31st inst.

-Mr. J. P. Wintringham of 36 Pine Street has issued his annual chart showing the monthly range of bank stocks (New York and Brooklyn), of insurance stocks, of gas stocks and city horse railroad and trust companies stocks.

Auction Sales.—The following, seldom or never sold at the Stock Exchange, were sold at auction this week by Messrs. Adrian H. Muller & Son.

Shares.	Shares.
40 Nat. Bank of Commerce. 15512	25 Richm'd Sitk M'I'g Co 20
6:0 Mariposa Co. pref for \$31	10 Housatonic RR. Co., pref. 138
200 Bo t. H & E RR (old stk.) 18	36 U. S. Warehoasing Co 5019
40 Park Fire Ius. (0108	50 Nassau Gas-L.Co.of sklyn 7519
6 t N. Y. Bowery Ins. Co 15612	1 Fitchburg RR. Co 120
30 U. S. Fire Ius. C) 13112	6 Cent. N. J. Land Imp't Co. 2219
4 Eagle Fire tas, Co 2651g	B mds.
4 / Mech'es'& Fr'd'rs' Nat. Bk. 11012	\$2,000 Brooklya City Perma-
8 Mercantile Trust Co 140	nent Water Loan 6s. due
40 Nor h kiver Bank121	1399 1283 & int
48 Merchants' Ex. Nat. Bk., 95	\$1,000 N. Y. Woodhaven &
72 B'k of State of New York. 12712	Rockaway RR. 1st 6s 90

The Bankers' Gazette.

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D	V		E	N	D	S	

Name of Company.	Per Cent.	Who Paya					Olose lusiv	
Railroad. Terre Haute & Indianapolis Bank.	4	Feb.	1					
Pacific	2^{1}_{2}	Feb.	1	Jan.	22	to	Jan.	31
Broadway	7	Feb.	1					
Peter Cooper	7 6	Jan.						
New Central Coal	1	Feb.	12	Feb.	5	to	Feb	. 13

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, JANUARY 25-5 P. M.

The Money Market and Financial Situation .- While there have been no special developments in the last week to further unsettle confidence in mercantile and financial affairs generally, the incidents of the preceding week have still exercised an influence on the public mind. The decrease in the exports of breadstuffs, the decline in prices of grain and the several failures in that line, together with the more important ones in connection with railway enterprises, have all combined

ones in connection with railway enterprises, have all combined to create an atmosphere of apprehension and expectancy.

Rumor has been busy with the names of corporations, and also of prominent individuals, though as near as can be learned the foundation for any of the rumors has been nothing more than conjecture. The great decline in certain securities in the than conjecture. The great decline in certain securities in the last month or two has undoubtedly caused large losses to individuals in every scale of financial importance; but there is reason for believing that if any bankers or other prominent individuals have been overloaded, they have succeeded in largely relieving themselves of late. It is quite certain that there have been very large sales in the last ten days of West Shore and other railroad bonds and of Northern Pacific preferred, Oregon & Trans-Continental, and other stocks, by persons who had invested in them a year or two ago, and that to a great extent these sales have been compulsory. This large volume of securities thrown upon the market has caused temporary depressions in a number of stocks and bonds, but they porary depressions in a number of stocks and bonds, but they all seem to have found a resting-place in the hands of new investors at the lower prices.

The decline on Wednesday of 6 per cent in the Northern

Pacific first mortgage bonds, from 101½ to 95½, and which was not only unexpected, but is unaccountable except upon the theory of manipulation, has been a conspicuous feature of the week, and one which, if not directly instigated by bear operators, certainly helped their interests.

General mercantile trade throughout the country is dull.

Country merchants in the West are carrying unusually light stocks, and for the present show but little disposition to in-crease them. Nevertheless, collections in all parts of the country have been very satisfactory, and the volume of current mer-cantile liabilities has been reduced to an unusually low level. Money is plenty at the West, Northwest and Southwest, and the domestic exchanges in almost every quarter are in favor

the domestic exchanges in almost every quarter are in favor of New York.

The New York money market continues plethoric with unemployed funds, and rates of interest for call loans are so low—1½ to 2 per cent—that a great deal of money is held idle in the banks and trust companies without any offer of it either for loan or investment. Time loans can be had at 4 and 4½ per cent on stock collaterals for four or six months. Mercantile discounts remain unchanged at 4 and 4½ per cent for 60 days and 4 months for first-class double-name paper, and 5 and 5½ for single name.

The weekly statement of the Bank of England showed a gain of £156,000 in specie. The percentage of reserve to liabilities was increased to 41¾ per cent from 40¾ per cent last week. The statement of the Bank of France exhibited a gain during the week of 4,425,000 francs in gold and 3,750,000 francs in silver. Owing to recent manifestations of a disposition in Paris to sell out investments in British corporate securities, there has been, and is yet, a movement of specie to the Continent from London.

the Continent from London.

The following table shows the changes from the previous week and a comparison with the two preceding years

	1884. Jan. 19.	Differ'nces fr'm previous week.	1883. Jan. 20.	1882. Jan. 21.
Loans and dis.	\$332,586,800	Inc.\$2,689,600	\$317,459,800	\$321.071.800
Specie		Inc. 2,310,400	62.687,700	68,764.100
Circulation	11,425,900	Dec. 232,400	17,470,200	20,001,500
Net deposits .	345.580,700	Inc. 7.327,000	308,309,300	311,996,100
Legal tenders.	33,298,800	Inc . 2,654,000	23,064,400	
Legal reserve.	\$96.315,175	Inc \$1.781,250	\$77.077,325	\$77,999,025
Reserve held.		Inc. 4,954,400		87,673,400
Surplus	\$17,334,995	Inc. \$2,193 150	49,674 77	40 671 975

gradually hardening during the last two weeks, and on Friday, the 25th, the posted rates were advanced to 4 86 and 4 881, against 4 851, and 4 88 on the 18th and 4 84 and 4 881, against 4 85½ and 4 88 on the 18th and 4 84 and 4 88½ on the 11th. On Friday, the 25th, the rates for actual business were as follows, viz.: Sixty days, 4 85@4 85½; demand, 4 87½@4 488; cables, 4 88@4 88½; commercial bills have continued scare and were quoted on Friday at 4 83½@4 83¾.

United States Bonds,—In the absence of any particular demand, government bonds have been less firm this week,

and both the 4s and the 41/s show a fractional decline from last Friday's prices.

The closing prices at the N. Y. Board have been as follows:

	Interest Periods.		Jan. 21.	Jan. 22.	Jan. 23.	Jan. 24.	Jan. 25.
4198, 1891 reg.	QMar.	11438	*11438	*11414	*1144	11438	*1144
4 s, 1891 coup.	QMar.	11418	*11438	*11439	*11414	*1144	*11414
4s, 1907 reg.	QJan.	*12418	124	12378	1233	12334	*1233
4s, 1907 coup.							
3s, option U.Sreg.							
6s, cur'ey, '95 reg.							
6s, eur'ey, '96reg.	J. & J.	*130%	*13034	*13034	*1303	*1303	*1303
6s, cur'ey, '37reg.	J. & J.	*1323	*1323	*13234	*13234	*13234	*13234
6s, eur'ey, '98reg.	J. & J.	*13434	13134	13434	*1343	*1343	*13434
6s. eur'ey. '99reg.	J. & J.	*13612	*13612	*13612	*1364	*13612	*13612

* This is the price bid at the morning board; no sale was made.

U. S. Sub-Treasury.—The following table shows the receipts and payments at the Sub-Treasury in this city, as well as the balances in the same, for each day of the past week:

			Butan	aces.		
Date.	Receipts.	Payments.	Coin.	Currency.		
	*	*		*		
Jan. 19	* 3,729,710 77		116,320,596 49	9.021.991 34		
" 21	1,467.191 16		116,343,069 05	8,978,597 60		
" 22	1,292.262 96		116,253,482 73	8,918,030 35		
" 23	1,247,966 69	1,266,431 18	116,222,690 26	8.930,358 33		
" 24	879.598 53		116,261,901 33	8,876,191 19		
" 25	1,547,805 25	1,406,856 62	115,921,967 93	9,357,073 22		
Total	10,164,535 36	7,624,023 12				

Includes \$3,000,000 notes received from Washington. Include \$210,000 gold certificates taken out of cash.

State and Railroad Bonds.—The railroad bond market has been depressed this week by the heavy selling of several prominent issues of bonds, which may have been in part legitimate and due to the throwing of large lots of the same upon the market by holders who found this step necessary in order to protect other interests, but in great part no doubt was speculative, for the purpose of affecting the stock market. In the cases of the West Shore bonds and the Northern Pacific firsts, certainly the decline partook very largely of the nature of a raid by the bears. During the last two days there has been a partial re-action from the extreme declines, but there has nevertheless been an unsettlement of confidence which has affected nearly the whole range of issues most traded in. The more important net declines for the week are Northern Pacific firsts 4% per cent, Oregon Improvement firsts 3 per cent, Oregon & Transcent, Oregon Improvement firsts 3 per cent. Oregon & Trans-Continental firsts 7½ per cent. West Shore fives 1½ per cent and Denver & Rio Grande consols 3 per cent. The transac-tions in West Shore bonds during the last six business days aggregated \$13,890,000. The following was the range of and Denver & Rio Grande consols 3 per cent. The transactions in West Shore bonds during the last six business days aggregated \$13,800,000. The following was the range of prices for the issues that have shown the greatest changes during the week since Saturday morning the 19th, viz.: New York West Shore & Buffalo 5s at 53\(^14\)\(65\)\(46\)\(52\)\(53\)\(60\)\ Metropolitan Elevated firsts at 1011/2@103@10234.

State issues were in active demand, and prices were firm. Georgia 7s sold at 111@113½; Alabama, class A, at 81; do., class B, at 100; South Carolina 6s, non-fundable, at 3½@2½; Louisiana consols, ex-matured coupon, at 66: Oho 6s of 1886 at 107; Missouri 6s of 1886 at 104½; 1887 at 107; 1889 at 111; Tennessee compromise at 43@43½@42½@43½; do. 6s. old, at 371/@38@833 371/2@38@3734.

Railroad and Miscellaneous Stocks.—The stock market has been depressed by rumors of impending failures and by the expectation of further unfavorable developments in connection with the Northern Pacifics and the Oregon stocks. These influences have more than offset the good effects of the apparent prospect of settlement of the difficulties in the various railroad pools. It is now believed that the apprehencions of important failures were to every layer extent thinks. sions of important failures were, to a very large extent, entirely groundless, and that the rumors were circulated for the purgroundless, and that the rumors were circulated for the purpose of depressing prices. Nevertheless, there has undoubtedly been a large amount of stocks and bonds forced to sale, and the effects of this are shown in the heavy declines of some of the most active stocks. The principal net changes for the week are shown in the following: Advanced—Michigan Central 2; New York Central 1½. Declined—Colorado Coal 1½: Denver & Rio Grande 2½; Northern Pacific 4¾; do. preferred 10½; Oregon Railway & Navigation 10; Oregon & Trans-Continental 7½; Oregon Improvement 2½; Reading 2¾; Jersey Central 2½; St. Paul 1½; St. Paul & Omaha preferred 1¾; St. Paul & Manitoba 9; Wabash preferred 3¾; and New York & New England 2¼.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES FOR WEEK ENDING JAN. 25, AND SINCE JAN. 1, 1884.

STOCKS.				LOWEST P			Sales of the Week	Range Since	Jan. 1, 1884.	For 1 Year 1
DIOCAG.	Saturday, Jan. 19.	Monday, Jan. 21.	Tuesday, Jan. 22.	Wednesday Jan. 23.	Thursday, Jan. 24.	Friday, Jan. 25.	(Shares).	Lowest.	Highest.	Low.
RAILROADS.								803 Jan. 7	803 ₄ Jan. 7	7819
ston & N. Y. Air Line, pref. arlington Ced. Rapids & No.	$\begin{array}{ccc} 81^{3}4 & 81^{3}4 \\ 70 & 70 \end{array}$			******			200 14	8134 Jan. 7	82 la Jan. 2	78 75
nadian Pacificnada Southern.	$57^{1}4$ $57^{5}8$ $50^{1}4$ 51	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	50 5034	5714 571 ₂ 50 503 ₄	5738 577 5034 515	20,300 11,686	54 ¹ 4 Jan. 2 48 ³ 4 Jan. 21	584 Jan. 18 534 Jan. 7	4878
nada Southern. ntral of New Jersey ntral Pacific	$87\frac{1}{2}$ $87\frac{1}{2}$ $64\frac{3}{4}$ $65\frac{3}{8}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	87 87 18 64 65 18	831 ₂ 871 ₈ 643 ₈ 653 ₄	85 86 65 65 7	$14,112 \\ 14,275$	83½ Jan. 24 63¼ Jan. 2	90 Jan. 11	684
esapeake & Ohio	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{14}{21}$ $\frac{14}{21}$	$^{*14}_{*22}$ $^{15}_{25}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	*14 14 1 ₂ *21 3 ₄ 23	*14 143 *211 ₂ 23	700 500	14 Jan. 16 21 Jan. 21	15 Jan. 2	13
Do 2d pref	*16 17	*15 17	*16 18 135 12 135 12	*16 17	*16 17 *1361 ₂	$\frac{16}{137}$ $\frac{16}{2}$ $\frac{16}{138}$	100 404	15 Jan. 17 1333 ₄ Jan. 4	17 Jan. 7 138 Jan. 25	1434
icago Burlington & Quincy. icago Milwaukee & St. Paul	$\begin{array}{c} 119\frac{1}{2}120 \\ 86\frac{1}{4} & 88\frac{3}{4} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 118^{1}_{2} \ 119^{1}_{2} \\ 84^{1}_{8} \ 86^{1}_{8} \end{array}$	$\frac{1191}{843}$ $\frac{120}{87}$	120 120 ¹ ₂ 86 ¹ ₈ 87 ⁵ ₈	120 12014 8638 8712	120 121 12 87 88 18	9,979 409,301	84 s Jan. 21	1223 ₄ Jan. 7 941 ₄ Jan. 3	1153 ₄ 1 913 ₄ 1
Do pref.	114 114 114 ½ 115 ½	$\frac{1133}{1123}$ $\frac{114}{1143}$	$\frac{114}{113}$ $\frac{114}{4}$ $\frac{114}{114}$	114 12 114 12 114 14 115 18	$^{\circ}114^{1}_{2}115^{1}_{2}$ $114^{1}_{2}115^{1}_{2}$	114 ½ 114 ½ 115 ¾ 116 ¼	1,043 70,775	1133 ₄ Jan. 17 1123 ₄ Jan. 21	117 Jan. 2 1185 Jan. 7	1154
Do pref. icago Rock Island & Pacific	$\frac{142}{115}$ $\frac{142}{2}$ $\frac{1}{116}$	$\frac{140\frac{1}{2}}{115\frac{3}{8}}\frac{142}{115\frac{1}{2}}$	141 141 1 ₂ 116 116	$\begin{array}{cccc} 142 & 142 \\ 116 & 117 \end{array}$	141 1411 ₂ *116 117	14134 1423 117 117 5	4.342	140½ Jan. 21 115¾ Jan. 21	147 Jan. 3 11734 Jan. 9	134 1 116 1 ₂ 1
leago St. Louis & Pittsburg Do pref.	*30 32	$^{101_{2}}_{*29}$ $^{101_{2}}_{32}$	$^{11}_{*29}$ $^{11}_{31}$	10 10 29 29	95 ₈ 95 ₈ 30 30	10 10 293 ₄ 301 ₈	720 850	95 ₈ Jan. 24 29 Jan. 23	131 Jan 5	10 2
leago St. Paul Minn, & Om.	29 1 ₈ 30 90 91	$ \begin{array}{cccc} 27 & 29 \\ 88 & 89 & 34 \end{array} $	283 ₈ 291 ₈ 89 894 ₂	287 ₈ 291 ₂ 887 ₈ 893 ₄	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	295 ₈ 301 ₈ 90 901 ₂	7.875	27 ¹ ₂ Jan. 21 88 ¹ ₄ Jan. 21	34 1 ₂ Jan. 3 95 1 ₄ Jan. 7	30 1
veland Col. Cinn. & Ind veland & Pittsburg, guar	139 139	60 60	59^{1}_{2} 60	58 58	60 60	$\begin{array}{ccc} 61 & 61 \\ 139 & 139 \end{array}$	1,550	58 Jan. 23	68 Jan. 7 139 Jan. 5	54 1241 ₂ 1
umbus Chie, & Ind. Cent aware Lackawanna&West.	11514 11616	1143 ₄ 1155 ₈	11518 11618	1153 1163	$\frac{1}{115}\frac{1}{12}\frac{1}{116}\frac{1}{5}$	$116\frac{1}{4}\frac{1}{1167}$	350	1 ¼ Jan. 25 114 ¼ Jan. 17	2 Jan. 17 118 Jan. 5	111 12 1
over & Rio Grandest Tennessee Va. & Ga	$20\frac{1}{4}$ $22\frac{1}{2}$ *534 6	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	183 ₄ 201 ₂ 51 ₃	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$^{19\frac{1}{2}}_{*5\frac{3}{4}} ^{21\frac{1}{4}}_{6}$	6 6	35,990 2,610	17% Jan. 21 5½ Jan. 22	25% Jan. 3	2114
Do pref. ansville & Terre Haute	*11 111 ₂	11 11	11 11 40	*11 1112	1034 1034	*11 1112	500 200	10% Jan. 17 40 Jan. 18	1234 Jan. 5	1114
en Bay Winona & St. Paul nnibal & St. Joseph	*5 6	×5 6	*5 512	*5 6	*5 6		******	40 Jan. 10	51 Jan. 7	5
Do pref	197 197			******		******	10	100 7	107 1-10	38
rlem uston & Texas Central	136 136	* 48 134 % 135 %	45 45 13434 1354	$\begin{array}{ccc} 46 & 46 \\ 135 & 135 \end{array}$	45 45 1354 136	136 1364	800	193 Jan. 4 45 Jan. 22	197 Jan. 19 51 Jan. 4	50
nois Central Do leased line 4 p.c.		828 824	*15 16	******	824 824		490	81 ½ Jan. 11	136 12 Jan. 18 83 14 Jan. 17	124 1
iana Bloomingt'n & West'n te Erie & Western	1534 1534	154 16	161, 161a	16 16 16 ¹ 4 16 ¹ 4	1534 1534 1534 1534 043, 951	1612 1678	1,100	15 Jan. 21 15 Jan. 21	20 ¹ 4 Jan. 5 19 ³ 4 Jan. 7	17 ¹ 2 13 ¹ 2
g Island.	937 ₈ 95 66 66	93½ 943 ₈ *65 66	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	9434 9538 *6512 6712	9434 955 *655 70	95% 96 *66 67%	81,330 550	93 ¹ 8 Jan. 17 65 Jan. 3	97% Jan. 5	923 ₄ 1
dsiana & Missouri River	43^{3}_{8} 44^{1}_{2}	424 434	4312 4434	4378 4412	44 44%	44% 45	99,255	4234 Jan. 21	48 Jan. 10	13 405
dsville New Albany & Chie, nhattan Elevated	42 42	4012 41	40 41	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	45 49	4612 47	3,210	25 Jan. 21 40 Jan. 22	35 Jan. 4 49 Jan. 24	30
Do 1st pref	$^{*}84$ 86^{1}_{2} $^{*}40$ 42	82 82 *40 42	*83 87 *40 41	*84 87 42 42	*84 87 431 ₂ 433 ₄	48 49	50 800	82 Jan. 21 42 Jan. 23	84 Jan. 16 49 Jan. 25	80
nhattan Beach Co mphis & Ch. rleston	$\begin{array}{cccc} 15^{1}_{2} & 15^{1}_{2} \\ 32 & 33 \end{array}$	1514 1534	163 ₄ 163 ₄ *32 35	1512 1513	16 16 *32 35	16 ¹ 2 17 *32 34	1,575 300	15 Jan. 3 32 Jan. 19	17 Jan. 25	121 ₂ 32
ropolitan Elevated higan Central	90 90 8858 89	90 90 8614 8714	*90 92 90 92 ¹ 2	90 90 2	90 90 891 ₂ 905 ₈	9012 9112	6,850	90 Jan. 8 85 Jan. 2	90 Jan. 8 93 ¹ ₂ Jan. 10	76 1
waukee L, Sh. & Western. Do pref.		34 34	3312 3312	* 3312	3318 3318	3312 3312	600	16 Jan. 7 33 s Jan. 24	16 Jan. 7 38 Jan. 4	10
meapolis & St. Louis Do pref.	15 15 *32 34	$14 {}^{1}_{8} 15 {}^{1}_{8} \ 31 {}^{1}_{2} 31 {}^{1}_{2}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	*15 16 31 ¹ 4 31 ¹ 4	$^{*15}_{32}$ $^{16}_{32}$ $^{16}_{4}$	$\frac{16}{31}$ $\frac{16}{4}$ $\frac{16}{32}$	1,325 700	14 Jan. 16 314 Jan. 23	1813 Jan. 7	163 ₄
souri Kansas & Tex s	18^{9}_{8} , 19^{9}_{4} 86^{5}_{8} 87^{5}_{8}	$16\frac{1}{2}$ $18\frac{1}{4}$ $85\frac{1}{8}$ $86\frac{3}{8}$	17 ¹ 2 18 ⁵ 8 85 ³ 4 87 ³ 8	17 \(\frac{1}{2} \) 19 \(\frac{1}{2} \) 87 \(\frac{1}{2} \)	1758 1834 8614 8714	1834 1938 8738 8834	39,560 81,770	16½ Jan. 21 85% Jan. 21	2314 Jan. 5 915 Jan. 10	1949
bile & Ohiorris & Essex	*8 10 12234 12234	*121 123	12112 12112	*8 10 121 12 121 12	12212 12212	812 812	100 375	8½ Jan. 25 121½ Jan. 22	10 % Jan 2	10 1
shville Chattanooga & St. L.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{45}{1107}$ $\frac{46}{1117}$	$\frac{48}{111} \frac{48}{8} \frac{48}{112} \frac{1}{2}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{49}{112}$ $\frac{49}{2}$ $\frac{49}{113}$	113% 113%	3,900 40,151	46 Jan. 19 1107 ₈ Jan. 17	56 Jan. 5	501 ₉ 1111 ₂ 1
w York Chic, & St. Louis Do pref.	17 17 17 14	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	814 814 *1612 18	*17 834	9 9	812 812	1,225 500	814 an. 22 1634 Jan. 21	934 Jan. 9 20 Jan. 5	1334
w York Elevated	105 130 86 86	*105 125 86 86 ¹ 4	*84 l ₂ 86	*105 125 86 86	*105 125 86 86	8612 8612	667	85 Jan 16	87 Jan. 5	90 1
w York Lake Erie & West'n Do pref.	24 78 25 58 69 69	$\begin{array}{cccc} 24 {}^{1}\!_{2} & 24 {}^{7}\!_{8} \\ 67 {}^{7}\!_{8} & 69 \end{array}$	2478 25%	2518 2512	25 25 38 67 67	25 ¹ 4 25 ⁷ 8	45,620	243 Jan. 15	283 Jan. 5 70 Jan. 3	267 ₈
w York & New England	15 15 178 178	15 15	*14 15	1334 1434	13 14	13 14	2,980	66 2 Jan. 16 13 Jan. 2 176 Jan. 15	174 Jan. 7	171 ₂ 169 1
w York Ontario & Western. w York Susq. & Western	1034 11	1014 1012	11 12 4 4	11 11 ¹ ₂	$\frac{10^{5}8}{3^{7}8}$ $\frac{11}{3^{7}8}$	11 1114	6,875	87 ₈ Jan. 16 37 ₈ Jan. 24	16 ¹ 2 Jan. 7 5 ¹ 2 Jan. 9	155
Do pref.	14 14	1412 1412					320	13 Jan. 18	16 4 Jan. 9	14
Do pref	$\frac{38^{1}_{2}}{23^{1}_{8}} \frac{38^{1}_{2}}{24^{1}_{8}}$	$\frac{38}{22}$ $\frac{381_2}{231_8}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2014 2278	$\frac{38}{20^{1}4}$ $\frac{38}{21^{3}4}$	*3712 3812 20 2178	1,100 62,565	37 ½ Jan. 17 20 Jan. 25	41 Jan. 5 27 Jan. 7	32 23 18
rthern Pacific	494 514	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	45 12 48 18 2 12 2 12	4012 4558 *212 234	$\begin{array}{cccc} 40^{3}_{4} & 43^{3}_{4} \\ 2^{1}_{2} & 2^{3}_{4} \end{array}$	4078 4378 278 278	360,415	4012 Jan. 23	575 Jan. 7	4934
o Centralo & Mississippi	23 23 23	23 2314	23 23 3	23 23	$22\frac{1}{4}$ $22\frac{1}{2}$	2.8 2.8	3,600	22 Jan. 2	3 ¹ 8 Jan. 7 24 ³ 4 Jan. 5	21
o Southern	233 ₄ 25 131 ₈ 131 ₈	$\begin{array}{ccc} 22 & 23\frac{7}{8} \\ 13 & 13\frac{1}{4} \end{array}$	213 ₈ 231 ₈ 13 131 ₂	1718 2158	163 184 13 13	17 19 13% 13%	211,375	163. Jan 94	8 Jan. 5 345 Jan. 7	7 29 18 12
oria Decatur & Evansvi le ladelphia & Reading	54% 55%	523_4 543_2	53% 54%	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	51 12 53 78	5212 54	$\frac{1,308}{62,100}$	13 Jan. 21 51 2 Jan. 24	14 % Jan. 10 59% Jan. 10	464
tsburg Ft. Wayne & Chie h. & Allegh., st k trust ctf's.	*5212 55	4 4	*5212 55	101 101		132 132 132 1 ₂ *52 1 ₃	100	4 Jan. 9	1321 ₂ Jan. 3 5 Jan. 11	12914 1
hmond & Danville	*2758	2634 27	27 274	*2714	*26 12 27 12	2634 27	1,400	52 ½ Jan. 16 26 ¼ Jan. 16	54 4 Jan. 15 31 Jan. 5	21
chester & Pittsburg Louis Alton & Terre Haute	$^{133}_{*42} \ ^{141}_{46} \\ ^{*42} \ ^{46}$	1358 14	1378 1414	1414 1438	14 12 14 12	141 ₂ 15 *10 45	4,835	135 Jan. 18 40 Jan. 15	153 ₄ Jan. 9 43 Jan. 4	14 35
Do pref.	*87 90 *19 20	88 88 *18 20	20	* 20	* 20	*83 91	100	88 Jan. 3 20 Jan. 16	90 Jan. 12 26 2 Jan. 14	80 1 201 ₂
Do pref. Do 1st pref.	39 39 x87				* 39		100	39 Jan. 19 90 Jan. 5	42 Jan. 9 90 Jan. 5	87 1
Do pref		05 00	951. 90	051. 059	911. 971.	001. 00	15 000	29 % Jan. 18	323 ₄ Jan. 9	33 90
Paul Minneap, & Manitoba,	$\begin{array}{cccc} 188 \\ 15 & 16 \\ 73 \\ 58 & 74 \\ 12 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$84\frac{1}{2}$ $87\frac{1}{4}$ $16\frac{1}{4}$ $17\frac{1}{4}$	$86\frac{1}{4}$ 88 $16\frac{7}{8}$ $17\frac{3}{8}$ $76\frac{1}{2}$	$\begin{array}{c} 15,260 \\ 32,060 \\ 207,798 \end{array}$	84 ½ Jan. 24 15 Jan. 19	2014 Jan. 10	1714
bash St. Louis & Pacific	14 8 10	$15\frac{1}{2}$ $16\frac{1}{4}$ $72\frac{1}{8}$ $73\frac{3}{4}$ $12\frac{1}{2}$ $14\frac{1}{2}$		14.4 19.8	1614 1714 7414 7618 1412 15	19 8 19 8	15,460	69 ¹ 2 Jan. 2 12 ¹ 2 Jan. 21	20 ¹ 4 Jan. 10 78 Jan. 10 19 ³ 4 Jan. 7 32 Jan. 5	70 % 1
Do pref. MISCELLANEOUS. erican Tel. & Cable Co	26 28	24.4 26	2412 2512	24 2 26 2	25 25 12	254 254	27,675			2918
	${\begin{smallmatrix} 60 \\ 122 {}^{1}\!_{4} & 122 {}^{3}\!_{8} \\ 11 & 11 {}^{1}\!_{2} \end{smallmatrix}}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1224 1225	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	12212 12234	12214 12278	$\frac{274}{2,832}$	57 8 Jan. 17 119 8 Jan. 2	$\begin{array}{c} 61{}^{5}\!_{8}\mathrm{Jan.} 8 \\ 122{}^{7}\!_{8}\mathrm{Jan.} 25 \\ 16{}^{3}\!_{4}\mathrm{Jan.} 2 \end{array}$	57 1184 1
orado Coal & Iron	$\frac{11}{105}\frac{11}{s_8}\frac{11}{105}\frac{1}{s_8}$	105 4 105 4	100 4 100 4	100 2 100 6	$\frac{10^{1}2}{105^{1}4} \frac{11^{3}4}{105^{1}2}$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 11^{1}_{4} & 11^{1}_{4} \\ 106 & 106 \end{array}$	$\frac{1,535}{1,485}$	10 ¹ 2 Jan. 21 105 Jan. 4	163 ₄ Jan. 2 1061 ₄ Jan. 12	$\frac{14}{102} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{1}$
aware & Hudson Canal tual Union Telegraph w York & Texas Land Co	140 160	*138 160	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	16 ¹ 2 16 ¹ 2	*16 ¹ 2 17 ¹ 2 *150 160	*145 165	200	14 ¹ 4 Jan. 16 122 ¹ 2 Jan. 7	106 ¹ 4 Jan. 2 106 ¹ 4 Jan. 12 17 ³ 8 Jan. 10 138 ³ 4 Jan. 12 65 ¹ 8 Jan. 7 103 ¹ 2 Jan. 5 44 ¹ 4 Jan. 7 117 Jan. 7 5 ¹ 9 Jan. 18	15 55 1
gon Railway & Nav Co	91 lo 93 lo	90 9112	38 41 881 ₈ 911 ₂	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{43}{80}$ $\frac{44}{82}$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{1,350}{22,429}$	38 Jan. 22 79 Jan. 25	65 s Jan. 7 103 s Jan. 5	90 1
Oberen Palage Can Ca	109 110	1093, 100	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	109 \(111	$^{413}_{110}^{3}_{1101_{4}}$	$\begin{array}{c} 42 {}^{1}\!8 & 42 {}^{1}\!2 \\ 110 & 110 {}^{5}\!8 \end{array}$	7,075 4,614	4034 Jan. 21 10834 Jan. 21	44 ¹ 4 Jan. 7 117 Jan. 7	28 1124 1
cksilver Mining Do pref. stern Union Telegraph	$\begin{smallmatrix} 5 & & 5 \\ 27 & & 27 \\ 72 & 73 & 4 \end{smallmatrix}$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 4 & 103 & 4 & 1_2 & 4 & 1_2 & 4 & 1_2 & 25 & 1_2 & 25 & 1_2 & 72 & 5_8 & 72 & $	*22 28	809 95	*22 25		700	4 l ₂ Jan. 21 25 l ₈ Jan. 21	5½ Jan. 18 27 Jan. 19 76½ Jan. 7	30
		7112 7258	724 738	7234 7312	7234 7332	7234 7334	124,692	71 ¹ 4 Jan. 18	76½ Jan. 7	7134
ams	951a 951a	130 130 93 93	*129 130 93 to 93 to	*12912 13014 9212 94	129 130 93 93	$\begin{array}{ccc} 130 & 130 \\ 92 & 94 \end{array}$	350 180	1281 ₂ Jan. 3 91 Jan. 3	130 ¹ 4 Jan. 14 97 Jan. 15 60 Jan. 8	1261 ₂ 1
erican ited States lls, Fargo & Co NACTIVE STOCKS.	60 60	*58 60 109 109	$\begin{array}{c} 93 {}^{1}\!_{2} 93 {}^{1}\!_{2} \\ 58 {}^{1}\!_{2} 59 \\ 110 110 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	*57 60 107 107	92 94 *58 61 106 106	172 401	56 Jan. 3	60 Jan. 8 110½ Jan. 15	551 ₂ 113 1
NACTIVE STOCKS.	100 111	1	1	1	101 101			1		197 1
any & susquen nna		50 50			150 150		15	132 Jan. 7 150 Jan. 24	133 Jan. 7 150 Jan. 24	140 1
buque & Sioux City		******					200	50 Jan. 21 78 Jan. 15	50 Jan. 21 78 Jan. 15 90 Jan. 9 15 ¹ 2 Jan. 22 145 Jan. 12	50 77 96 1
egon Short Line			15 2 15 2		15 15		******	90 Jan. 9 15 Jan. 11	90 Jan. 9 15 ½ Jan. 22	96 1
							******	1441 ₂ Jan. 3 193 ₄ Jan. 7	102 T.m 7	1 2
	2 2						200	2 Jan. 19 1921 ₂ Jan. 8	2 Jan. 19 1921 _{2 Jan. 8}	13 187 1 ₂ 1
ginia Midland					21 21		100	21 Jan. 24 10 Jan. 9	21 Jan. 24	20
ryland Coal w Central Coal ensylvania Coal ring Mountain Coal	12 12	12 12 *10 11	******	12 12 *260 315 ₈ 323 ₄		260 3134 3154	600	12 Jan. 14		
								29 ½ Jan. 2	- 0 - mm 0	260 2

QUOTATIONS OF STATE AND RAILROAD BONDS AND MISCELLANEOUS SECURITIES. STATE BONDS.

SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Asl
labama-	80	81	Michigan-			N. Carolina-Continued-			South Carolina-		_
Class A, 3 to 5, 1906 Class A, 3 to 5, small	81		7s, 1890 Missouri–	117		N. C.RR. 7 cp's off, J&J Do 7 coup's off, A.&O.	135 135		6s, Act Mar. 23, 1869) non-fundable, 1888.	242	
Class B, 5s, 1906	98	100	6s, due 1886	104				12	Brown consol'n 6s, 1893	102	
Class C, 4s, 1906	80	100	6s, due 1887	107			9	12	Tennessee-6s, old, 1892-8	37 2	
6s, 10-20s, 1900	104		6s, due 1888			New bonds, J.&J., '92-8	16		6s, new, 1892-8-1900	374	39
rkansas-		1	6s. due 1839 or 1890	111		Do A.&O	16		6s, new series, 1914	3714	38
6s, funded, 1899-1900	10	1412	Asyl'm or Univ., due '92	111		Chatham RR	212		C'mp'mise, 3-4-5-6s, 1912	434	44
78. L. Rock & Ft. S. 188.	18		Funding, 1894-95	117		Special tax, class 1, '98-9	212		Virginia-6s, old	40	
7s, Memp.& L. Rock RR	18		Hannibal & St. Jo., '86.	110		Do class 2	240		6s, new, 1866	40	
78, L. R.P.B. & N.O. RR	16		Do do '87	110			2 2		6s, new, 1867	40	
78, Miss. O. & R. R. RR.	16		New York-	100		Do Western RR	2 42		6s, consol. bonds	60	
7s, Arkansas Cent. RR.	103		6s, gold, reg., 1887	108		Do Wil.C.&Ru.R. Do W'n, & Tar R.	242		6s, ex-matured coupon.	54	
eorgia-6s, 1886	1021-		6s, gold, coup., 1887 6s, loan, 1891	113			0: 2		6s, consol., 2d series 6s, deferred	8	10
7s, new, 1886 7s, endorsed, 1886	103 4						801-		District of Columbia—	0	10
78, gold, 1890	11112		6s, loan, 1893	117		Small	00 -9		3-65s, 1924	11312	
ouisiana-	2	1	N. Carolina-6s, old, J.&J.	29	33	68, 1886	107			11312	
7s, consol., 1914	75			29	3212	Rhode Island-	20.		Registered		
7a. amall	70		No Carolina RR., J.&J†				116		Funding 5s, 1899	110	
Ex-matured coupon	66		Do A.&O	160		1			Do small	110	

RAILROAD BONDS.

7			R	AILROA	D BONDS.				
Railroad Bonds.		- 1	Det. L. & WContin d- M.&E78 of 1871,1901	12034	Mich. Cent.—Con.7s,1902 Consolidated 5s, 1902	124 125	Penn. RRContinued-	*108	Ī
(Stock Exchange Prices.) Ala,Central-1st, 6s, 1918	*92		N.Y.Lack, &W1st, 68	124 % 124 %	68, 1909	1011	C.&P4th, s.fd., 6s, 1892 St.L.V.&T.H1st, g., 7s	*	117
Alleg'y Cen.—1st, 6s, 1922	9712				Registered, 5s, 1931		2d, 7s, 1898 2d, guar., 7s, 1898 Pitts. B.& B.—1st,6s,1911 Rome W.&Og.—1st,7s,'91		
Alleg'y Cen.—1st, 6s, 1922 Atch. T.&. S. Fe—4 12, 1920 Sinking fund, 6s, 1911		90	7s, 1891 1st, ext., 7s, 1891 Coup., 7s, 1894	*11242	Jack. Lan. & Sag68,'91 Mil. & No18t, 68, 1910.	100 98	Pitts. B.& B.—1st,6s,1911	108	90
Atl. & Pac.—1st, 6s, 1910 Balt.& O.—1st, 6s, Prk. Br.	92	92 to 116 to 2	Coup., 7s, 1894 1st, Pa. Div., cp., 7s, 1917	-1174 118	Mil. L.S. & W 1st.6s, 1921	997	Con. 1st, ex. 5s, 1922	00 2	664
			Alb. & Susq.—1st, 7s 2d, 7s, 1885	1:0	Minn.&St.L.—1st,7s,1927 Iowa Ext.—1st, 7s, 1909	110 2	Roch.& Pitt.—1st.6s,1921 Consol. 1st, 6s, 1922 Rich. & Al.—1st, 7s, 1920	9134	109
Bur.C.Rap. & No.—1st,5s	1003	1014	2d, 7s, 1885 1st, cons., guar. 7s, 1906	1011 ₂	2d, 7s, 1891 S'thw. Ext.—1st.7s, 1910	110 1105	Rich. & Al.—1st, 7s, 1920 Rich. & Dany.—Cons.g.,6s	950	94
Minn. & St. L. – 18t, 7s, gu Iowa C. & West. – 1st, 7s C. Rap. Ia. F. & N. – 1st, 6s	*123	11319	Rens & Sar -1st coun	*110	Mo K &T Gon 6a 1920	77 5 80	Debenture 6s. 1927	59 9	60
C.Rap. Ia. F.& N1st,6s	*101*9	91	1st, cons., guar.7s, 1906 1st cons., 6s, 1906 Rens. & Sar.—1st. coup. 1st, reg., 1921	*1321g	General, 5s, 1920	109 109 2	Atl.&Ch.—1st, p., 7s., '97 Incomes, 1900		8819
1st, 5s, 1921 Buf. N. Y. & Phil.—1st, 6s	95	97	1st consol., 7s, 1910	82 83	General, 5s, 1920 Cons. 7s, 1904-5-6 Cons. 2d, income, 1911. H. & Cent. Mo.—1st, '90	64 2 65	St. L. & Iron Mt1st, 7s	116	117
Can. So.—1st, int. g'ar. 5s 2d. 5s. 1413		93 lg 83	Denv.So.P.&Pac1st,7s. Den.& RioG. West1st,6s	93 661 ₂	Mobile & Ohio, -New, 68.	*104 104 1 ₂	2d, 7s, 1897 Arkansas Br.—1st, 7s	1071 ₂ 1061 ₂	107
Central lowa—1st, 7s, '99 East. Div.—1st, 6s, 1912		99	Det Mac & Mara -1st fis	91 4	Collat, Trust, 6s, 1892 Morgan's La.& T1st, 6s		Cairo & Fulton-1st.7s.	106	1065
Char. Col. & Aug1st,7s Ches. & Ohio-Pur. m'yfd.			Land grant, 3½s, S. A E.T.Va.& G.—1st.7s,1900 1st, cons., 5s, 1930	714 7178	Nash.Chat.&St.L1st,78	117 11712	Cairo Ark. & T.—1st, 7s Gen. r y & l. gr., 5s, 1931 St. L. Alton & T. H.—1st.	69 tg	697
bs. gold, series A, 1908. 6s, gold, series B, 1908.	*	111	Divisional 98, 1200	93 4 94 9	2d, 6s, 1901 N. Y. Central—6s, 1887	104 kg 104 kg	2d, pref., 7s, 1894	108	110
6s, currency, 1918		48	Eliz.C.& N.—S.f.,deb.c.6s 1st, 6s, 1920		Deb. certs, extd. 5s N.Y.C. & H.—1st, cp7s	$104\frac{1}{2}$ 105 $131\frac{1}{4}$ 132	2d, pref., 7s, 1894 2d, income, 7s, 1894 Beilev. & S. Ill.—1st, 8s	103 lg	
Mortgage 68, 1911	10134		Eliz. Lex. & Big S6s Erie-1st, extended, 7s	1023 103 1263	1st, reg., 1903	130 ·2 131 104 ·2 105	St. P. Minn. & Man1st,7s 2d, 6s, 1909	*106	109 110
Chicago & Alton-181, 78.	*118	119	2d, extended, 5s, 1919	*110	Harlem-1st, 7s, coup.	130 -2	Dakota Ext68, 1910		110
La. & Mo. Riv.—1st, 7s.	114.5	124	3d. extend'd, 4 lgs, 1923 4th, extended, 5s, 1920.	107 108	1st, reg., 1903 Hinds, R.—7s, 2d, s.f., '85 Harlem—1st, 7s, coup. N. Y. Elev'd—1st, 7s, 1906 N. Y. Pa.&O.—Pr., 'n.6s, '95	107 2 108 2	Ist consol. 6s. 1933 Min's Un.—1st,6s,1922.		99
2d, 7s, 1900	11712		5th 7a 1888	109	N.Y.C.&N.—Gen.,6s,1910 Trust Co., receipts	* 35	Min's Un.—1st,6s,1922. St. P. & Dul.—1st,5s,1931 So. Car. Ry.—1st,6s, 1920		10412
St. L. Jack. & Chic1st 1st, guar. (564), 7s, '94		120	1st cons., gold, 7s, 1920. 1 t cons., Id. conp., 7s Reorg., 1st lien, 6s,1908	128	N.Y. & New Eng.—1st. 7s	*98. 100	20, 08, 1931	107	97
2d (360), 7s, 1898 2d, guar. (188), 7s, '98. Miss. R. Br'ge—1st, s. f. 69			Long Dock b'ds, 7s, '93.		1st, 6s, 1905 N.Y.C.&St.L1st,6s.1911	10058	Shen'd'h V.—1st, 7s.1909 General, 6s, 1921	7219	80
			Long Dock b'ds, 7s, '93, Buff.N.Y.&E.—1st,1916 N.Y.L.E.&WNew2d 6	89	2d, 6s, 1923 N.Y.W.Sh.& BuffCp.5s	*86 87 52% 53	Tex.Cen.—1st,s.f.,7s,1909 1st mort., 7s, 1911	106 2	
5s, stuking fund, 1901 5s, dependares, 1913	9234	9318	Buf.&S.WM. 6s, 1908 Ev. & T. H1st, cons., 6s	95	N. V. Susa & W lst. 68	79 2	Tol. Del. & Bur.—Main,6s 1st, Dayt. Div., 6s, 1910	*20	
Ia. Div.—S. F., 5s, 1919	*10142		Mt. Vern.—1st, 6s, 1-23 Fl't&P. M'rq.—M.6s, 1920	113 11342	Debenture, 6s. 1897 Midland of N.J.—1st.6s N.Y.N.H.& H.—st, g.4s Nevada Cent.—1st. 6s	92 94 106 110	1st, Ter'l trust, 6s, 1910 Tex. & N.O.—1st, 7s, 1905	110	
58, sinking fund, 1901 58, decentures, 1913 1a. Div.—S. F., 58, 1919 S. F., 48, 1919 Denver Div.—48, 1922	*78	99	Gal. Har.&S. Ant1st,68	11058	Nevada Cent.—1st. 6s		Sabine Div1st.6s, 1912	80	64
R I & P -ris cp. 1917	126	126 2	2d, 7s, 1905 Mex. & Pac.—1st, 5s	93	N. Pac.—G. l. g., 1st.cp.6s Registered, 6s, 1921	*1014	Va. Mid.—M. inc.,6s, 1927 Wab. St. L. & PGen'l,6s	60	
6s, reg., 1917 Keo. & Des M.—1st, 5s.	*125 12 103	107	2d, 6s, 1931 Gr'u Bay W.&S. P.—1st, 6s	*78	N.O. Pac.—1st, 6s, g., 1920 Norf. & W.—G'l, 6s, 1931.	103	Chic. Div.—5s, 1910 Hav. Div.—6s, 1910	7219	73
Central of N. J.—1st, '90. 1st consol. assented, '99	115	116	Guif Col. & S. Fe-7s, 1909 Han. & St. Jos Ss. conv	113 2 114 42 106 106 4	New Riv'r-1st,6s, 1932 No. Rathw'y(Cal)-1st,6s	105	Chic. Div.—38, 1910 Hav. Div.—68, 1910 Tol.P.&W.—18t,78,1917 Iowa Div.—68, 1921	105	
Conv., assented.7s,1902 Adjustment, 7s, 1903	111		Consol. 6s, 1911 Hous.& T.C.—1st, M.L.,7s	110 112	Ohio & Miss.—Consol, s. f.	117	1 mu pous Div08, 1921		
Conv. deb. 6s. 1908 Leh.&W.B.—Con.g'd.as	84	8719	1st, West. Div., 7s 1st, Waco & N., 7s	105	Consolidated 7s, 1898 2d consolidated 7s, 1911	* 122	Detroit Div.—6s, 1921 Cairo Div.—5s, 1931		74
Leh.&W.B.—Con.g'd.as Am.D'k&Imp.—58,1921	*	104	1st, Waco & N., 7s 2d consol., main line, 8s	110 123	1st, Springfield Div., 7s Ohio Central—1st,6s,1920	117 118	Wabash-M., 7s, 1909	107	1073
C.M.& St.P.—1st, 8s. P.D.			2d, Waco & No.,8s,1915 General, 6s, 1921	98	1st Ter'l Tr., 6s, 1920 1st Min'l Div., 6s, 1921.		1st, St. L. Div., 7s, '89	9858	99
1st, 7s, \$g., R. D., 1902. 1st, LaC. Div., 7s, 1893. 1st, 1. & M., 7s, 1897. 1st, 1. & D., 7s, 1899. 1st, C. & M., 7s, 1903.	121	116	Hous, E. & W. Tex,-1st,78			80	Detroit Div6s, 1921. Cairo Div6s, 1921. WabashM., 7s, 1909. Tol. & W1st, evt., 7s 1st, Sr. L. Div., 7s, 89 2d, ext., 7s, 1893 Equip. b'ds, 7s, 1883. Consol. conv., 7s, 1997 Gt. West., -1st, 7s, '88 2d, 7s, 1893	79	85
1st, LaC. Div., 78, 1893.	116		2d, 6s, 1913 Ill.Cent.—Sp.Div.—Cp 6s		Oreg'n&Cal.—1st,6s,1921 Or.& Trans'1—6s,'82-1922	* 66	Gt. West.—1st, 7s, 1907	106	
1st, I. & D., 7s. 1899 1st, C. & M., 7s. 1903	21		Middle Div.—Reg., 5s C.St.L.&N.O.—Ten.l7s	119 121	Origin & Cal.—1st, 6s, 1921 Or. & Trans'l—6s, 82-1922 Oreg. Imp. Co.—1st, 6s Panama—S.f., sub, 6s, 1910	7112	2d, 7s, 1893 Q. & T.—1st, 7s, 1890	96 19	99
Consol. 7s, 1905 2d, 7s, 1884	10212	121	Middle Div.—Reg., 58 C.St.L.&N.O.—Ten.l.,78 1st consol., 7s, 1897 2d, 6s, 1907	10634			Q. & T1st, 7s, 1890. Han.& Naples-1st, 7s Ill. & So. In -1st Ey. 6s		100
1st, 7s, I.&D. Ext., 1908	1184	10678	Gold, 5s, 1951 2d Div., 7s, 1894 Ced. F. & Minn.—1s ¹ , 7s Ind. Bl. & W.—1st prf. 7s	106	Evans, Div., 1st.6s,1920 Peoria & Pek, U'n-1st,6s	11112 11134	Ill.&So.Ia.—1stEx6s St.L. K.C.&N.—R.e.7s	106	1083
1st, 7s, 1.&D. Ext., 1908 S. W. Div., 1st, 6s, 1909. 1st, 5s, LaC.&Dav., 1919	100-8	95	Ced. F. & Minn1s . 7s	114	Pac. RRs.—Cen. P.—G.,6s San Joaquin Branch	10840	Om. Div.—1st, 7s Clar'da Br.—6s,1919	80	85
1st, H. & D., 7s, 1910	116%	1194	1st, 4-5-6s, 1909		Cal. & Oregon—1st, 6s State Aid bds., 7s, '84	100 10012	St. Chas. Br.—1st.6s No. Missouri—1st, 7s.	116	1174
1st, H. & D., 7s. 1910 Ch. & Pac. Div6s,1910 1st,Chic.&P.W.,5s,1921	110		2d, 4-5-6s, 1909 East'n Div.—6s, 1921	69 70 89 91	Land grant bonds, 6s. West. Pac.—Bonds, 6s.	104 % 104 % *108 % 110	West, Un. Tel.—1900, cp.	113	1134
Min'l Pt. Div., 5s, 1910.	904		Indianan D. & Spr1st.78	*101 2 106	So. Pac. of Cal.—1st, 6s.	1034	N.W. Telegraph—7s,1904 Mut. Un.T.—S.F.,6s,1911 Oregon RR. & N.—1st, 6s INCOME BONDS.	7534	77
C.& L. Sup. Div., 5s, 1921 Wis. & Min. D., 5s, 1921 C. & N'west.—S.fd, 7s, 85	90	914	2d, 5s, 1911 Int.& Gt. No.—1st,6s,gold	110	S. Pac.of Ariz'a.—1st.6s So. Pac.of N. M.—1st.6s		Oregon RR. & N1st, 6s	10212	104 5
C. & N'west.—S.fd ,7s,'85 Consol, bonds, 7s, 1915. Extens'n bonds, 7s, '85.	1524	$\frac{1003_4}{1334_2}$	Kent'ky Cen M. 6s. 1911	8134 83	Union Pacific—1st, 6s Land grants, 7s, '87-9. Sinking funds, 8s, '93.	11378 114	(Interest payable if earned.)		
	*107		L. Sh're-M S.& N. L. s.f. 78	104 105	Sinking funds, 8s, '93. Collateral Trust, 6s	11714 11734	(Interest payable if earned.) Alleg v Cent.—Inc., 1912. Atl. & Pac.—Inc., 1910 Central of N. J.—1908	171	181
Coupon, gold, 7s, 1902.	124 4		New bonds, 78, 1886.	106 107	40 58, 1907	* 112		95	
Sinking fund, 6s, 1929.	*	110	Cleve. P. & Ash.—7s Buff. & Erie—New bds. Kal. & W. Pigeon—1st. Det.M.&T.—1st,7s,1906	122	Kans. Pac.—1st,6s,'95 1st, 6s, 1896	106 10742	Cent. Ia.—Coup.debt ctfs. Ch.St.P.&M.—L.g. inc.,6s Chic. & E. Ill.—Inc., 1907		
	934	93%	Det. M.&T1st, 78, 1906	123	Den. Div.,6s,as'd,'99 1st consol., 6s, 1919	106 108 9278 93			
Escan'a & L.S.—1st, 6s. Des M. & Min's—1st, 7s	*****		Consol., coup., 1st, 7s.	122 125 126 127	C.Br.U.P.—F.c., 7s, '95 At.C.&P. –1st, 6s, 1905	90 9212		1	
Iowa Midland-1st. Ss.	128		Consol., reg., 1st, 7s.,	12043	At. J.Co. & W1st, 6s.	* 91	G. Bay W.& St. P.—2d.inc.	12	16
Peninsula—1st,conv. 7s Chicago & Mii.—1st, 7s. Win,& St. P.—1st,7s,'87	120	122	Consol., coup., 2d. 7s. Consol., reg., 2d, 7s. Long Isi. R.—1st.7s, 1898	119 1 11904	Oreg. Short L1st,6s Ut. SoGen.,7s,1909	101 103	E.T. V.&GaInc., 6s, 1931 G. Bay W.& St. P.—2d.inc., Ind. Bl. & W.—Inc., 1919 Consol., Inc., 6s, 1921.	•	30
2d, 7s, 1907	120	108	1st consol., 5s. 1931	99 2 9334	Exten., 1st, 7s, 1909 Mo. Pac.—1st, cons., 6s.	96 100	Trust Co. certificates		
Mil.& Mad.—1st,6s,1905 C.C.C.& Ind's—1st,7s.s.f.	119		Cecilian Br'ch-7s, 1907	118 119	3d, 7s, 1906	112 11212	Leh. & Wilkesb. Coal—'88 Lake E. & W.—Inc.78, '99		
Consol. 7s, 1914	118	11842	N.O.& Mob1st.6s1930	90	2d, 7s, 1891	109 110 9	Sand'ky friv.—Inc., 1920		34 45 78
C.St.P.M.&O.—Consol.,6s	1084	10812	2d 6s, 1930 E. H. & N.—1st,6s,1919	101 42	3-6s, class C, 1906	*96 964	Laf.Bl.&MunInc.7s,'99 Mil. L. S. & WIncomes		78
C.St. P.&M1st.6s, 1918 N. Wis.—1st, 6s, 1930	1		Pensacia Dic _6s 1990	162 9234	2d, 7s, 1891 St. L&S, F.—2d,6s,cl. A 3-6s, class C, 1906 3-6s, class B, 1906 1st, 6s, Peirce C, & O.— Fanting at T, 1892	96 964	Mil. L. S. & W.—incomes Mob. & O.—1st prf. deben. 2d pref. debentures	:	33
St.P.&S.C.—1st,6s,1919	116	117	St. L. Div.—1st, 6s, 1921 2d, 3s, 1980 Nashy, & Dec.—1st, 7s.	105 12 107			3d pref. debentures 4th pref. debentures		
Chic.St.L.&P.—1st,con 3s	*90		Nashv. & Dec1st, 7s. S.&N.AlaS.f.,6s,1910		So. Pac. of Mo.—1st	102 106 108	N. Y. Lake E.& WInc.6s		524
1st, con., 5s, reg., 1932. Chic. & Atl.—1st, s, 1920 Chic. & W. Ind.—1st, s f.6s	*1651	109	Leban'n-Knox-68,1931		Tex.& Pac.—1st,6s,1905 Consol., 6s, 1905 Income & Ld. gr., reg	88	Ohio CentIncome, 1920	8	10
Gen. M., 6s, 1932	* (10)	105	L. Erie & W.—1st. 6s, 1931	90	1st, RioG, Div., 6s, 1930	4.4 42	Min'l Div.—Inc. 78,1921 Ohio 80.—2d inc., 68, 1921	19	21
Col.& Green1st.6s, 1916 2d, 6s, 1926	*	79	Sandusky Div.—68,1919 Laf. Bl.& M.—181,68,1919	93	Pennsylvania RR.— Pa. Co's gu r. 4 las. 1st c.	924	Ogdens.&L.CInc., 1920 PeoriaD.&EvInc., 1920		50
Col. & Green1st.6s, 1916 2d, 6s, 1926. Col. H. Val. & Tol1st, 5s Del. L. & W7s, conv., '92	*113	7912	Louisv.N.Alb.&C1st.6s Manhat.B'chCo7s,1909	k 95	Remytered 1991	5400354	Evans. Div.—Inc., 1920 Peoria& Pek. Un.—Inc., 6s		
Del. L.&W.—7s, conv., '92 Mortgage 7s, 1907. Syr. Bing. & N. Y.—1st.7s Morris & Essex.—1st.7s	130	130	N.Y.&M.B'h-1st,7s,'97		Pitt. C.&St. L.—1st, c.7s 2d, 7s, 1913.	419d 197	Roch. & Pitts Inc . 1921	50	60
Morris & Essex.—1st.7s	136	137	Marietta & Cin1st, 7s. Metr'p'lit'n El1st,1908		Pitts, Ft. W. & Ch1st 2d, 7s, 1912	*1.234	Rome W. & Og.—1uc., 7s. So. Car. Ry.—Inc., 6s, 1931 St. L.&I. M.—1st, 7s, pr.i.a	27	55
2d, 7s, 1891 Bonds, 7s, 1900	11.3		2d, 6s, 1899 Mex. Cen.—1st, 7s, 1911.	46 70	3d, 7s, 1912 Ciev. & Pitts, Cons, e f	131 125	St. L.&I. M 1st, 7s, pr.i.a St. L.A. & T.HDiv. bds.	40	55
The second secon								-	The real Park

New York Local Securities.

Bank Sto	ck L	ist.		Insurance S [Prices by E. S. Ba			
COMPANIES.		PR	ICE.		1	PR	ICE.
Marked thus (*) are not National.	Par.	Bid.	Ask.	COMPANIES.	Par.	Bid.	Ask.
America*	100	158	160	American	50	145	155
Amer. Exchange	100	132 250		Amer. Exchange	100	108	113
Broadway Butchers' & Drov's'	25 25	150			25	150	158
Central		123		Brooklyn	1 17	160	175
Chase	100			Citizens'	20	140	150
Chatham	25	140	146			125	130
Chemical Citizens'	100 25	2020 121		Clinton Commercial Continental	50	110	120
City		275		Continental	100	240	248
Commerce	100	154 19	155	Eag10	40	245	260
Continental	100	1191		Empire City	100	75	80
Corn Exchange*	100			Exchange	30	90	100
East River Eleventh Ward*	25 25	120		Farragut	50	105	118
offth	100			Firemen's Firemen's Trust	10	70	85
ifth Avenue*		100		Franklin & Emp	100	105	112
irst	100			German-American .	100	200	210
ourth	100	130	132	Germania	50	135	143
ulton	30 50	125		Globe	50 25	110	115
Fallatin	100	116		Greenwich	100	230 60	290 65
Serman American*.	75	101		Hamilton	15	110	115
Ferman Exchange*	100			Hanover	50	133	140
ermania*	100	150		Home	100	140	145
reenwich*	25	151		Howard	90	60	65
Ianover	$\frac{100}{100}$	208	275	Irving	30	60 120	70 130
mp. & Traders'	50	145	210	Jefferson	20	195	200
rving eather Manuf'rs'	100	170		Kings C'nty (Bkn.). Knickerbocker	40	85	9212
anhattan*	50	158	****	Long Isl'd (R'klyn)	50	105	112
arine		165		Lorillard	25	65	70
arket echanics'	$\frac{100}{25}$	150	154	Manufae, & Build Mech. & Traders'	100	100	107
echanics'& Trads'	25	:00		Mechanics' (Bklyn)	50	120	105
	100	118	131	Mercantile Merchants'	50	60	65
erchants' Exch		130		Merchants'	50	100	110
lerchants' Exch	50 100	69	95	Montauk (Bklyn.)	50	105	108
letropolis*	100	150	150	Nassan (Bklyn.) National	3712	140	147
etropolitan	100			N. Y. Equitable	35	145	155
	100			N. Y. Equitable N. Y. Fire	100	85	100
ew York ew York County .	100		175	Niagara	50	125	132 2
ew York County .	100	150		North River	25 25	103	108
Y. Nat. Exch	100 100	122		Pacific	100	175	185 108
orth America*	70	10412		Peter Cooper	20	150	160
orth Rivers	30	118		Peter Cooper People's	50	108	115
riental*	25	150		Phenix	50	140	150
acinc*	100	162	168	Rutger's	25 50	115	120
ark	25	1524		Standard Star Sterling	100	100	105 63
eople's*	20	104	105	Sterling	100	60	65
roduce*	50			Stuyve-ant	25	124	127
epublic		125	130			65	70
. Nicholas*	100	148		United States	25	127	132
eventh Ward		100		Westchester	10	120	126
hoe & Leather		140		windamsburg City.	30	200	2:0
econd		125			1		
mird	100					-	
radesmen's	40	1084	112		1	1	
nion nited States		172	176		1	1	
vall Street	50			.	-		
est Side*	100				- 1	1	

GAS COMPANIES.	Par.	Amount.	Period	Rate	Date.	Bid.	Ask.
Brooklyn Gas-Light	25	2,000,000	Var's	5	May, '83	135	138
Citizens' Gas-L. (Bklyn)	20	1.200,000		3		X 7	90
Bonds	1.000	315,000	A. & O.	312	Oct., '83	107	110
Harlem	50	1,850,000	F. & A	3		120	122
Jersey City & Hoboken	20	750,000	J. & J.	710		155	165
Manhattan	50	4,000,000				270	280
Metropolitan	100	2,500,000				225	
Bonds	500	750,000				105	110
Mutual (N. Y.)	100	3,500,000		210		131	133
Bonds	1.000	1,500,000			1902	104	106
Nassau (Bklyn.)	25	1,000,000		3	Sept., '82		1200
SCIID	Var's	700,000	M.&N.	34	Nov., '83	85	87
New York	100	4,000,000	M.&N.	5	Nov., '83		153
People's (Bklyn.)	10	1,000,000	1. & J.	3 40	Jan., '76		71
Bonds	1.000	375,000			Nov., '83		110
Bonds	Var's	125,000		3	Oct., '83		100
Central of New York	50	466,000		3	Aug., '83		80
Williamsburg	50	1,000,000		2		x 112	
Bonds	1.000	1,000,000				105	
Metropolitan (Bklyn.)	100	1,000,000				87	90
Municipal	100	3,000,000		5		200	205
Bonds	100	750,000	MAN		1888	106	110
Fulton Municipal	100	3,000,000					116
Bonds			I & I	6		106	110
Fquitable	100						95

[Quotations by	H. L.	GRANT, I	Broker,	145	Broadwa	y.]	
Bl'cker St.& Fult.FStk	100		11. & J.		Jan., '84	23	1 25
1st mort	1,000		J. & J.		July, 1900	110	1124
Br'dway & 7th AvSt'k.	100	2,100,000	QJ.	2	Jan., '84	151	153
1st mort	1,000	1,500,000			June, '84	1024	
Brooklyn City-Stock	10	2,000,000	QF.	312		212	216
1st mort,	1,000	800,000	J. & J.		Jan., 100		110
Br'dway (Bkln.)-Stock.	100		QF.		Nov., '83	210	215
Bklyn. Crosstown-Stock	100		A. & O.	4		140	
1st mort, bonds	1.000	400.000	J. & J.	7	Jan., 1888	105	112
Bushw'kAv. (Bkln)-Si'k	100		QF.	2		100	170
Cent. Pk. N. & E. Riv Stk	100	1,800,000		2		142	144
Consol, mort, bonds	1.000	1,200,000			Dec., 1902		121
Christ'ph'r&10th St-Stk	100		F. & A.			115	120
Bonds	1,000		A. & O.	7	1898	110	116
Dry Dk. E. B. & Bat'y-Stk	100	1,200,000				290	305
1st mort., consol			J. & D.		June, '93	114	117
Eighth AvStock		1.000,000		3		300	
1st mort	1.000	2,000,000	4. 0.		Juli, Oa	000	
42d & Gr'rd St. F'rv-Stk		748 000	M.&N.	6	Nov., '83	950	
42d & Gr'Ld St.F'ry—Stk 1st mort	1.000		A. & O.		April, '93		117
Central Crosstown-Stk.	100		1. & J.			115	120
1st mort	1.000		M.S.N.		Nov.,1922		11212
Houst.W.St.&P.F'yStk	100		QF.			105	
1st mort	500		J & J.		July, '94	1110	110
Second Av.—Stock	100	1,396,500		-		230	113
3d mort	1.000		A. & O.	2		102	
Consol.	1.000	1,050,000			April, '85	107	100
Sixth Av.—Stock	100		M.&N.		Nov., 88	107	108
1st mort	1.000		J. & J.		Sept., '83	110	320
Third Av.—Stock	100						115
1st mort	1.000	2,000,000	T of	7		275	28112
Twenty-third StStock.	100	2,000,000	J. & J.	4	Jan., '90	111	113
et mort	1 000	250,000	F. & A.	*	Aug., '83	163	170

[|] This column shows last dividend on stocks, but date of maturity of bonds | 170 | 113 | 114 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 1

Quotations in Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Atch. & Fopeka-1st, 7s. 1204	-			•		
Annal grant, 7s. Com. 6 1889. 109 114	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.
Annual grand, 7s. Compact Comp	Atch. & Topeka-1st. 7s	1203				
Boston & Lowell - 78	Atlantic & Pacific—6a			Mort., 6s, 1889	1091	1:0
Boston & Lowell - 78	Income	1712		2d, 6s, 1904		
Nebroska, 4s. Connection Valley-0s. Conn. 5s. Sys. Connection Valley-0s. Connection Valley				Cam. & Burl. Co6s, '97.	******	1134
Scientists Sci	Boston & Lowell-7s			Chat. M., 10s, 1888	193	
Nebroska, 4s. Connection Valley-0s. Conn. 5s. Sys. Connection Valley-0s. Connection Valley	Boston & Providence-7s			Chart'rs V.—1st, 7s, 1901		
Nebraska 48. Connection Valley	Nebraska, 6s. Exempt	113		Cor.Cowan& Ant.,deb.6s,		
Fort scort & Guilf—78	Nebraska, 4s.			Del & Bound Br -1st, 7s	1261	
Fort scort & Guilf—78	Connotton Valley-6s			East Fenn.—18t, 78, 1888 Easton&Amb'y—58, 1920		
K. City Sept of Mon., 66 K. City Sept of Mon., 67 K. City Sept of Mon., 68 K. City Sept of Mon	East'rn, Mass.—6s, new	******	14 (1) %	5s, perpetual	113	
S. City Spid & Mon. = 6	K. City Lawr. & So6s	106		Harrisb'g-1st, 6s, 1883 H &B.T -1st, 7s, g., 1890	115	
N. Mastico & So. Prac.—75 Oregon short Line—68. Oregon short Line—	K. City St. 10. & C. B78 K. City Sp'd & Mem6s	118 .		Ithaca&Ath.—1st, gid.,7s		90
N. Maxisoc & So. Pac.—15 Oregons hort Line—6s. Oregons bact Line—Con. 6s Oregons bact Line—6s. Oregons bact Li	Mexican Central—7s	47	4714	Junction-1st, 6s, 1882 2d, 6s, 1900		
Pueblo & Ark. Val7s. 1164 Norfolk & West4ch. 6s. 10s 20 103	N. Y. & N. England—6s	9612	97	Leh. V.—1st,6s, C.&R, '98 2d, 7s, reg., 1910		120
Pueblo & Ark, Val7s. 1164 Norfolk & West.—den. 6s. 102 103 Sonora-7s 1164 Norfolk & West.—den. 6s. 104 102 103		116	69	Cons. 6s, C.& R., 1923 N. O. Pac.—1st, 6s, 1920.	834	854
Pueblo & Ark, Val7s. 1164 Norfolk & West.—den. 6s. 102 103 Sonora-7s 1164 Norfolk & West.—den. 6s. 104 102 103	Ogdensb.& L.ChCon.6s Income	******		No. Penn.—1st, 6s, cp., '85 2d, 7s, cp. 1896	102	103
Income	Old Colony-7s			Gen., 7s, 1903	122	
Income	Pueblo & Ark. Val7s Rutland-6s, 1st			Norfolk & West.—Gen6s N. R. Div. 1st. 6s 1932		103
Income	Sonora-7s T. Cinn. & St. L-1st. 6s.		92	Oil City & Chic.—1st, 6s		
Chin. Sandusky & Cleve. Commerciant Fiver. Connecticul Fiver. Connecti	Income	******		Pennsylv.—Gen., 6s, reg.	122	121
Chin. Sandusky & Cleve. Commerciant Fiver. Connecticul Fiver. Connecti	Atchison & Topeka Boston & Albany	177	178	Cons., 6s, reg., 1905 Cons., 6s, coup., 1905	116	119
Chine. Sandusky & Cleve. Commercial River. Connecticul River. Connecti	Boston & Lowell Boston & Maine	161	162	Cons., 5s, reg., 1919 Pa. & N. Y. C.—7s, 1896	10612	122
Chine. Sathusky & Cleve. Commedicated River. Connectical River. Connec	Boston & Providence Cheshire, preferred			7, 1906 Perkiomen—1st. 6s.cp. '87	125	
Connecticut	Chic. & West Michigan Cinn. Sandusky & Cleve		13	Phil & Erie-2d.7s,cp.,'88 Cons., 6s, 1920	1091	
Cons. Cons	Concord			Cons., 5s, 1920	10434	
Cons. Sale Sel. C. 1998 September	Conn. & Passumpsic		82	Phil. & R.—1st, 6s, 1910	118	120
Cons. Cons	Det Lansing & No pref			Cons., 7s, reg., 1911		12619
Cons. Cons	Eastern, New Hampsh			Cons., 6s, g., 1.R.C.1911	1134	
Cons. Cons	Flint & Pere Marquette.	25	99	Gen., 6s, g., coup., 1908	9778	98
Cons. Cons	Fort Scott & Gulf-Pref.		121	Income, 7s, coup., 1896	98	100
Looisana & Mo. River Preferred Maine Gentral Gont Freferred Maine Gentral Gont Freferred Gont Freferred Gont Gont Gentral	Iowa Falls & Sioux City.	77		Cons. 5s, 1st ser., c., 1922 Cons. 5s, 2d ser. c., 1933		70
Preferred	Little Rock & Ft. Smith.	$17^{1_{2}}$			89	20
Preferred 145	Preferred			Conv., 7s, R. C., 1893‡	77 42	784
Preferred 145	Manchester & Lawrence.	90		Conv. 7s, cp.off, Jan., '85 Phil.Wil.& Balt.—4s, tr.et		923
Wisconsin Central 20 Priterred 20 Gens, 4s, old, 1923 99 Warren & F.—1st, 7s, 96 115 115 Wast Chester—Cons, 7s, 115 121 Wast Chester—Cons, preferred 26 Preferred 26 English Ray 26 Englis	Preferred			Pitts.Cin & St.L7s, reg Pitts. Titus. & B7s,cp.		100
Wisconsin Central 20 20 30 30 30 30 30 30	N. Y. & New England	130	14	Shamokin V. & Potts.—7s Shen. Val.—1st, 7s, 1909		1073
Wisconsin Central 20 Priterred 20 Gens, 4s, old, 1923 99 Warren & F.—1st, 7s, 96 115 115 Wast Chester—Cons, 7s, 115 121 Wast Chester—Cons, preferred 26 Preferred 26 English Ray 26 Englis	Northern of N. Hampsh. Norwich & Worcester	155		Gen'l 6s, 1921		80
Wisconsin Central 20 20 30 30 30 30 30 30	Old County concessors	13:34		Income, 5s, 1914 Suppurv & Erie-1st, 7s.		
Wisconsin Central 20 Cons. 6s, gold, 1998 Gen. 4s, old, 1923 99 Warren & F.—1st, 7s, 96 115 March N. & Phil. 9 94 Warren & F.—1st, 7s, 96 115 West Chester-Cons. 7s. 116 West Chester-Cons. 7s. 116 West Chester-Cons. 7s. 117 Cons. 7s. 120 C	Rutland-Preferred	1.4		Sunb. Haz. & W.—1st, 5s 2d, 6s, 1938		
Wisconsin Central 20 Priterred 20 Gens, 4s, old, 1923 99 Warren & F.—1st, 7s, 96 115 115 Wast Chester—Cons, 7s, 115 121 Wast Chester—Cons, preferred 26 Preferred 26 English Ray 26 Englis	Tol Cinn & St Louis	34	7,	Syr.Gen.& Corn.—1st, 7s. Union & Titusy.—1st, 7s.		99
Wisconsin Central 20 20 30 30 30 30 30 30	d orcester & Nashua		100	United N. J.—Cons.6s,'94 Cons. 6s, gold, 1901		
Alleginchy Valley Buffalo N.Y. & Phil. 9 Buffalo N.Y. & Buffalo N.	Preferred	20		Cons. 6s, gold, 1908 Gen., 4s, old, 1923		
Allegneny V:sley Buffalo N; V: de Phil. 9 9 94 1 181 8.5 8.69 90 122 121 121 121 121 121 121 121 121 12	PHILADELPHIA.			Warren & F1st, 7s, '96 West Chester-Cons. 7s	115	1211
Canalando	Allegheny Valley			W. Jersey-1st, 6s, cp., '96		115
Section Canada	Buffalo N.Y. & Phil	9		Cons. 6s, 1909	112	
Preferred	Camden & Atlantic			Western Penn6s, coup.		
Preferred	23 AW1883		26	Gen., 7s, coup., 1901		
Preferred	2d preferred	54 19	55	Ches. & Del.—1st, 6s, 1886	70	72
Preferred	East Pennsylvania			Mort. RR., reg., 1897		
Little Schuylkill				Greenw'd Tr., 7s, reg		
Little Schuylkill	Preferred			Pennsylv.—6s, cp., 1910.	87	91
BALTIMORE.	Lehigh Valley			2d, 6s, reg., 1907	98	
Norlich & West Columbia & West Columbia & Greenv 199	Minehill & Sch. Haven		65 4	BALTIMORE.		
1st pref. 125 127 128 129 134 127 135	Norfolk & West'n-Com			Atlanta & Charlotte		72
2d pref 123 23 24 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 3	Northern Central				126 .	
Palla & Reading		4 3 1	4358	2d pref. Parkersburg Br50	9	
Palla & Reading	North Pennsylvania	57 78	58	Central Ohio—Com50 Pittsburg & Connellsville		
Palla & Reading	'hiladelphia & Erie Phila, Ger. & Norristown	110 1	1012	Western Maryland50 RAILROAD BONDS.		
Tilla, Wim, & Bait. Com. Cen. Ohio6s, 185.A.&O 104.9 104. Cen. Ohio6s, 185.A.&O 104.9 1104. Cen. Ohio6s, 185.A.&O 104.9 1104. Cen. Ohio6s, 185.A.&O 104.9 104. Cen. Ohio6s, 185.A.&O 104.9		267	62.77	Atlanta de Chart. 200		83
West Chester - Cons. pref. Cin. Wash. & Balt 1sts. 100 to 663 664	Phila, & Trenton Phila, Wilm, & Balt			Balt, & Ohio -68, '85A. & O Cen. Ohio -68, 1st, M. & S.	104 2	103
West Chester - Cons. pref. Cin. Wash. & Balt 1sts. 100 to 663 664	Pittsb. Cin. & St. L.—Com. Inited N. J. Companies				98	99
Can Al Stocks, Can	Vost Choston Cone prof			Cin. Wash. & Balt.—1sts.	003 ₄ 2	663
schuylkill Nav., pref. 17 68, 1990. A. & O. 118 RAILROAD BONDS, Allegh, Val.—7 3-108, '96 122 58, Series A 1093, Ts., k., ext., 1910. 58, Series B 99 Inc. 78, end., coup., '94 324 35 Pittsb.&Con'ells.—7sJ&J 1234 Selvid'e Del.—1st,68,1902 Union R.R.—1st, gan.J&J 126 2d, 6s, 1885 Canton endersed. 1100	Vest Jersey & Atlantic			308	98	991
Schuylkill Nav. pref. 17 68, 1900. A. & O. 118	ehigh Navigation	44 12	4434	2ds No Central—6a '85 J & 1	72	74
10	RAILROAD BONDS	1	17	6s, 1900, A. & O	18	
3d. 6s. 1887 103 2 Virginia & Tenn.—6s 100	Allegh. Val.—7 3-10s, '96	122		98, Series A	0034	
3d. 6s. 1887 103 2 Virginia & Tenn.—6s 100	Inc. 7s. end., coup., '94	324	35	Pittsb.&Con'ells.—78J&J 1	234	
Sell's Gap—1st, 7s, 1893. Virginia & Tenii.—6s 100 1st, 8, 90. W.Md.—6s, 1st, g., J. & J. 101 2d, guar. J. & J. 110 2d, guar. J. & J. 120 2d	2d, 6s, 1885			Canton endersed		
Consol. 68, 1913. W. Att 68, 181, g. J. & J. 101 Euff. N.Y. & Phil 181, 68 2d, guar. J. & J.	Bell's Gap—1st, 7s, 1893.				22 .	
2d, 78, 1908 at, 52 at,	Consol. 68, 1913.			2d, guar, J. & J	10 1	16
1st. Tr. cs. 1922 Wil. & Weston-Gold. 7s. 120	2d. 7s. 1908			6s, 3d, guar., J. & J		
* Ex-dividend. † Per share. ‡ in default. § Ex-rights.				Wil. & Wesdon-Gold. 7s. 1		

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The latest road rail earnings and the totals from Jan. 1 to latest date are given below.

	Latest Ea	rnings Rep	orted.	Jan. 1 to Latest Date.		
Roads.	eek or Mo	1884	1883.	1884	1883.	
		*	8	*	*	
Bur.Ced.R.& No. 2	d welr Ton	46,721	44.302	82.523	97,69	
		65.000				
Canad'n Pacific 3	u wk Jan.	49.072	$\frac{39,000}{38,227}$	189,000	119,00 38,22	
Central Iowa 2 Chicago & Alton 2	d wik Jan			322,123		
Unicago & Alton 2	d wk Jan	174,164	168,322		319, 0	
Chic. & East. Ill. 2		33,306	31,052	55,720	60,40	
Chie.& Gr. Trunk W	KJan 12	42,055	52.329	74.087	96,91	
Chie. Mil.&St. P. 3	a wk Jan.	346,000	322,245	1,006,000	972,94	
Chie. & Northw. 3		349,500	294,100	912,700	910,60	
Ch.St.P.Min.&O. 3		82,200	66,000	2:1,600	213,70	
Chie. & W. Mich. 1		17,529	21,620	17,529	21,62	
Cin.Ind.St.L.&C. 2		69.171	83,085	69,171	83,08	
Cin. Wash. & Balt 2		29,221	32.048	60,568	62,65	
Clev. Akron& Col 2		7.185	8,345	14,237	17.34	
Clev.Col.C.& Ind 1		32,032	41,587	32,032	44,58	
Denv.& Rio Gr. 3	d wk Jan.	112,400	93,100	329,600	293,20	
Des Mo.& Ft. D. 2	d wk Jan.	7,160	4.829	12,030	10,07	
Det. Lan. & No 2	d wk Jan.	19,836	24,175	33,977	46,02	
Dub. & Sioux C. 1	st wk Jan	11,634	15,259	11,634	15,: 5	
Flint & P. Marce 2		42,938	42,195	77,444	85,58	
Ft.W. & Denver. 1		5,800	6,200	5,800	6,20	
Grand Trunk V		252,436	344.626	502,213	684,0	
Gr. Bay W. &St.P. 2	d wk Jan	7,811	6,128	13,160	13,13	
d.Ill. Cen. (Ill.) 2		215,500	220,793	373,203	420,3	
	d wk Jan.	35,800	32,760	58,500	60,90	
Ind. Bloom, & W		51,092	52,315	92,114	110,69	
Kan. C. Sp. & M. 1		11,673	02,010	11 072	110,00	
Kentucky Cent.	d wh Jan	11,497	10,925	11,673 20,471	*****	
L Erie & West'n 2	d wh Jan.				21,41	
L Erie & West I 2	d wk Jan.	21,875	29,726	36,913	56,27	
Long Island 3		34,940	31,977	102,487	98,64	
Louisv. & Nashv. 3	d wk Jan.	236,200	256,940	653,200	714,75	
Mex.Cent., No.D :	d wk Jan.	9,746	*******	*******	*****	
Mex.Nat.,No.D5	d wk Jan.	8,100		23,750		
Southern Divy		13,400	*******	38,900	******	
Mil. L.Sh. & West	d wk Jan.	16,445	15,453	46,130	45,9:	
Norfolk & West	8 dys Jan	103,514	100,764	103,514	100,70	
Shenandoah V	wks Jar.	28,034	27,417	28,034	27,4	
Northern Pacific		119,20	95,100	262,800	211.36	
Ohio Central		14,703	20,032	14,703	20,08	
Ohio Southern !		8,713	9.281	8,713	9,2	
Peo. Dec. & Ev	d wk Jan.	16,700	10,200	26,576	19,18	
Roch. & Pittsb'g	2d wk Jan.	10,673	5,811	26,382	11.63	
Bt. L. Alt. & T.H.		27,394	30,565	48,63	58.3	
Do (brehs.)	2d wk Jan.	15,800	16,739	26,780	30.9	
Bt. Louis & Carro		4,013	6,722	4,013	6,7	
Bt.L.&San Fran.		74,500	58,971	199,410	176,6	
Bt. Paul & Dul	3d wk Jan.	16,824	15,880	49.378	47,6	
Bt. P. Minn.& M.	2d wk Jan.	98,480	123,380	196,038	248,56	
Tex.& St. Louis.c	od wk Ian	16,006		29,162		

Roads.	Latest E	larnings R	eported.	Jan. to 1 L	atest Date.
module.	Week or Mo	1883.	1882.	1883.	1882.
		. \$	\$	8	8
Ala.Gt.Southern		106,782	94,779	1,059,174	856,752
Central Pacific.			2,139,259	22,871,323	23,612,109
Chesap. & Ohio.	December.	324.527	253,356	3,924,935	3,334,977
Chic. Bur. & Q	November.	2,562,773	2,199,421	23,939.430	
CincinnatiSouth		223,517	208,814	2,587,564	2,567,135
Danbury & Nor.	October	21,109	20,510	184,577	174,582
Eastern	3 wks Dec.	178,593	172,372	3,542,249	3,336,821
E.Tenn. Va. &Ga.		367,834	341.341	4,138,164	3,351,356
Eliz. Lex. & B.S	December.	52,695	47,090	714,268	529,320
Evansv. & T. H.	December.	59,976	59,982	723,894	850,230 402,766 428,774
Flor. Cent. & W.	3d wk Dec.	12,103	11,368	422,218 535,220	402,766
Flor. Tr. & Pen.		17,183	11,625	535,220	428,774
GulfCol&San.Fe	2 Wks Dec.	101,510	121,275	2,030,327	1,508,741
Hous. E.&W. Tex	December.	36,757	26,070	337,820	266,927
K.C.Ft. S. & Gulf		55,682	48,832	2,011,969	1,753,943
L. R. & Ft.Smith		65,357	83,591	555,761	539,129
L.Rk.M.Riv.&T.		50,000	44.728	361,488	264,772
La. & Mo. River.		63,30	56,100	557,600	439,900
Mar. Hough. & O.		21,127	19,561	890,978	1,794,091
Memp. & Charl.		40,295	41,062	1,249,899	1,059,525
Minn.& St. Louis		176,053	167,745	1,501,801	1,401,101
Missouri Pac. a		435,472	483,116	17,107,442	15.676,828
Mo.Kan.& T. b		287,711	335,127	11,658,994	10,133,463
Tex. & Pacific.		188,255	196,513	7,005,111	5,919,732
Central Br'ch.		43,225	32,766 1,047,512	1,522,041	996,496
Whole System		954.663	1,047,512	37,293,388	
Mobile & Ohio	December.	290,029	306.723	2,264,900	2,185,167
Nash.Ch.&St.L.	December	209,999	210,676	2,328,493	2,162,857
N.Y.L.E.&W			1,819,010	19,884,155	
N. Y. Susq. & W.			71,322		
Northern Cent	December	409,152	490,004		5,800,176
Oregon & Cal Oregon Imp. Co.	November.	114,174	040.000	956,053	
Oregon R.&N.Co.			340,058	3,792,758	3,076.552
Pennsylvania		427,500	280,650		5,014,915
Philadelp.& Eric					49,079,826
Phila. & Read.			369,583		3.675,901
Do C. & Iron					
Richm& Dany.					
Ch'i Col.&Aug					
Columb. & Gr.		77,913 65,570	80,851	828,356	
Va. Midland.	December.	118,443	97,537	737,920	799,156
West No. Car.	December.	33,784	115,824 26,944		
Rome Wat. & Og		153,175	20,944		250;791
Bo. Pac.Cal. N.I.	Ootobor.	125.582			
	October		132,789		
Do Arizona	October	215,750			
	October				
Bouth Carolina			62,018		
Union Pacific	November	2 731 700	151.681	1,199,100	
Utah Central	November	107,267	136,204		
Vicksb'rg& Mer		66,334			
Wab.St.L.& P.					
West Jersey					
Wisconsin Cent	December	121,805			
A PROGRAM COM	. December.	121,300		1,453,992	

- *Since June 1st in 1883 includes earnings of Cent. RR. of New Jersey, lucluded in Centrai Pacific earnings above.

 § Mexican currency. | Includes Utah lines in 1884. a Includes St. Louis from Mountain & Southern in both years.

 § Includes International & Great Northern in both years.

 § Includes International & Great Northern in both years.

 § Includes Southern Division. and Texas.

 § Includes Southern Division. Figures for the 1st week of January were incorrectly reported in our last issue, the years being transposed, making it appear that there had been a gain where there was a loss. The proper correction has been made this week.

New York City Banks.—The tollowing statement shows the condition of the Associated Banks of New York City for the week ending at the commencement of business on Jan. 19:

1			Aver	age amoun	at of-	
Banks.	Capital.	Loans and discounts.	Specie.	Legal Tenders.	Net dep'ts other than U.S.	Circula-
Van Vanh	*	*		8	*	
Manhattan Co.	2,000,000	9,723,000 8,018,000	1,752,600	800,000	9,318,000	450,000
Merchants	2,050,000 2,000,000	7,707,900	1.88 .000	664,000	7,50.000	843,80
Mechanics'	2,000,000	7,633,000	1,2-5,000	879,700 928,000	7,433,700	
Union	1,200,000	4,255,300	1,259,700	809,000	4,024,500	*****
A marica	8,000,000	10,147,800	2,183,700	581,600	8,834,700	1.10
Phoenix	1,000,000	3,170,000	680,000	257,500	3,102,000	257,60
lty	1,000,000	6,479, 00	4.339.600	824.000	9,205,800	
fradesmen's	1,000,000	3,302,400	414,600	137,000	2,286,500	779,40
fulton	600,600	14,010,000	442.100	135,300	1,449.700	
hemical Merchants' Ex	1,000,000	14,210,300 3,306,600	3,332,700	936,400	14,853,000	0.11 20
Jallatin Nat	1,000,000		459, 00 863,300	454,800	3,040,900	281,70
Butchers'& Dr	300,000	1,730,800	323,600	181,300	3,092,800 1,625,400	769,20 225.10
Mechanics' & Tr	200,000	902,000	1:0,000	131,000	955,000	45.00
reenwich*	200,000	1,007,600	39,600	181,300	1,005,900	2,60
Leather Man'f's	600,000	3 060,500	255,400	392,300	2 334 300	525,00
Seventh Ward	300,000	1,208,400	207,800	183,400	1,266,500	14,30
state of N. Y	800,000	3,800,500	923,500	235,800	4.011.000	
American Exch.	5,000,000	10,474,000	3,286,000	1,954,000	10.284,000	
Commerce	5,000,000		5,669,100	1,500,800	16,108,300	845,40
Broadway	1,000,000	6,510,500	1,393,200	519,900	5,900,600 7,685,800	899,8)
Mercantile	1,000,000	6,774,500	1,165,900	936,700	7,685,800	300,80
Pacific	1,500,000	2,336, 00 3,937,100	556.100	152,600	2 608, 500 2,931,300	100 00
Republic Chatham	450,000		610,930	311,300 374,400	4,654,600	180,00 45,0
People's	200,000	1,537,200	1,035,500	171,900	1,829,200	5,40
North America.	700,000		416,300	386,700	3,768, 00	0,10
Hanover	1,000,000		2,00 800	802,500	9.835,900	208.20
rving	500,000	3,133,060	389. 00	482,700	3.09 .000	351,00
Metropolitan	3,000,000		1,165,000	1,096,000	8,977,000	1,140,00
Citizens'	600,000	2.725,200	659,900	302,600	3.2 2.200	268,20
Citizens' Nassau *	500,000	2,5 3,007	70, 900 513,800	853,400	2,893,400	
Market	500,00	2,742,000	513,800	167,100	2,363,500	440,40
t. Nicholas Shoe& Leather*	500,000 500,000	3,024,300	288,400 494,000	82,400 345,000	2,712,900	450,00
Corn Exchange.	1 000,000	4,786,300	418,500	949,000	3,724,000	4,60
Continental	1,000,000	5,856,800	1,887,600	242,000 367,700 311,900	7 147 200	450,00
Oriental	300,000		104.000	311,900	7,147,200 2,117,600	411
Marine	400,000	4,258,000	1.047,000	932 000	4 911 000	265,00
Marine Importers' & Tr.	1,500,00	20,542,000		1,33 ,000 2,980.00	24,388,800	1,337.50
Park	2,000,00	19,519,30	8,614,200	2,980.00	24 345,600	45,00
Wall St	500.00		224,300	139,700	1,536,800	
North River	250,00		21, 00 204,500	28:,000 151,700	1,452,900 1,075,700	221.10
East River Fourth Nat'nal.,	3,200,00		3,6 9,9.0	1,3 4,900	18 805 700	38-1,00
Control Nat hai.	2,000,00		2,01-,000	1,411,000	16,695,100 9,759,000	297,00
Central Nat Second Nation'i	300,00		230,000	755,000	4.123.000	45,00
Ninth National.	750,000		1,592,800	516.90	6.52 000	579.2
Ninth National. First National.	500,000	15,795,700	3,428,500	93 ,000	16,475,000	579,2 449,9
Phird National.	1,000,00	5,2 3, 00 1,484,600	43-,800	863,300	5,340,300	
N.Y. Nat. Exch. Bowery Nat'nal N. York County.	300,00	1,484,600	49-,800 247,300 293,800	93 ,000 863,300 191,500 299,800	1,273,400	270,00
Bowery Nat'nal	250,00	1,922,300 1,792,800 2,625,400	293,300	299,300	2,080,900	223,0
N. York County.	200,000	1,792,800	16,800	599,200	2,318,100	180,00
Jerm'n Am'c'n	750,00	2,0:5,400	304,930	78,900	2,430,900	45 0
Chase National.	300,000	3,955,800		78,900 617,100 130,100	5,853,800 2,536,400	45,0
Fifth Avenue German Exch	200,00	2,310,900 2,071,400	86 000	242,000	2 379 300	****
Germania	200,00	1 982 300	94,100	242,000 231,500 27-,500 124,000	2,379,300 2,285,700 4,995,700 2,954,500	****
U. S. Nat	500,00	1,982,300 4,533,300	1.197.800	27-,500	4.995.700	416.8
Lincoln Nat	800,00	2,420,500	618,800	124,000	2,954,500	45,0
Garfield Nat	200,000	848,400	16,800	145,300	087,100	180,0
Fifth National	150,00		191,300	130,200	1,085,730	135,00

* No report. Same as last week.

The deviations from returns of previous week are as follows:

"19...332,5-0,800 70,390,600 33,298,500 345,539,700 11,4 5,000 801,933,471

Boston Banks.—Following are the totals of the Boston banks;

Lonns. Specie. L. Tenders. Deposits. Circulation. App.Clear,

1884. 7. 16,346,700 63,101,010 5,808,500 100,147,300 25,724,600 75,277,15,47

14 14,537,500 6,84,500 5,67,800 10,147,300 25,724,600 75,257,035

21. 147,703,100 6,176,500 5,483,200 95,009,200 25,724,600 67,441,531

Philadelphia Banks. -- The totals of the Philadelphia banks

Unlisted Securities .- Following are quotations for unlisted

securities:					
	Rid.	Asked.		Rid.	Asked.
Am. Safe Deposit per-			M. K. &. T. inc. scrip.	38	3910
petual deb'ure bds.		105	N.Y. M. U. Tel. st'k	53	6212
	92		N. Y. L. & W. 2d, 5 p. c.	00	02 2
Blocks 35 per cent	92	95	guar, by D. L. & W.		9819
Cent. Div. old	79	90	N.Y.W.Sh.&BuffStk	718	738
Cent. div. new	65		del.wh. iss.on old sub.		
Accum'd l'd gr't bds	13		any subs		
Bost. H.& ENew sî'k	38	5,9	North Pac. div. bonds.	6670	67
Old	18	34	No. Riv. Const.—100p.e	1312	
Bos. Hoos. T& West st'k	5		N. Y. Penn. & Ohio-	10 2	2
Debenture	0	67	Atl. & Gt. W. com		
B'klyn Eleva'd ass. pd.	8	16	Newb. D'tch & Conn-		•
Cin. Wash. & Bal. pf stk			Incomes		
Chie & Atl.—Stk			Ohio CRiv. Div. 1st	2719	273
do beneficiary stk	10		Incomes	414	434
California Pacific			Pensac. & Atl		
Chie. & Can. South			1st mort	62	
1st mort			Pitts. & Western		20
Chica. & Gr'd Trunk			1st mort		83
1st mort		****	Postal Tel. stock	434	514
Don & P. G. Ply Cons	75	79	1st mort., 6 p. c	54	55
Den.& R.G.R'y—Cons. 5s.	4412	47	St. Jo. & West.		8
Denver & Rio. G. West	44-2	12	St. Jo. & Pacific 1st.		
1st mort			do do 2d		
Ft. Wo'h Den. City, del.			Kans, & Neb., 2d		
wh iss on T.&C. stubs			Texas Pac old scrip	3019	
Ga. Pac. stock			New	31	
		****	Tex. & St. L		••••
Ind. Dec. & Springf Keely Motor	9	• • • • •	do Incomes as. pd	70	••••
L& N.col.trust bds'82	-	85	zra't&inc.bds as't pd	710	
Marian Nations 82		319	U. S. Elec. Light	90	110
Mexican. Nat	041.	2518		234	
1st mort Missouri Pac., old st'k			Vicksb'g & Meridian .	9	15
Cowdry Certfs		• • • • •	Pref 2d mort	-	70
M.U.St'k Trust Certs	10			18	24
M. U.St K I rust Certs	14	••••	Incomes	19	24

Investments

RAILROAD INTELLIGENCE.

The Investors' Supplement contains a complete exhibit of the Funded Debt of States and Cities and of the Stocks and Bonds of Raitroads and other Companies. It is published on the last Saturday of every other month—viz., February, April, June, August, October and December, and is furnished without extra charge to all regular subscribers of the Chronicle. Single copies are sold at \$1 per copy.

ANNUAL REPORTS.

Buffalo New York & Philadelphia.

(For the year ending September 30, 1883.)

The directors' report for the year ending September 30, 1883, has just been published. Earnings and expenses were as fol-

EARNINGS.		EXPENSES.	
Merchandise	730.886 33.871 28.128	EXPENSES. Transportation. Motive power. Maintenance of cars. Maintenance of way. General expenses.	$\begin{array}{r} 425,524 \\ 83,781 \\ 284,928 \end{array}$
Miscellaneous sources. Total	$\frac{92,245}{\$2,703,128}$	Total	\$1,387,189

Interest on bonded debt.	\$1,149,245
Total net profits as above. Less net earnings of Buffalo Pitts, & Western RR. Oct. to Dec., 1882, included in last report.)
Balance of reserve funds, 1882	\$1,211,668 1,035,036
Total. From which deduct— Interest on bonded debt less already charged in last leport. \$1,131,745 Dividend on pref. stock, 6 p. c. on \$6,600,000. 396,000	
Proportion of difference between cash value of cars and engines and cost per car trusts \$59,500	

Balance to credit profit and loss, Sept. 30, 1883..... \$329,888 The result of the year's business, as compared with the pre-

### Vious year, is as follows: Gross. 67005.	Expenses. \$1,216,751 1,387,159	Net. \$1,304,209 1,315,939
Increase \$199.169	\$170.433	\$11.730

Gross expenses in 1882 were 48 2 per cent of gross receipts, and in 1883 they were 51 3 per cent of gross receipts.

Statement of tonnage moved during the year ending Sept. 30, 1863, compared with that of the previous year:

	1883.	1882.	Decreasc.
Coal	Tons.	Tons. 1.467.177	Tons. 99.384
Oil		223,501	53,585
General merchandise	1,090,250	1,104,287	14,037
Total	9 697 959	2.794.965	167,006
10tal	2,021,000	2,704,000	101,000

being \$2,167,379.

The merger of the Buffalo Pittsburg & Western Railroad, the Buffalo New York & Philadelphia Railway, the Oil City & Chicago Railroad, and the Olean & Salamanca Railroad, was accomplished, and the agreement was filed in the office of the Secretary of State at Harrisburg and Albany, on February 14, 1889.

The Olean & Salamanca Railroad was completed in September last, uniting the two systems—the Buffalo Pittsburg & Western Railroad and the Buffalo New York & Philadelphia Railway—and hereafter the tonnage of the river division, from which we have heret-fore received the earnings on only fifty

miles, will be transported over the tracks of this company to Buffalo and Rochester, increasing the earnings by the additional mileage to those cities, 138 and 175 miles respectively.

The item of \$1,175,000 temporary loans on balance sheet was increased and available for the company to the

incurred and expended for property acquired and for better-

ments.

The following securities belong to the company:

13.048 shares Buffalo New York & Philadelphia preferred stock.
4.246 shares Buffalo New York & Philadelphia preferred stock.
5.000 shares Genesee Valley Terminal Railroat stock, par \$100,
\$50,000 Buffalo New York & Philadelphia consolidated mortgage
bonds (\$11,000,000 loan).
\$35,000 Buffalo New York & Philadelphia trust bonds.
\$125,000 Northwestern Coal & Iron Company first mortgage bonds.
\$15,000 Lackawanna & Pittsburg first mortgage bonds.

"These securities are more than sufficient to provide for the expenditures, but your board think it a wiser plan to create a general mortgage loan of \$25,000,000, bearing six per cent interest, and payable in forty years, of which \$21,300,000 will be reserved to provide for prior issues, and \$1,700,000 have been sold to pay for the expenditures already made, and for additional facilities so much needed, amounting to \$625,000. The balance, \$2,000,000, to remain in the treasury, and only to be issued for additional rolling stock, land, side tracks and other permanent betterments of the property, as may seem advisable by the board."

"The road and rolling stock are now in excellent condition, and not more than \$250,000 will be required during the coming year to complete the permanent betterments heretofore authorized by the board." "These securities are more than sufficient to provide for the

ized by the board."	
BALANCE SHEET SEPTEMBER 30, 1883.	
Construction and equipment	\$30.949.553
Real estate	1.053,263
Leasehold estates	7,000,000
Stock and bonds owned by company, leased lines	4,657,300
Deferred interest on car trusts	535.017
Bonds held in trust by United States Trust Co	1.500,000
Stock and bonds owned by company	1,224,792
Chautauqua Steamboat Co	18,133
Bills receivable	41.120
Cash	259,511
Materials on hand	115,234
Current debts due to company.	318,986
Mayville Extension RR. Co.	19,803
and the Batchston Itik Co	10,000
Total	\$17,692,747
Common stock	\$13,750,000
Preferred stock	6,568,200
Preferred stock scrip	-69
Funded debt	21,300,000
Funded debt. Income bonds and serip, P. T & B. R'way Co	24.688
Bonds and mortgages on real estate	398,554
Car trusts	2.124,357
Olean & Sajamanca RR, Co, bonds assumed (owned by Co.)	*700,000
Northwest. Coal & Iron bonds, deposited with U. S. Tr. Co.	*300,000
Temporary loans, to be funded into general mortg. bonds.	1,175,090
Debts due by company	34,202
Pay-rolls.	107,607
Vouchers	281.315
Appropriated for coal branches	175, 94
Connors due not called for	210,594
Coupo's due, not called for Construction account G. V. Terminal RR	73,332
Dividend fund.	138,754
Profit and loss.	329,888
I told and loss	323,555
Total	847.692.747

Included in bonds held in trust on debit side.

New York Central & Hudson River Railroad. (For the year ending Sept. 30, 1883)

In the annual report published in the CHRONICLE of December 22, on page 693, there were a few particulars which could not then be obtained from the preliminary report issued by the company. These details consisting mainly of the equipment, the details of operating expenses, and the issues of bonded debt, are now found in the pamphlet report just published, and are presented below.

presented below.

presented below.

It will be observed that the full limit of \$40,000,000 is now almost reached in the issue of mortgage bends, and as the Central, like all other great railroad corporations, requires a considerable amount of money from year to year for betterments and the acquisition of new property, it may fairly be assumed that a new issue of bonds will in some form be authorized soon to supply the yearly requirements for new capital. In 1881-82 the funded debt was increased \$5,000,000 and in 1882-83 \$1,524,200.

1879-80.	1880-81.		1832-83.
639	646		655
600	588		636
19,395	22,465	24,565	25,511
\$	\$	\$	\$
2,257,211	2,489,475		3,667,791
3,611.825	4,273,623		4,219,914
9,445,374	10.081,973	10,182,864	10,371,280
1,658,208	1,674,504	1,466,761	1,506,464
877,274	945,210	973,573	985,145
	639 600 19,395 \$ 2,257,211 3,611,825 9,445,374 1,658,208	639 646 600 588 19,395 22,465 \$ \$ 2.237,211 2,489,475 3,611.825 4,273,623 9,445,374 10,681,973 1,658,208 1,674,504	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Total........... 17,849,893 19,464,786 19,395,974 20,750,594 The items of funded and unfunded debt on Sept 30, as preented in the report, are as follows:

		FUN	DED D	EBT.		
				Rate	Amount	Amount
			When	of	Sept. 30,	Sept. 30,
			due.	int.	1882.	1883.
N. Y. Cent. & H	. R. 1st	M. coup	1903	7	\$9,085,000	\$9,545,000
Do	Do	reg	1903		18,380,000	20,455,000
Do	Do	sterlg.	1903	6	9,733,333	9,733.333
N. Y. Central de	ebt certif	icates	1893	5	6,632,300	6,450,000
N. Y. Central to						
Falls RR. Co.			1883	6	74,500	Paid.
N. Y. Centrai fo	r real es	tate	1883	6	162,000	Paid.
N. Y. Central fo				6	592,000	I aid.
N. Y. Central 6				6	2,391,000	2,391,000
Hudson Riv. 2d	M. and	sink. fd.	1885	7	1,422,900	1,422,900
Totals					\$48,473,033	\$49,997,233

UNFUNDED DEBT.		g4 00
	Sept. 30, 1882.	Sept. 30, 1883.
Pay-rolls and other oper. expenses unpaid.	\$2,979.538	\$2,807,382
Amount due other railroad corporations	1,996,342	1,527,075
Interest due and unpaid	8,144	8,254
Dividenda unpaid	51.789	46,536
Bonds and mortgages given or as umed by	3,555	88,355
the company on purchase of real estate	215,002	211,640
Totals	\$5,254,369	\$4,689,242

GENERAL INVESTMENT NEWS.

Anthracite Coal Tonnage in 1883.—The statement of Anthracite coal tonnage for 1883, compared with 1882, has been compiled as usual by Mr. John H. Jones, Philadelphia. This statement includes the entire production of Anthracite Coal, excepting that consumed by employees, and for steam and heating purposes about the mines.

188	83. 1882.	Difference.
Philadelphia & Reading RR., 10,48	37,002 7,000.113	Inc. 3,186,589
	45,398 4,211,052	Dec. 2,465,653
Lehigh Valley Railroad 6,27	71,773 5,933,739	Inc. 338,033
	79,122 4,638,717	Inc. 440,405
Delaware & Hudson Canal Co. 3,51	12,971 3,203,168	Inc. 309.803
Pennsylvania Railread 2,77	73,418 2,332,973	Inc. 440,445
Pennsylvania Coal Co 1,54	11.145 1,469,820	Inc. 71,321
New York Lake Erie & W. RR. 38	82.194 330,510	Inc. 51,683
Total 31.79	3 027 29 120 0 6	Inc. 2 672 931

The whole increase in production in 1883 was mad- in the eleven months ending with Nov. 30, as in December, 1883, there was a decrease of 466,192 tons compared with December, 1882. The stock of coal on hand at tide-water shipping points Dec. 31, 1883, was 748,330 tons. The amount on hand Dec. 31, 1882, was 562,116 tons.

Of the total production in 1883, 15,604,492 tons, or 49 03 per cent was from the Wyoming region; 6,113,809 tons, or 19 23 per cent from Lehigh region; and 10,674,726 tons, or 31 69 per

cent from Schuylkill region.

Eastern competitive tonnage, including all coal which for final consumption or in transit, reaches any point on Hudson River or the Bay of New York, or which passes out of the Capes of the Delaware, was in 1882, 12,018,764 tons; in 1883, 13,148,185 tons.

Boston West-Bound Pool.—The west-bound freight business out of New-England has been in a condition of demoralization as regards rates, and the leading roads, the Boston & Albany, the New York & New England, and the Hoosac Tunnel roads, have all endeavored to get business as best they might. Efforts have been made repeatedly to bring about a betterment of this state of affairs. A meeting of representatives of the through Boston lines in conjunction with the standing committee of the trunk lines was held this week in Commissioner Fink's office. Arthur Mills, General Freight Agent of the Boston & Albany; Receiver Clark, of the New York & New England; L. Mills, General Manager of the Central Vermont, and Thomas Whittemore, Corporation Clerk of the Fitchburg Railroad, were present. After a discussion it was agreed to pool the west-bound business out of Boston between these four lines. Commissioner Fink's recommendations as to percentages lines. Commissioner Fink's recommendations as to percentages were accepted for the temporary government of the division of traffic, but they are subject to appeal and arbitration. It was agreed also to restore the tariff rates out of New-England and maintain them.

Brooklyn Flevated .- The committee of stock and bond holders recently appointed to raise money reported this week. Mr. Fred-rick Uhlman presided, and reported that no subscription Fred-rick Uhlman presided, and reported that no subscription would be binding unless \$400,000 was subscribed before Feb. 20, and that no money would be expended unless before April 1, 1884, a contract shall be signed insuring the construction and equipment of the railway from Fulton Ferry or the bridge to East New York. The committee reported that on the receipt of the \$400,000 such a contract could be had, the iron firm taking it agreeing to construct and equip the road at a cost of not over

\$1,500,000, and to take its pay in the securities of the road at a price which has not yet been determined upon.

By the plan proposed by the committee, it was stated that the subscribers to the \$400,000 would receive a minimum profit of 170 per cent in first-mortgage bonds and 225 per c-nt in the new stock. Subscriptions amounted to about \$200,000 when the

meeting adjourned.

Brooklyn Flatbush & Concy Island.—An action has been begun by Charles Storrs and Stephen H. Harriman to secure the appeintment of a receiver for the Brooklyn Flatbush & Concy Island Railroad Company. The complaint sets forth that judgments for over \$40,000 against the company are unsatisfied and that the company defaulted on the semi-annual interest on the second mortgage bonds last fall, showing that the company is temporarily insolvent. Judge Pratt granted an order yesterday to show cause on Friday why a receiver should not be appointed. The proceeding is a friendly one in the interests of the stockholders

Chicago Milwaukee & St. Vaul.—The Chief Eagineer furnishes the following statement of track laid in 1883:

WISCONSIN.	Miles.
Between Eau Claire and Chippewa Falls	10.96
IOWA.	
Cedar Rapids southwest	21.67
Between Sigourney and Ottumwa	
Okoboji to Spirit Lake	3.15

DAKOTA.	Miles.
Letcher to Woonsocket Junction	13.26
Howard to Woonsocket Junction	37.72
Ashton to Woonsocket Junction	67.44
Aberdeen to end of track west	26 52
Total	206.46
Also the following statement of lines acquired in 1883:	

WISCONSIN. North La Crosse to Onalaska. Iren Ridge Junction to Fond Du Lac. Junction Wisconsin Central Railroad to Chippewa Falls (½ int.)

Connotion Valley.—This road went into the hands of a receiver on the 19th inst. The petition for the appointment of a receiver stated that the interest on \$68,000 old-line bonds and \$78,000 Strait wille bonds is in default since May 1, 1882, covering also the six months preceding that date. Interest on \$6,359,000 new mortgage bonds is in default since November 1, 1882, 000 new mortgage bonds is in default since November 1, 1882, but \$16,000 of the coupons have been converted into new bonds, and are included in the above amount. The interest coupons of May 1 and November 1, 1883, have not been paid, and no provision has been made to pay them. The bonded debt is as follows: Five per cents, under new mortgage, \$4,603,000; 6 per cents, under new mortgage, \$4,603,000; 6 per cents, under new mortgage, \$1,756,000; old-line bonds, \$69,000; total, \$6,957,000. In addition, there are \$540,000 of car trust certificates and \$270,000 terminal trust certificates for land in Claveland. Cleveland.

Cleveland.

The bondholders have been invited to sign an agreement appointing W. J. Rotch, A. N. Parlin and Joseph B. Thomas trustees to buy in the property under foreclosure, and consenting to deposit their bonds with the trustees, paying \$2 on each bond, and agreeing to pay an additional \$3 per bond whenever called upon. The agreement also provides that upon reorganization each bondholder shall receive stock in lieu of his bonds, dollar for dollar, and shall pay in eash an amount not to exceed \$80 for each \$1,000 bond.

exceed \$80 for each \$1,000 bond.

Consolidated Vermont.—At St. Albans, Vt.. Jan. 17, in the old case of the Vermont & Canada vs. the Vermont Central Railroad, pending since 1855, on a full hearing the court made an order discharging the receivers and managers, and ordering them to turn over to the Consolidated Railroad Company of Vermont the railroads and equipments, and assign all personal property and assets of every kind; also to make a full inventory of the same to court, the court retaining control of the property for the time being, until the inventory is completed, and the accounts of the receivers and managers for six months, between July 1, 1883, and January 1, 1884, are settled; the consolidated road to assume and execute all contracts and leases authorized by the court, or being on the property of the receivers, and to execute a covenant to the satisfaction of the court for the performance of this order. The court retains the property under its control until this order is complied with. Subsequently a motion came up to dismiss the cause of Langdon vs. the Vermont & Canada Railroad and others, the motion being made by the Central Vermont Railroad Company. After a hearing on this subject, it was adjudged by the court that said suit and all proceedings thereunder be dismissed without prejudice. Thus ends the receivership and litigation of 27 years' standing. standing.

Hocking Valley Pool.—The Baltimore & Ohio, Ohio Central and Toledo Columbus & H cking Valley railroads are reported to have entered into a pooling arrangement regarding the bituminous coal business of the Hocking Valley. The two great coal companies in the valley are in the pool, and the entire product is thus controlled in the common interest. Large agencies for the sale of the coal have been established in Chicago and Detroit under the new arrangement.

Kentucky Central.—The directors of the Kentucky Central Railroad Company have elected C. P. Huntington President and Isaac E Gates Treasurer. The future policy of the road was discussed, and it is stated that it will be made a part of the Chesapeake & Ohio system.

Lake Erie & Western—Central Iowa.—The directors of the Lake Erie & Western have decided to extend their road from Bloomington to Peoria, a distance of forty-three miles. The new division will be known as the Lake Erie & Mississippi The new division will be known as the Lake Eine & Alessissippi Railroad, and will be built by issuing bonds for the exact cost of the road. This will give the Central of Iowa and the Peoria Decatur & Evansville roads a route eastward by the Lake Erie & Western, and will entitle the latter to a share of the pooled business at Peoria, estimated at \$500,000 per annum.

Louisville & Nashville. - The official statement of the Louis-Louisyille & Nashville.—The official statement of the Louis-ville & Nashville road for the six months ended Dec. 31, 1883, being the first half of the company's fiscal year, is presented below. The statement is very favorable, more particularly as the increase in earnings is due largely to the development of the local traffic of the road. Important features of the report are the increase in income from sources other than traffic and the decrease in the debits to income. The surplus is equal to 43-10 per cent on the stock for the six months, as against 1% per cent for the corresponding period of the previous year. The follow-ing are the comparative figures for the six months ended Dec.

1883. Gross earnings	\$8,860,533 54
Net from traffic \$3,239,923 33 Other income 130,482 16	\$2,372,071 69 72,000 00
Total credits to income. \$3,370,405 43 Interest and rentals. \$2,126,962 22 Taxes. 170,000 00	\$2,202 538 13
Total debits to income\$2,296,962 22 Surplus\$1,073,443 21	

Michigan & Ohio.—The Michigan & Ohio has made arrangements with the Wheeling & Lake Ecie for the use of the latter's terminals at Toledo, and formed a close alliance with that road. The company will run its trains over the track of the Wheeling & Lake Erie and the Baltimore & Ohio roads to Baltimore and the East. Negotiations are also being made with President Jewett, of the Ecie, for use of track of New York Pennsylvania & Ohio and Erie roads to New York.

York Pennsylvania & Ohio and Erie roads to New York.

Missouri Kansas & Texas.—This company makes application for admission to the regular list of the Stock Exchange of a further issue of bonds under the provisions of its general consolidated mortgage of Dec. 1, 1880, as follows:

Bonds Nos. 18,218 to 28,217. both inclusive, for \$1,000 each, set apart and reserved, pursuant to section sixth of said general consolidated mortgage, for the purpose of retiring on the following plan this company's second mortgage income bonds, and the coupons or serip certifica es representing interest acrued thereon, viz.: The above bonds to bear interest at the rate of 5 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually on the 1st days of June and December, and to run until Dec. 1, 1920. First coupon to fall due Dec. 1, 1883, and represent two monthy interest from Oct. 1, 1883. Said 5 per cent bonds to be issued in exchange for said second mortgage income bonds, dollar for dollar. Past-due coupons of income bonds and scrip representing such coupons to be exchangeable at sixty per cent of their ollar. Past-due coupons of income bonds and scrip representing such coupons to be exchangeable at sixty per cent of their face value, flat, for said 5 per cent bonds and par. The new 5 per cent general consolidated bonds to be in the same form as the 6 per cent bonds already issued, except only such changes therein as may be made necessary because of the change in the rate of interest. Pending the preparation of these bonds the second mortgage income bonds may be stamped as assenting to the Exchange on the above terms. The income bonds received in exchange for the 5 per cent bonds to be deposited with the Mercantile Trust Company Trustee, and held uncanceled as security for the new bonds until all the income bonds have been converted. Total amount, \$10,000,000.

The Stock Exchange Committee recommend that these bonds, Nos. 18,218 to 20,649 inclusive, \$2,432,000, be placed on the regular list and a like amount of second mortgage incomes be deducted therefrom; and on notice from Mercantile Trust Company of the further issue in exchange for incomes, such further issue be added and a like amount of incomes deducted from the list.

list.

New York Danbury & Boston.—The contract for this road, it is reported from Danbury, Conn., has been signed, and is in the hands of Capt. S. M. Sullivan, the original contractor of the road, who ten years ago graded one-third its length. It is said work in the cuis will be commenced this winter. The name of "Port Chester & Ridgefield" has been dropped and that of the "New York Danbury & Boston" substituted. The route as now projected will connect at Bronxville with the Second Avenue Railway, pass under the arched bridge of the New York New Haven & Hartford Railroad at Port Chester, strike the old grade of the Port Chester & Ridgefield road a mile northeast of Port Chester station, follow this with very slight changes to Ridgefield, and thence, by a new survey, to Danbury, where it is proposed to connect with the New York & New Eagland road to Boston. The total distance as surveyed is a fraction less than 65 miles. tion less than 65 miles.

New York Mutual Telegraph—Mutual Union.—The New York Mutual Telegraph Company has made application to have its capital stock of \$2,500,000 placed on the regular list of the Stock Exchange. This is the old Mutual Union stock reduced to one-quarter of the original amount.

New York West Shore & Buffalo.—No definite plan of action has yet been agreed upon by the West Shore and the Ontario officers. The Hon. James Emott has given to ex-Judge Ashbel Green, Receiver of the North River Construction Com

pany, an opinion regarding the effect of a mechanic's lien upon the right of bondholders under the first mortgage of the New York West Shore & Buffalo Railroad Company. Mr. Emott declares that no lien can disturb or obtain precedence of the lien created by the existing first mortgage. The Judge makes the following points as a summary of the law as he understands it :

the following points as a summary of the law as he understands it:

First—No lien can be created under the mechanic's lien laws upon the track or superstructure generally of the railroad, or the land on which they rest, nor for work or materials furnished in building the same.

Second—No lien can be established except for work done upon, or materials expressly supplied for, some particular structure, and then upon that structure only, and not upon the whole or any other portion of the pronerty of the company.

Third—No lien can be established by a sub-con ractor unless some payment is due to him, and to all persons between him and the owner, and of course from the owner to the principal contractor. The object and effect of the lien law is to tate from theower money actually owing by him on his contract, and apply it in payment of laborers and others who have contributed to its performance.

Northern (of California).—The exprorate name of the company is the Northern Railway Company. The authorized capital stock is \$3,400,000; capital stock paid in is \$6,190,500.

The bond-d debt of the company will be when all are issued, \$6,300,000 first mortgage bonds, in one series. They are dated Jan. 1, 1877, and become due Jan. 1, 1907; having coupons bearing 6 per cent interest per annum attached, payable in gold coin on the first days of January and July in the City of New York. The payment of the bonds is secured by a mortgage of even date to Engene K-lly and H-nry B. Laidlaw of New York, upon the following described property, viz.: "Its road from West Oakland to Martinez; from B nicia to T-hama, New York, upon the following described property, viz.: "Is road from West Oakland to Martinez; from B nicia to Tehama, and from Davisville to Sacramento, in all about 210 miles." Bonds have been issued only to the amount of (Nos. 1 to 3,964 Bonds have been issued only to the am unt of (Nos. 1 to 3,964 inclusive, each \$1.000) \$3,964,000, being the amount now outstanding, and covering road completed, viz.: from West Oakland to Martinez; from Benicia to Suisun, a d from Woodland to Tehama, amounting in all to 149 30 miles. The company has a floating d-bt of \$141,245 recently incurred for the extensive improvements at Port Costa. This indebtedness will be liquidated within a few months from the surplus revenues of the company. The Alling stock has not yet been furnished owing dated within a few months from the surplus revenues of the company. The rolling stock has not yet been furnished, owing to the leasing of the road to another railroal corporation that furnishes all the rolling stock necessary to operate. The total cost of the completed portion of the road is \$10,964,057.

The road is leased to the Central Pacific, and the rental in 1882 was \$590,617; taxes and general expenses, \$11,113; lease San Pablo & Tulare Railroad. \$167.464; profit, \$412,033; interest, \$188,880; lst 6 m/s. 1883; rental, \$310,500; taxes, \$4,409; lease, \$33,732; profit, \$228,357; interest, \$94,440.

DIVIDENDS.—Out of the curplus revenues of this company there have been disbursed three dividends, as follows: February 16, 1881, 8 per cent on \$4,710,500, \$76,840; March 1, 1882, 134 per cent on \$4,710,500, \$82,433; February 28, 1883, 3½ per cent on \$6,190,500, \$216,667.

1882, 174 per cent on \$4,710,500, \$82,433; February 28, 1838, 31/2 per cent on \$6,190,500, \$216,667.

PFICERS:—President, W. V. Huntington, San Francisco. Cal.; Vice-President, Charles F. Crocker, San Francisco, Cal.; Treasurer, E. H. Miller, Jr., San Francisco, Cal. Secreta y Timothy Hopkins San Francisco, Cal.

Northern Central.—The comparative statement of gross earnings and expenses for December and for the twelve months ending December 31, is as follows:

	ecember	-12 mos. end	led Dec. 31
Gross earnings \$109,1		1883. \$6,088,130	1882. \$5,800,176
Operating expenses \$299,6 Extraordinary expenses 90,0	96 \$345,032 74 116,23		\$3,386,192 456,130
Total expenses \$389,7	71 \$161,315	\$3,831,604	\$3,842,323
Net earnings \$19.3	0 \$23,683	\$2,256,525	\$1,957,832

Northern Pacific.—This company is preparing to go on with its Cascade Division which is a part of the main line on which first mortgage bonds can be issued at \$25,000 per mile. The following notice is given:

following notice is given:

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY,
St. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 12, 1884.

Scaled proposals will be received at this office until the twelfth day of
February, 1-8.; inclusive, for doing the work of clearing, grabing,
grading, brideing, and fernishing cross-ties for about sixty (60) miles of
the Cascade Branch of the No thern Pacific Railroad from the present
end of truck twenty-five (25) miles west of Wallula, it Washington
Territory, to Yakima City, in the same Territory. Maps. profiles and
plans may be seen, and specifications, forms of contract, and blank
forms for proposals obtained, at the effice of the Engineer to Chief, 8t.
And Market any and at bids.

A ANDERSON, Engineer in Chief.

Ohio & Mississippi.—The suit of Dimpfel et al., vs. Ohio & Mississippi Rai road, to set aside the contract by which the latter company became the owner of that portion of its road running from Beardstown to Shawneetown, Id., 222 miles, known as the Springfield division, has been decided by the United States Supreme Court adversely to the plaintiffs. The court holds that the complainants have not shown any ground which would justify the court on their application in inquiring into the validity of the transaction set forth in their bill. The read was purchased January 1, 1875, for \$1,700,000 in bonds, secured by a mortgage thereon.

Oregon Improvement Company.-The floating debt of the Oregon Improvement Company.—The floating debt of the Oregon Improvement Company is estimated at about \$1.250,000, of which \$65,000 represents a final payment nearly due on a new steamship, \$67,000 for equipment of the vessel, and \$30,000 for insurance. About 130,000 acres of land have lately been sold to the Oregon Navigation Company for \$520,000, practically reducing the floating debt to \$730,000. It is thought that the March dividend will be passed in order to pay off the floating debt, but dividends be resumed in September.

Pennsylvania Railroad.—The gross and net earnings in Dec., 1882 and 1883, are specially compiled for the Chronicle in the table below. In December, 1883, there was a decrease of \$316,659 in gross earnings and a decrease of \$1,625 in the net. For the year 1883 there was an increase of \$2,003,418 in gross and \$903,673 in net earnings.

ALL LINES EAST OF PITTSBURG AND ERIE.

	Gross E	arnings.	Net Ea	rnings.
	1883.	1882.	1883.	1882.
January	\$3,929,357	\$3,373,321	\$1,471,058	\$1,074,266
February		3,306,750	1,336,694	1.079,621
March	4,189,380	3.912.293	1,455,427	1,415,802
April		3,855,850	1,467,831	1,319,311
May	4,303,006	4,108,877	1,608,674	1,766,789
June		4,093,756	1,179,142	1,534,333
July		4,149,150	1,492,734	1,647,093
August		4,671,179	2,142,622	2,032,860
Septemter	4,634,998	4,417,602	1.922,365	1,734,425
October	4,875,348	4,660,034	2,219,150	2,040,712
November	4.473,479	4,373,825	1.857,177	1.602.362
December		4,157,169	1,183,227	1,184.852
	****	*10.000	***	

Total year... \$51,083,244 \$49,079,826 \$19,336,101 \$18,369,874

As to the lines west of Pittsburg and Erie, the monthly reports issued in 1882 and for the current year show the results below. The company's report, however, states a loss for the year 1883, over the year 1882, of \$1,090,452.

ALL LINES WEST OF PITTSBURG & ERIE.

Net Surplus o	ver all Labilities.	Inc	or Dec. in
1883.	1882.		1885.
January \$174,981	\$9,741	Inc	\$165,240
February Def.164,776	Def. 121,307	Dec	43,469
March 225,951	36,532	Inc	189,419
April 149,710	17,047	ine	132,663
May Def. 34,575	Def. 101,556	Inc	66,981
JuneDef.168.360	38,886	Dec	207,246
July 126,759	336,347	Dec.,	209,588
August 247,490	290,562	Dec	43,072
September 318,522	437,029	Dec	113,507
October 292,801	650,491	Dec	357,690
November Def. 54,407	271,856	Dec	326 263
DecemberDef.310,248	58,737	Dec	368,985
Total year \$803,848	\$1,924,365	Dec	\$1,120,517

Dec., \$1,120,517

Ohio Railroad line.

A prominent director of the Richmond & Danville Railroad Company said that the offer did not contemplate an exclusive contract between the two railroad companies. "The offer was made without solicitation by us," he said, "and, as I understand it, the city wishes simply to improve its railroad facilities. The security that the city asks for its loan is the pledge of a like amount of Virginia Midland income bonds, which we have in the company's treasury. There are really no conditions to the loan. The city of Baltimore is anxious to have an interest in the Southern system of railroads and this is conditions to the loan. The city of Battimore is annous to have an interest in the Southern system of railroads, and this is its offer to our company. As to the agreement between the city and the Baltimore & Ohio RR. in regard to this action by the city, I cannot speak, for the simple reason that I do not know and have not inquired. What the company's directors will do about the offer I certainly cannot say."—N. Y. Tribune.

and have not inquired. What the company's directors will do about the offer I certainly cannot say."—N. Y. Tribune.

Union Pacific.—The report of the Government directors fro the year ending June 30, 1833, gives nothing essentially new concerning this company, and the reports of gross and net earnings in the Chronicle are to much later dates.

The Boston Journal gives the following as to this company's new branches: Manager Kimball of the Union Pacific reports the construction of 375½ miles of new road by his company in 1883, at a cost in round figures of, \$56,00,000. The most important work was the building of 264 miles of the Oregon Short Line, making 597 miles now completed, and carrying the road well into Oregon. With the exception of the Wood River Branch from Shoshone to Hailey, 56 miles, no attempt has been made as yet to develop the tributary country, all efforts being directed to pushing forward the main line. The junction of the Oregon Short Line and Oregon Railway & Navigation Company will be at Huntington, Oregon, to which point it was understood that both lines would be completed in December last. Under Villard's management, however, the construction forces of the Railway & Navigation Company were set to work on the Northern Pacific, and the former line is badly behind. Awaiting connection with the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company, the Union Pacific is forwarding freight and passengers to l'ortland, via the Utah Northern and Northern Pacific, transfers to the latter being made at Garrison.

In Colorado the Union Pacific is branching out in all directions. The South Park Division, thirty-five miles, from Dillon to Leadville, was built under strong opposition from the Denver & Rio Grande, and it was found necessary many times to keep

was built under strong opposition from the Denver to Leadville, was built under strong opposition from the Denver & Rio Grande, and it was found necessary many times to keep armed men on guard, and occupy the track with loaded trains as tast as laid in order to prevent it being torn up. In the Valley of the Arkansas a connecting link between the Gunnison Branch and the main line has been constructed, running from Nathrop to Buena Vista. Also, nine miles on the Boulder Branch of the Colorado Central, and some six miles at Georgetown, on the Union Pacific & Colorado.

With the arturation of the strength from Lincoln to Beatrice.

With the exception of the extension from Lincoln to Beatrice, twenty miles, and one from Genoa to Fullerton, fourteen miles, there was but little work done by the Union Pacific in Nebraska in 1883. The Beatrice extension referred to is a part of the cross road which is to tap the Kansas Pacific at Manhattan, crossing the Kansas Central at Garrison.

The Commercial Times.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, Jan. 25, 1884.

Fresh troubles on the Stock Exchange have again caused much uneasiness in commercial circles, and had a depressing influence upon speculative values. The weather has been unfavorable to active business, and general trade is dull. Some additional failures of importance are reported, which have further contributed to the disquieting effect of the Wall Street troubles. Still the situation is less one of actual difficulty than of apprehension, and the approach of spring may bring the needed return of confidence.

During the early part of the week provisions were weakened. by free sales to realize at the West. Latterly the tone has improved, in sympathy with a higher market for cereals, coupled with larger buying orders. To-day lard opened firm, but fell off toward the close, and the final figures were weak. January quoted 9.27@9.30c.; February, 9.28@9.30c.; March, 9.32@9.35c.; April, 9 43@9 45c.; May, 9 52@9 55c.; June, 9 55@9 60c. On the spot Western sold at 9.271/2c.; refined to the Continent, 9.50c.; South America, 9.75c. Mess pork has latterly been very strong, and to-day there were sales on the spot at \$15@\$15 50, and clear back \$18@\$19. Beef, while quiet, has remained steady at \$24@ \$26 for city extra India mess. Beef hams steady at \$23 75@\$24. Bacon is firm at 8c. for long clear. Butter is less firm, the best creameries being reduced to 40c. Cheese, however, remains firm at 131/4@14c. for the best State factory. Tallow quiet but steady at 71/2 @75/8c. for prime. Stearine dull at 95/8@93/4c. tor prime and 85/8@83/4c. for oleomargarine.

Rio coffee on the spot has been quiet and weaker, closing about steady at 121/sc. for fair; options have been less active even than last week, but prices have nevertheless advanced, and closed steady at 10.35c. for February, 10.60c. for March, 10 75c. for April, 10 85c. for May and 10 95c. for June; mild grades have been more active in the case of Maracaibo, but at somewhat lower prices; other grades have been to a greatextent nominal in value. Tea has been active both on the spot and for future delivery at firm prices. Spices have been in good. demand and firm. Rice has been fairly active and steady. Foreign fruits have been firm and moderately active. Molasses has been in moderate demand and steady. Raw sugar has been more active, but has shown no improvement in prices, options, in fact, being weak; to-day the market was quiet and steady; fair closed at 53/4@513-16c; refined was fairly active and steady; crushed closed at 81/4c., powdered at 81/4c., granulated at 71/se. and standard "A." at 7 7-16@71/2e.

In Kentucky tobacco a better business, embracing 313 hhds., 130 of which were for export, has been done at about steady figures; lugs 7@8c.; leaf, 81/2@111/2c. The business in seed leaf has been quite insignificant, but no material changes in prices have been noted. Sales embrace 850 cases, including 400 cases crop 1882, Pennsylvania, 5@18c.; 150 cases crop 1881, do., 8@11c.; 150 cases crop 1882, Wisconsin Havana, 14@ 20c.; 150 cases crop 1882, sundries, 41/2@20c.; also 1,000 bales Havana, 80c.@\$1 15.

There has been a week of inactivity in naval stores, and prices at best have been little more than nominal at \$1 45@ \$1 50 for strained to good strained rosin; spirits turpentine is quoted at 34 1/2c. in yard. Refined petroleum has had a better export movement for the first part of February at 9 1/2c. for 70 Abel test; cases have been advanced to 11%@12%c. Crude oil certificates have had a vacillating week; the speculation has been among the broker fraternity, and at times much easiness has prevailed. To-day there was a better market, and after selling at \$1 09%, the closing figures were \$1 10%. Ingot copper remains firm at 15c. for Lake. American pig iron has continued active, the sales now aggregating 78,000 tons; No. 1 \$20 50@\$21. Steel rails have been firm, and 20,000 tons have been recently sold at \$35, deliverable at the mills.

The business in ocean freight room has been larger. Berth tonnage has improved a trifle as to rates, and the inquiries for oil charter room have imparted a brighter feeling to that description of freight room. To-day grain was taken to Liverpool by steam at 33/4d. from store; bacon, 20@25s.; cheese, 30s.; cotton 3-16@7-32d.; grain to London, by steam, 278d; do. to Leith, by steam, 41/8d. from store; do. to Newcastle, by steam, 33/4d.; do. by sail, to Lisbon, 11@11/2c. refined petroleum to-Hamburg, 2s. 51/4d.

COTTON.

FRIDAY, P. M., January 25, 1884.
THE MOVEMENT OF THE CROP, as indicated by our telegrams from the South to-night, is given below. For the week ending this evening (Jan. 25) the total receipts have reached 104,533 bales, against 110,467 bales last week, 90,245 bales the previous week and 140,612 bales three weeks since; making the total receipts since the 1st of September, 1883, 3,862,207 bales, against 4,148,631 bales for the same period of 1882-83, showing a decrease since September 1, 1883, of 286,424 bales.

Receipts at-	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Total
Galveston	1,600	3,731	1,117	1,279	999	1.174	9,900
Indianola, &c.						59	59
New Orleans	3,826	5,868	6,657	4,834	5,549	3,997	30,731
Mobile	991	348	2,359	455	198	771	5,133
Florida			.4.			2,734	2,754
Savannah	2.2.3	1,674	2,410	1,111	2,187	2,110	11,700
Brunsw'k. &c.							
Charleston	1,650	-1,633	1,245	941	1,354	1,371	8,204
Pt. Royal, &c.						524	524
Wilmington	158	392	206	325	192	218	1,491
Moreh'd C.,&c						102	102
Norfolk	3,025	3,358	3,215	2,872	2,249	2,888	17,607
West Point &c						3.349	3,349
New York	1.173	614	769	827	565	1.081	5,029
Boston	750	563	865	1,061	112	2,155	5,506
Baltimore						1,815	1,815
Philadelp'a, &c.	31	11			247	301	590
Totals this week	15.485	18,192	18.943	13.705	13.652	24,656	104.533

For comparison, we give the following table showing the week's total receipts, the total since Sept. 1, 1883, and the stock to-night and the same items for the corresponding periods of last years.

	188	83-84	188	32-93	8100	ck.
Receipts to January 25.	This Week.	Since Sep. 1, 1883.	This Week.	Since Sep. 1, 1882.	1884.	1883
Galveston	9,900	500,037	12,434	582.773	77,681	97,730
Indianola,&c.	59	8,031	141	14.560	42	
New Orleans	30,731	1,227,150	54,598	1,098,635	422,522	312.794
Mobile	5,132	213,953	8,978	247,433	44.279	43,396
Florida	2,734	28,968	544	11,275	2,200	
Savannah	11,760	580,223	12,844	629,547	89,679	81,682
Brunsw'k, &c		7,014		5,308		
Charleston	8,201	360.571	8,110	443,353	65,856	78,753
Pt. Royal, &c.	524	12,125	519	11,030	2,505	377
Wilmington	1,491	82,238	2,285	99,647	8,675	16,534
M'head C., &c	102	10,826	1,300	13,277		
Norfolk	17,607	479,667	14,335	563,787	50,216	69,856
West Point,&c	3,349	169,499	2,940	162,659		
New York	5,029	68,633	5,458	90,727	330,979	136,456
Boston	5,506	94,731	3,966	100,211	7,300	4,160
Baltimore	1,815	8,815	4,998	32,159	21,199	22,979
Philadelp'a,&c.	590	9,631	3,150	42,250	13,097	9,102
Total	104,533	3,862,207	136,400	4,148,631	1,136 260	873 839

In order that comparison may be made with other years, we give below the totals at leading ports for six seasons.

Receipts at-	1884	1883.	1882.	1881.	1830.	1879.
Galvest'n,&c.	9,959	12,575	7,677	14,443	13,233	19,486
New Orleans.	39.731	54,398	18,142	49,835	53,004	50.076
Mobile	5,132	8,978	3.998	10,176	10,585	18 708
Bavannah	11,760	12,844	15,534	17.251	15,804	18,771
Charl'st'n, &c	8,728	8,629	7.277	8,337	8,083	18.628
Wilm'gt'n, &c	1,593	3,585	4,202	2,754	1,664	4.945
Norfolk, &c	20,956	17,275	19,845	18,521	15,363	17.509
All others	15,674	18,116	15,406	12,703	14,455	18,974
Tot. this w'k.	104,533	136,400	92,031	125,070	137,191	167,097
Since Sept. 1.	3862,207	4148.631	3692 481	3964.141	3751 301	3269.740

Galveston includes India iola; Charleston includes Port Royal, &c.; Wilmington includes Morenead City, &c.; Norfolk Includes City Point, &c.

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 110,157 bales, of which 79,302 were to Great Britain, 14,983 to France and 15,872 to the rest of the Continent, while the stocks as made up this evening are now 1,136,230 bales. Below are the exports for the week and since September 1, 1883.

Exports	Wee	ek Endi Export	ng Jan. ed to—	25.	From Se		3, to Jan ted to-	. 25, 18-4
from-	Great Brit'n.	France	Conti- nent.	Total Week.	Great Britain.	France	Conti- nent.	Tota
Galveston	22,341	1,364		23.708	174,935	30,539	61,566	267,140
New Orleans	16,723	11.048	3,40	31.175	405.523	236,092	195,178	839.793
Mobile	5,999			5,9.9	81,981		200	\$2,161
Florida					1,500			1,500
Savannah	4 : 24		6 658	11.532	115,156	13,436	141,525	270,117
Charleston	8,901	2,344	2,300	13,545	73,188	20,471	95,250	188,902
Wilmington			******		42,023		3,829	45,853
Norfolk+	3.490			3.490	194,5-0		15,035	209,618
New York	5,543	227	3,042	8.812	230,130	25,241	71,346	316 717
Boston	2,478			2,478	52,302		100	52,403
Biltimore	7,773		487	8,249	67,-73	100	34,611	102,584
Pailadelp'a,&c	1.12			1,128	40,783		3,025	43,808
Total	79,303	14.953	15 872	110,157	1,423,004	325,929	621,663	2,370,598
Total 1882.53	93 342	7.857	53.651	154.880	1.711.249	271,337	740.887	2 7:3 453

includes exports from Port Royal, &c.

In addition to above exports, our telegrams to-night also give us the following amounts of cotton on shipboard, not cleared, at the ports named. We add similar figures for New York, which are prepared for our special use by Messrs. Carey, Yale & Lambert, 89 Broad Street.

	O	shipboo	ard, not c	leared—)	for	
JAN. 25, AT-	Great Britain.	France.	Other Foreign	Coast- wise.	Total.	Leaving Stock.
New Orleans	64,251	23,884	8.353	None.	96,488	326,034
Mobile	11.000	None.	None.	None.	11,000	33,279
Caarieston	3,750	900	6,000	500	11,150	54,706
Savannah	20,900	1,200	11,600	2.100	35,800	53,879
Galveston	21,609	3,216	6,692	2,983	31,505	43,176
Norfolk	20,586	None.	3,331	1,622	21,942	25,304
New York	2.800	None.	1,350	None.	4,150	326,829
Other perts	4,000	None.	1,000	None.	5,000	50,018
Total 1884	148,896	29,200	38,329	6,610	223,035	913,225
fotal 1883	107,113	11.573	54.538	18,051	191.275	682,564
Total 1882	83.128	3.938	43.759	12.180	143,005	1.000.655

The speculation in futures at this market began the week under a feeling of some depression, owing to the increased movement of the crop and the enlarged estimates of receipts at the ports for the current week. Prices declined during Saturday and Monday, but on Tuesday there was some recovery. Wednesday opened stronger, but the semi-panic in certain railroad securities caused a heavy selling movement at the close, in which not only the early advance was lost, but prices returned to about the closing figures of Monday. On Thursday there was a more confident tone; the Liverpool and New Orleans markets were better; it became evident that early estimates of crop movement would not be realized, and prices were quite buoyant, closing firm at 6 to 8 points advance. This morning there was some further improvement, but the demand was limited, and the market soon relapsed into stagnation; but the close was steady. The changes from last Friday are an advauce of 1@3 points for this crop and 1@3 for the next. The wide difference between February and March is attributed to anticipations of free deliveries on February contracts. Cotton on the spot has been without feature, so far as the volume of business is concerned. Quotations were reduced 1-16c. on Wednesday and advanced 1-16c. to-day, standing at the close at 10 11-16c. for middling uplands, the same as last Friday.

The total sales for forward delivery for the week are 393,100 bales. For immediate delivery the total sales foot up this week 2,704 bales, including 100 for export, 1,830 for consumption, 274 for speculation and 500 in transit. Of the above, — bales were to arrive. The following are the official quotations for each day of the past week.

Jan. 19 to	U	PLANI	08.	NEW	ORLE	CANS.	1	TEXAS	١.
Jan. 25.	Sat.	Mon	Tues	Sat.	Mon	Tues	Sat.	Mon.	Tues
Ordin'y. W b	8718	8716	8716	81116	81116	81116	81116	81116	81116
Strict Ord	878	878	878	918	918	918	918	918	918
Good Ord	91116	91116	91116	91516	9:516	91516	91518	91516	91516
str. G'd Ord	10116	10116	10118	10518	10516	10018	10516	10516	16510
Low Midd'g	10518	10516	10516	10916	10916	10918	16916	10916	10916
str.L'w Mid		1019	1012	1034	1034	1034	1034	103	103
Middling	101:16	101116	10:116	101518	101518	10:516	101516	101516	1015
Good Mid	101518	101518	101516	113 a	11316	11316	11316	11319	113
tr. G'd Mid	11116	11118	11116	11519	11516	115 8	11516	11518	11518
Midd'g Fair		11918	11918	1:1316	111318	111316	111316	111314	1113.9
Fair	12516	12518	12516	12914	12918	129.8	129 ₁₈	129 6	12918
	Wed	Th.	Fri.	Wed	Th.	Pri.	Wed	Th.	Frt.
Ordin'y. % To	838	838	8718	858	859	81116	859	859	81116
Strict Ord	81316	81318	878	9116	9113	918	9116	9116	918
Good Ord	958	958	91116	978	978	91516	978	979	91516
Str. G'd Ord	10	10	10116	1014	1014	10518	1014	104	10518
Low Midd'g	104	104	10016	1019	1012	10916	1019	1012	10916
Str. L'w Mid	10718	10716	1012	101116	101116	1034	1011 ₁₈	101116	1031
Middling	1058	1058	101116	10%	1078	101516	1078	1078	101514
Good Mid		1078	101518		1118	11316	1118	1118	11316
tr. G'd Mid		11	11118	1114	1114	11516	114	1114	11010
Midd'g Fair		1112	11916	11%	1134	111316		1134	1113,4
Fair	124	124	12514	1212	1212	12914	1212	1212	12916
8'	TAINE	D.		Sat.	Mon	Tues	Wed	Th.	Fri.
Good Ordina	arv		. 10 to	8116	8116	8116	8	8	8118
Strict Good	Ordina	ry		834	834	834	81116	81116	831
Low Middlin	ıg			9716	9718	9716	938	938	9716
Middling				10516	10518	10018	104	1014	10516

MARKET AND SALES.

The total sales and future deliveries each day during the week are indicated in the following statement. For the convenience of the reader we also add a column which shows at a glance how the market closed on same days.

		BALL	es of s	POT A	ND TRA	NSIT.	FUTU	RES.
	SPOT MARKET CLOSED.	Ex- port.	Con- sump.	Spec- ul't'n	Tran- sit.	Total.	Sales.	Deliv- eries.
4at	Quiet		158	60		218	40.100	400
Mon .	Dull	100	342		500	942	77,600	500
	Dull and easy		606			606		500
Wed .	Q't & st'y,116 dec		30	214		241	83,400	300
Phurs	Steady		418			418	65,400	300
Fri	Firm at 116 adv.		276			276	75,700	300
Total		100	1,830	274	500	2,704	393.100	2,300

The daily deliveries given above are actually delivered the day revious to that on which they are reported.

THE SALES AND PRICES OF FUTURES are shown by the following comprehensive table. In the statement will be found the daily market, the prices of sales for each month each day a d the closing bids, in addition to the daily and total sales.

Jules since Sen 1 1924	l'otal sales this week. Average price, week.				Thesday, Jan. 22— Bales, total	Wonday, Jan. 21— Sales, total	saurday, Jan. 19— Sales, total	Sales of FUTURES.
10 783 400	393,100	Higher. 78,700 10 63 211.50 Steady.	Buoyant, 65,400 10:59 a 11:44 Firm.	Variable, 83,400 10:56 2011 :46 Lowe.		1.0 wer. 77,600 10.56 #11.39 Steady.	Lower. 40,100 10.64 #11.47 Dull.	Range and Total Sales.
0 810 100	2,100 10:59	10.65 10.65 10.65	Aver10.60 10.59 \$10.61 10.61-10.63	Aver10:56 10:56 a 10:55 - 10:57	Aver 10.59	Aver10:57 400 10:56æ10:57 10:56—10:57	Aver	January.
1 700 400	75,000 10-63	Aver10.65 Aver10.67 800 10.65 % — 10.63 & 10.69 10.66 - 10.67 10.68 - 10.69	Aver 10-62 12,800 10-60@10-64 10-63-10-64	Aver 16.62 16.600 10.58 a 10.63 10.58—10.59	Aver10-61 9,500 10-57@10-63	Aver10.60 17.700 10.58 #10.60 10.59 - 10.60	Aver 10.67 7.200 10.64.20.69 10.64-10.65	February.
746.300	105,800 10.81	$\begin{array}{c} 10-65 \text{ Aver } 10-67 \text{ Aver } 10-65 \text{ Aver } 11-26 \text{ Aver } 11-25 \text{ Aver } 11-29 \text{ Aver } 11-40 \text{ Aver } 11-49 \\ 800 & 11,200 & 24,200 \\ 7-9 & -10-63 a 10 69 10-92 a 10-87 10-99 a 11-04 11-14 a 11-17 [11-23 a 11-30 11-40 a -11-41 11-29 a 11-30 11-40 a -11-41 11-49 a 11-30 11-30 a 1$	Aver 10:80 16,100 10:77 & 10:83 10:82-10:83	$\begin{array}{c} 10^{56} \text{ Aver } 10^{62} \text{ Aver } 10^{62} \text{ Aver } 10^{62} \text{ Aver } 11^{69} $	10-58 Aver10-51 Aver10-79 Aver10-94 Aver11-07 Aver11-21 Aver11-33 Aver11-40 Aver10-59 $\frac{1}{2}$.90 $\frac{1}{2}$	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	10.67 Aver10.98 7.200 15.200 1.200 7.700 1.200 9.0.81 20.95 211.90 1.200 10.80 10.80 10.95 211.90	March.
1.148.700	97,200 10:96	Aver11.01 20,000 10.99 #11.04 11.02 -11.03	Aver 10-95 22,600 10-93 a 10-99	Aver10 95 19.600 10.90@10 98 10.90-10.91	Aver 10.94 9,390 10.90 # 10.95 10.95—10.96	Aver16.91 10,500 10.90@10.93 10.91-10.92	Aver10-98 15.200 10-95@11-00 10-95-10-96	April.
919.600	57,300 11.10	Aver11-15 15.500 11-14-211-17 11-16	Aver . 11·10 6.600 11·07 æ11·12	Aver11.09 13,800 11.04-11.12 11.04-11.05	Aver11.07 8.000 11.05 #11.09 11.09 -11.10	Aver11.05 9,800 11.03 #11.06 11.05—11.06	Aver11.12 3.600 11.69 æ11.14 11.09 —11.10	May. June.
391,600	23,300 11.23	Aver11.29 5,100 11.28@11.30 11.29 —	Aver11.22 2,200 11.20 æ11.25 11.24 - 11.25	Aver11.23 5,300 11.18.211.26 11.17.11.18	Aver11.21 4.200 11.15.011.22 11.22-11.2.	Aver11.18 8,100 11.17.2011.20 11.18-11.19	Aver11.26 3,400 11.23.211.27 11.22-11.23	June.
225,500	11.700 11.35	Aver . 11:40 11:40 a - 11:40 - 11:41	Aver11:36 2,300 11:34 21:37 11:36-11:37	A /er11/35 2,800 11:30 # 11:35 11:29 - 11:35	Aver11:33 2,690 11:30 a 11:34 11:34 – 11:35	Aver11:30 3,300 11:30 #11:31	Aver11.12 Aver11.26 Aver11.37 3.500 11.69.311.4111.23.31.27 11.09-11.10 11.2211.23 11.3411.35	July. Aug
98,800	11,300	1,590 1,590 11.48 a 11.50 11.49 – 11.50	1.900 11.40 3 11.44 11.44 - 11.45	Aver11-43 2,700 11-38@11-46 11-37-11-38	Aver11:40 1,300 11:38@11:42 11:42-11:43	Aver11.38 3,500 11.33.211.39 11.38-11.39	Aver11 46 400 11:44@11:47 11:42—11:43	August.
16,600	11.14	1 . A	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Aver11.14 700 - 211.14 11.07-11.05	1.38 a11.42 - a - 11.42-11.43 11.07-11.10	11.05-11.06	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	September.
8,700	10.72	1	Aver	pad 120-	D	Aver11.38 Aver	person person (Time	October.
7,000	10.65			100 0.76 æ10.77 10.65 æ — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	- a		1.200 1.60 Aver10.65 Aver 1.200 1.00	November.
		Aver :-	Aver	Aver :	Aver	Aver	Aver	December.

• Includes sales in September, 1883, for September, 76,200; September-October, for October, 338,607; September-Nevember, for November, 599,800; September-December, for December, 864,500.
• We have included in the above table, and shall continue each week to give, the average price of futures cach day for each month. It will be found under each day following the abbreviation "Aver." The average for each month for the week is also given at bottom of table. Transferable Orders—Saturday, 10-60c; Monday, 10-60c; Tuesday, 10-60c; Wednesday, 10-60c; Thursday, 10-70c.

The following exchanges have been made during the week:

17 pd. to exch. 600 Feb. for Mar.
17 pd. to exch. 500 Feb. for Agri.
18 pd. to exch. 500 Feb. for Agri.
19 pd. to exch. 500 Feb. for Mar.
19 pd. to exch. 100 Feb. for Mar.
19 pd. to exch. 100 Feb. for Mar.
10 pd. to exch. 2,000 Apr. for July
11 pd. to exch. 200 Feb. for Mar.
12 pd. to exch. 500 Mar. for Agri.
18 pd. to exch. 200 Feb. for Mar.
19 pd. to exch. 200 Apr. for June
18 pd. to exch. 200 Feb. for Mar.
19 pd. to exch. 200 Apr. for June
18 pd. to exch. 200 Feb. for Mar.
19 pd. to exch. 200 Apr. for June

THE VISIBLE SUPPLY OF COTTON to-night, as made up by cable and telegraph, is as follows. The Continental stocks, as well as those for Great Britain and the afloat, are this week's returns, and consequently all the European figures are brought down to Thursday evening. But to make the totals the complete figures for to-night (Jan. 25), we add the item of exports from the United States, including in it the exports of Friday only.

		1884.	1883.	1882.	1881.
	Stock at Liverpoolbales.	742,000	821,000	631,000	473,000
	Stock at London	60,000	77,500	43,700	41.700
	Total Great Britain steek	802,000	398.500	674,700	514,700
	Stock at Hamburg	2,600	3,700	2,200	1,500
	Stock at Bremen	67,100	40,300	40,400	22,000
	S:ock at Amsterdam	53,000	13,000	12,200	17,000
	Stock at Rotterdam	900	3,400	516	1.130
	tock at Antwerp	3,800	800	2,090	884
	Stock at Havre	153,000	150,000	114,000	68,900
	Stock at Marseilles	6.000	3,700	2.450	5,500
H	Stock at Barcelona	50,000	48,000	40,000	33,700
	Stock at Genoa	10,000	8,100	2,500	3,500
	Stock at Trieste	8,000	4,806	4,320	2,500
	Total centinental stocks	354,400	275,800	220,676	156,614
	Total European stocks	1.156.400	1,174,300	895,376	671,314
	ndia cotton affoat for Europe.	166,000	103,000	155,000	104.000
	Amer'n cotton affoat for Eur'pe	585,000	603,000	477,000	915,000
	Egypt, Brazil, &c., afit for E'r'pe	56,000	65,000	32,000	42.000
	Stock in United States ports .		873,839	1,143,660	864.987
	Stock in U. S. interior towns.	299,235	319,197	364,776	273,563
	United States exports to-day	4,000	46,100	29,000	15,000
	Total visible supply	3 402 805	3 194 436	3 096 812	2 785 866
	Of the above, the totals of American—				
	Liverpool stock	515,000	555,000	454,000	352,000
	Continental stocks	266,000	173,000	114,000	
	American affoat for Europe	585,000	603,000	477,000	
	United States stock	1,136,260		1.143.660	864.987
	United States interior stocks	299,235	319,197	364,779	273,565
	United States exports to-day	4,000	46,100	29,000	15,000
	Total American	2,8(5,495	2,570.136	2,582,436	2,424,532
	Liverpool stock	227,000	266.000	177.000	121,000
	London stock	60.000	77,500	43,700	41,700
	Continental stocks	88,400	102,800	1(6,676	52,614
	India affoat for Europe	166,000	103,000	155,000	
	Egypt, Brazil, &c., afloat	56,000	65,000	32,000	
	Total East India, &c	597,400		514,376	361,314
	- Total American	2,805,495	2,570,136	2,582,436	2,424,532
	Price Mid. Upl., Liverpool		3,184,436 5584.	3,096,812 658d.	2,785,866 69 ₁₆ d.
	The imports into Con 50,000 bales.		ports thi		ave been

The above figures indicate an increase in the cotton in sight to-night of 218,459 bales as compared with the same date of 1883, an *increase* of 306,083 bales as compared with the corresponding date of 1882 and an *increase* of 617,029 bales as com-

pared with 1881. AT THE INTERIOR Towns the movement—that is the receipts for the week and since Sept. 1, the shipments for the week, and the stocks to-night, and the same items for the corresponding period of 1882-83—is set out in detail in the following statement

	Эаок	Hovement to January 25, 1884.	nuary 25.	1884.	Baok	Movement to January 26, 1000	mary 26
The same	Re	Receipts.	Shipm'ts		Rea	Receipts.	Shipm'ts
TOWNS.	This week.	Since Sept.1,'83.	This week.	Stock Jan. 25.	This week.	Since Sept.1,'82.	This week.
angusta. Ga	1.625	114.584	1	18.294	2,958	141.093	-
olumbus, Ga	1,108	72,899		13,885	1,234	89,635	4.
Macon Ga*	559	:6.681		5.835	518	50.263	2
Montgom'ry Ala.	869	98.356		14,478	1.594	116.336	oc t
selma. Ala	502	61,223		16,218	1.453	87,590	2
Memphis Tenn	7.553	341.205	18.732	91.273	13.118	371.742	10.2
Vashville, Tenn.	1.068	40.599	879	H.146	1,009	33,769	2.0
Dallas, Tex	525	38,482	996	2,140	1,717	31,514	1,627
Palestine Tex	95	6,356	95		500	22,274	6
hreveport, La	1,586	58,981	3,761	12,721	1,898	71,446	1,5
Vicksburg, Miss.	2,503	96,713	3,767	8,494	3,640	74,694	3.2
Columbus, Miss.	804	27,667	874	3,072	1,036	31,764	2,6
Eufaula, Ala	17-	33,822	1,970	3,756	638	37,360	9.
Briffin, Ga	234	23, 70	244	067.1	466	22.809	000
tianta, Ga	1,000	100,000	2,500	0,301	4.0	110,200	10.2
Kome, Ga	1,873	24,000	1,007	1,000	1,435	25,400	1,1
nariotte, A. C.	E 041	024,200	11,914	50.050	2916	202,004	1000
incinnati, O	15,163	156,050	15,828	5,974	16.147	222,931	15,961
fotal, old towns.	44,360	1,707,647	73,264	290,235	60,488	1,943,157	73,399
ewberry, S. Ct.	100	13,820	100	21		17,416	ట
Raleigh, N. C		28,806	143	0,311	509	37,047	- 6
Petersburg, Va.		22.681	765	5,908		20.968	ao -
ittle Rock, Ark.		39,024	765	5,028		38,482	1,2
Brenham, Tex.	9 557	458.602	9.723	1,667 15,390	-4	28.686 558.673	331
				200	- 1	1000	
COLET' DEM COM TR	11,011	000,001	44,34	02,000	010,010	11,000	10,400
Total all	55,871	2,308,578	85,686	330,900	75,436	2,660.762	92.654

* Stock actual count. † This year's figures estimated.

The above totals show that the old interior stocks have decreased during the week 28,904 bales, and are to-night 19,962 bales less than at the same period last year. The receipts at

the same towns have been 16,128 bales less than the same week last year, and since September 1 the receipts at all the towns are 352,184 bales less than for the same time in 1882-83.

QUOTATIONS FOR MIDDLING COTTON AT OTHER MARKETS.—In the table below we give the closing quotations of middling cotton at Southern and other principal cotton markets for each day of the past week.

Week ending	CLOSI	CLOSING QUOTATIONS FOR MIDDLING COTTON ON-											
Jan. 25.	Satur.	Mon.	Tues.	Wednes.	Thurs.	Fri.							
Galveston	1038	1038	1038	1038	1638	1038							
New Orleans.	1038	1038	10%	1038	1038	1038							
Mobile	10516	105,6	10518	10516	1014.	104							
Bavannah	1014	1014	104	1014	104	1034							
Charleston	1019	1019	10387019	1012	1036 @ 12	1012							
Wilmington	1018	1018	10118	10116	10116	10116							
Norfolk	10516	104	1014	104	104	10516							
Boston	103	10%	10%	10%	1034	10%							
Baltimore	1012 258	10 2 7 58	1040 258	1019 @ 58	1019@58	1019@ 5							
Philadelphia.	1978	1078	1078	1078	1078	1078							
Augusta	1018	10	10	1618	10	10							
Memphis	1038	1038	104	1034	104	104							
et. Louis	1038	1038	1038	1038	1038	1038							
Cincinnati	104	1014	1014	104	1034	104							
Louisville	1049	1018	1019	1018	1018	1018							

RECEIPTS FROM THE PLANTATIONS .- The following table is prepared for the purpose of indicating the actual movement each week from the plantations. Receipts at the outports are someweek from the plantations. Receipts at the outports are some-times misleading, as they are made up more largely one yea than another at the expense of the interior stocks. We reach therefore, a safer conclusion through a comparative statement like the following. In reply to frequent inquiries we will add that these figures, of course, do not include overland receipts or Bothern consumption; they are simply a statement of the weekly movement from the plantations of that part of the crop-reliab figures above the market through the out ports. which finally reaches the market through the out-ports.

BECEIPTS FROM PLANTATIONS.

-	Veek	Receip	ts at the	Ports.	St'k at	Interior	Towns.	Rec'pts from Plant'ne			
914	ding-	'81'-82.	'82-'e3.	'o3-'54.	'd1-'c2.	'd2-'d8.	'83-'8 4.	'81-'82 .	'o2-'83.	33-184	
Nov.	9	233,320	262,251	267,604	323,161	211,740	313,249	265,311	9 38,899	804,119	
81	18	233,462	239,154	242,078	345,706	244,123	343,525	257,007	291,537	272,758	
•	23	232,216	242.169	232,510	367,060	259,175	359,74	233,570	257,221	233.329	
65	90	222,170	253,097	222,185	393,086	275,700	374,564	245,198	271,622	2 37,001	
Dec.	7	238,844	247.0:7	255,484	415,599	291,876	3:6,477	231,357	262,693	277.397	
**	14	241,576	262,015	281,168	445,536	299,528	410,246	271,513	270,167	304,933	
	21	206,855	258.170	247,733	457,024	336,993	423,577	218,343	295,635	261,064	
**	28	200,824	251,923	201,686	466,586	379,855	422,310	210,186	294,785	200,419	
Jan.	4	152,429	224,997	140,612	453,659	383.647	407,574	139.502	228,789	126,276	
*	11	114,868	175,382	90,245	435,050	380,248	389,898	96,239	171,983	72.16	
**	18	19,990	150,890	110,467	419,048	367,967	380,715	83,938	138,109	81,28	
**	25	92.081	136,400	104.533	400,986	3 0 749	330 900	74.021	119,182	74.718	

The above statement shows—1. That the total receipts from the plantations since September 1, 1883, were 4,143,951 bales; in 1882-83 were 4,482,895 bales; in 1881-82 were 4,048,042 bales.

2.—That, although the receipts at the out-ports the past week were 104.533 bales, the actual movement from plantations was only 74,718 bales, the balance being taken from the stocks at the interior towns. Last year the receipts from the plantations for the same week were 119,182 bales and for 1882 they were 74,024 bales

AMOUNT OF COTTON IN SIGHT JANUARY 25.—In the table below we give the receipts from pleatations in another form, and add to them the net overland movement to January 1, and also the takings by Southern spinners to the same date, so as to give substantially the amount of cotton now in sight.

	1883-94.	1882-83.	1881-82.	1880-31
Receipts at the ports to Jan. 25 Interior stocks on Jan. 25 in		4,148,631	3,692,481	3,964,141
excess of September 1	281,741	334,264	355,561	267,483
Tot. receipts from plantat'ns Net overland to January 1	4,143,951 382,415	4,482.895	4,048,042	4,231,624
Southern consumpt'n to Jan. 1	123,000			
Total in sight January 25	1,619,366	5,025.977	4,471,552	4,633.387

It will be seen by the above that the decrease in amount in sight to-night, as compared with last year, is 376,611 bales, and that the increase as compared with 1881-82 is 177,514 bales, and with 1890-81 is 15,979 bales.

WEATHER REPORTS BY TELEGRAPH.—There has been rain or snow in all sections of the South during the week, and in some districts the rainfall has been rather heavy. The temperature has also been lower, but not so low as two weeks

Galveston, Texas.—We have had rain on two days of the week, the rainfall reaching one inch and thirty-four hundredths. Ice formed in this vicinity on two nights of the week. The thermometer has ranged from 24 to 64, aver-

aging 44. Indianola, Texas.—There has been rain on two days of the week, the rainfall reaching fifty-eight hundredths of an inch. Ice formed on two nights. Average thermometer 45, highest 67 and lowest 22.

Palestine, Texas.—It has rained on two days of the week, the rainfall reaching one inch and thirty-four hundredths. There have been five killing frosts during the week, and ice

formed on three nights. It is terribly cold.

New Orleans, Louisiana.—It has rained on three days of the week, the rainfall reaching two inches and twenty-four hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 47.

Shreveport, Louisiana.—Telegram not received. Vicksburg, Mississippi.—We are having too much rain. It has rained severely on three days of the week, the remainder being cloudy, but at the close there is a favorable change. The rainfall reached four inches and fifty-eight hundredths. The thermometer has ranged from 22 to 53.

dredths. The thermometer has ranged from 22 to 53.

Meridian, Mississippi.—Telegram not received

Greenville, Mississippi.—It has rained on two days of the
week, the rainfall reaching two inches and twenty-seven hundredths. Average thermometer 42, highest 57 and lowest 24.

Columbus, Mississippi.—It has rained on two days of the

week, the rainfall reaching two inches and sixty-eight hundredths.

dredths.

Little Rock, Arkansas.—It has been cloudy on five days of the week, with rain on one, the rainfall reaching twenty-one hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 28, the highest being 45 and the lowest 11.

Pine Bluff, Arkansas.—Telegram not received.

Fort Smith, Arkansas.—Telegram not received.

Helena, Arkansas.—We have had rain on two days, and the remainder of the week has been cloudy. The rainfall reached one inch and fourteen hundredths. Average thermometer 31 highest 48 and lowest 16.

reached one inch and fourteen hundredths. Average thermometer 31, highest 48 and lowest 16.

Monticello, Arkansus — Telegram not received.

Memphis, Tennessee.—We have had rain on four days and snow on one day of the week. The rainfall reached one inch and thirty-six hundredths. The thermometer has averaged

34, ranging from 15 to 51.

Nashville, Tennessee.—We have had rain on three days of the week, the rainfall reaching one inch and eighty-two hundredths. Snow fell here this week to the depth of six inches. The thermometer has ranged from 12 to 48, averaging 30.

Mobile, Alabama.—Telegram not received.

Montgomery, Alabama.—We have had rain on five days of the week, the rainfall reaching two inches and seventeen hundredths. We have had three killing frosts during the week. The weather is very cold to-day. The thermometer has

The weather is very cold to-day. The thermometer has averaged 39, the highest being 53 and the lowest 20.

**Retma*, Alabama*.—It has rained on three days of the week, the rainfall reaching three inches and thirty-eight hundredths.

setma, Atabama.—It has rained on three days of the week, the rainfall reaching three inches and thirty-eight hundredths. Ice formed in this vicinity on three nights of the week. The thermometer has averaged 35, ranging from 19 to 47.

Madison, Florida.—Telegram not received.

Macon, Georgia.—It has rained on one day of the week. Average thermometer 42, highest 60 and lowest 15.

Columbus, Georgia.—We have had rain on two days of the week, the rainfall reaching three inches and fifty-six hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 34, the highest being 50 and the lowest 21.

Savannah, Georgia.—There has been rain on three days of the week, and the remainder of the week has been cloudy. The rainfall reached ninety-five hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 47, ranging from 23 to 63.

Atlanta, Georgia.—The early part of the week was clear and pleasant, but during the latter portion we have had heavy general rain on three days, the rainfall reaching two inches and eight hundredths. The thermometer has ranged from 23 to 59, averaging 43.

to 59, averaging 43. to 59, averaging 43.

Charleston, South Carolina.—It has rained on three days of the week, the rainfall reaching thirty-nine hundredtheof an inch. The thermometer has averaged 47, the highest being 66 and the lowest 28.

Columbia, South Carolina.—There has been rain on two days of the week, the rainfall reaching two inches and twelve hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 40, ranging from 50 to 20.

from 59 to 22.

The following statement we have also received by telegraph, showing the height of the rivers at the points named at 3 o'clock January 24, 1884, and January 25, 1883.

	Jan. 2	1, '84	Jan. 2	3, 'a3
	Feet.	Inch.	Feet.	Inch.
New OrleansBelow high-water mark	4	8	10	4
Memphis Above low-water mark.	20	9	12	11
Nashville Above low-water mark.	23	9	30	0
Shreveport Above low-water mark.	10	11	18	6
Vicksburg Above low-water mark.	31	2	16	2

New Orleans reported below high-water mark of 1871 until Sept. 9, 1874, when the zero of gauge was changed to high-water mark of April 15 and 16, 1874, which is 6-10ths of a foot above 1871, or 16 feet above low-water mark at that point.

INDIA COTTON MOVEMENT FROM ALL PORTS.—We have re-arranged our India service so as to make our reports more detailed and at the same time more accurate. We had found it impossible to keep out of our figures, as cabled to us for the ports other than Bombay, cargoes which proved only to be shipments from one India port to another. The plan now followed relieves us from the danger of this insequence and keeps the totals correct. from the danger of this inaccuracy and keeps the totals correct. We first give the Bombay statement for the week and year, bringing the figures down to January 24.

BOMBAY RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS FOR FOUR YEARS.

	Shipme	ents thu	s week.	Shipme	nie since	Receipts.		
Year	Great Brit'n.	Conti- nent.	Total.	Great Britain	Conti- nent.	Total.	This Week.	Since Jan. 1.
			47,000		56,000	102,000		157,000
1883	10,000	10.000	1,000	28,000 66,000	28,000 35,000	101,000		127,000
1881			1,000		16.000		26 000	90,000

According to the foregoing, Bombay appears to show an increase compared with last year in the week's receipts of 7,000 bales, and an increase in shipments of 37,000 bales, and the shipments since January 1 show an increase of 46,000 bales. The movement at Calcutta, Madras and other India ports for the last reported week and since the 1st of January, for two years has been as follows. "Other ports" cover Ceylon, Tuticorin, Kurrachee and Coconada.

	Shipme	nts for the	e week.	Shipmen	its since Jan	uary 1.
	Great Britain.	Conti- nent.	Total.	Great Britain.	Continent.	Total.
Calcutta-						
1884	2,700	800	3,500	9,000	800	9.800
1883	3,000	1.000	4,000	18,000	2,500	20,500
Madras-	-,	,	,			
1884				2,200		2,200
1883				2,000		2,000
All others-						
1884	300		300	1,700		1,700
· 1883				1,000		1,000
Total all-						
1884	3.000	800	3,800	12,900	800	13,700
1883	3,000	1,000	4,000	21,000	2,500	23,500

The above totals for the week show that the movement from the ports other than Bombay is 200 bales less than same week last year. For the whole of India, therefore, the total shipments since January 1, 1884, and for the corresponding periods of the two previous years, are as follows.

EXPORTS TO EUROPE FROM ALL INDIA.

671. January 12	18	84.	18	83.	1882.		
to all Europe from—	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	This week.	Since Jan. 1	
Bombay All other ports.	47,000 3,900	102,006 13,700	10,000 4,000	56,000 23,500	27,000 5,700	101,000 33,200	
Total	50,800	115,700	14,000	79,500	32,700	134,200	

This last statement affords a very interesting comparison of the total movement for the three years at all India ports.

ALEXANDRIA RECRIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.—Through arrangements we have made with Messrs. Davies, Benachi & Co., of Liverpool and Alexandria, we now receive a weekly cable of the movements of cotton at Alexandria, Egypt. The following are the receipts and shipments for the past week and for the corresponding week of the precipits we wears. of the previous two years.

Alexandria, Egypt, January 23.	1883	3-94.	188	82-83.	188	1-82	
Receipts (cantars*)— This week Since Sept. 1		65,000 07,000		65,090 86,000	110 00 2,437,55		
	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1	
Exports (bales)— To Liverpool To Continent	4,000 5,000	168.000 76,000	7,000	153,900 49,000			
Total Europe	9,000	244,000	11,000	202,000	18,319	254,301	

This statement shows that the receipts for the week ending Jan. 23 were 65,000 cantars and the shipments to all Europe were 9,000 bales.

MANCHESTER MARKET.—Our report received from Manchester to-night states that holders of yarns are less willing to sell at the reduced price, but that the cloth market is firm at unchanged prices. We give the prices of to-day below, and leave previous weeks prices for comparison.

					188	3-1.						1	382-	3.		
	32s Cop. Twist.			84 lbs. Shirtings.			Mid. Upl/s	32s Cop.		84 lbs. Shirtings.			s. ys. •	Oott' Mid. Upld		
	d.		d.	A.	d.	8.	d	d.	d.		d.	8.	d.	8.	d.	d.
Nov 23		8	918		7	7	112	51516	878	0	919		3	7	9	618
30		8	918		7	@7	112	6	878	0	912	6	3	@7	9	6
Dec. 7	858	0	918	5	7	@7	110	578	878	0	910	6	3	@7	9	5151
** 14	8916	300	9	5	8	@7	212	51316	878	0	912		3	07	719	515
* 21	838	0	878	5	519	266	1112	5%	878	0	910		14	207	710	5131
" 28		0	878	5	54	246	1119	51316	813,	200				07	712	534
Jan. 4	812	a	9	5	7	@?	1	51516	- 34	a	938	6	1	07	7 -	5111
	812	0	9	5	7	707	1	51016	859	0			ō	27	6	5111
* 18			918	3	10	@7	212	51516	858	a		6	o	æ7	412	558
4 25	84	0	9	5	10	7	212	578	834	0			1	27	6	550

EUROPEAN SUPPLY AND CONSUMPTION.—By cable we have to-day received the substance of Mr. Ellison's annual first of January cotton review, and it will be found in our editorial columns.

cotton review, and it will be found in our editorial columns.

Jute Butts, Bagging, &c.—The market for bagging has not shown any improvement since our last report, and beyond a jobbing inquiry we hear of no business. The prices have been advanced by the association, and it has been settled to reduce the out-turn from the mills and not limit the sales as heretofore. The present quotations are \$\frac{9}{2}c, for 1½ lbs., 10c, for 1¾ lbs., 10¾c, for 2 lbs. and 11½c, for standard grades. Butts have been in better demand and prices are firmer, owing to higher prices abroad. We hear of sales of 2,000 bales paper grades at 2¾60.2½c, on spot, while to arrive some 4,000 bales were placed at 2¾6c. Bagging grades have sold to the extent of 1,200 bales at 2¼c. At the close sellers are asking 2½@2 9-16c, for paper and 2¾c, for bagging. and 21/8c, for bagging.

WEATHER RECORD FOR NOVEMBER AND DECEMBER —Below we give the rainfall and thermometer record for the months of Nov. and Dec. and previous months of this year and the two preceding years. The figures are from the records of the Signal Service Bureau, except at points where they have no station, and at those points they are from the records kept by our own agents.

ĺ	those points	they	are	Tro	ши	e rec	orus	, kel	ot by	our	own	age	nts.
	Rainfall.	Sej	ptemb	er.	-0	ctober		No	remb	er.	D	ecembe	er.
ı		1883.	1882.	1881.	1883.	1882.	1881.	1883.	1882.	1881.	1883.	1882.	1881.
	VIRGINIA. Norfolk,— Rainfall, in Days of rain.	6.63	8·07 12	2·67	3·79 16	8.67 13	2 43 15	0·55 5	1.88	6.04	2·40 13	6.09	1.61
	N. CAR'LINA. Wilmington— Rainfall, in Days of rain.	16·53 16	3·34 14	3.50	1.09	7:57	1.48	0.42	2·78	2·95 16	10	4·02 12	3:64
	Weldon.— Rainfall, in Days of rain.	7·75 12	6.62 11	3.77	3·59	3 97	3.44	0.87	0·52 5	4:27	2·23	2.85	2.70
1	Rainfall, in	7.73	7.91	0.49	3.80	3.07	5.55	1.65	4.94	4:17	2.89	4.72	6.29
-	Days of rain. Charlotte— Rainfall, in	4.00	4:58	4.85	15	6.13	2.69	4.65	11	15 4.58	3.09	12	13.
1	Portsmouth—	11-24	8	7 3·29	7:03	6.89	10 3·62	9	6	14	11	10 5.68	12
	Rainfall, in Days of rain. Murphy	1.2	13	8	11	13	7	3.44	10	5.19	:	14	B
	Rainfall, in Days of rain. Wilson-	2.70	1.73	4·90 5	9.60	3.80	6·40 7	5.50	3·80 5	2·80 7	4·55 14	8 8	5·15 14
1	Rainfall, in Days of rain. Mid.Cape Fear-	8:48 12	7.33	:	2.45	1.68	***	1 00	1.06		1.64 6	5:39 8	****
	Days of rain. S. CAROLINA	15·12 13	6:38 10	::::	3·94 10	5.81 6	::::	1:38 5	2:31	:::	4.50	8 50 8	::::
	Charleston— Rainfall, in Days of rain.	2·36	5.85	5·49 10	1.33	6.56	1.59	1.08	3.54	2·15	2.81	3.09	4.76
	Days of rain. Spartanburg— Rainfail, in Days of rain.	2.98	3.39		3:41	3.29		3:50	0.89		2.60		
	Columbia— Rainfall, in Days of rain. GEORGIA.	4.53	::::	::::	2.79			2.04		::::	1.44	6.28	::::
	Augusta.— Rainfall, in Days of rain.	1.25	3.22	7.01	1.69	2.78	2:33	3.73	3.88	3·81 15	2.59	4·45 17	4.96
	Atlanta Rainfall, in	0.69	4.02	3.21		3.28	2:97	9	3.40	3.69		3.62	6.68
	Days of rain. Savannah.— Rainfall, in	3 2.55	7.42	5 3·09	1:41	6 4.63	2.72	0.58	13	2:45	1.98	5:55	3.08
	Days of rain. Columbus.— Rainfall, in	3.03	8 4.50	12 3·53	14	5.90	10 2·23	5	8.08	4.72	7	5.55	10 7.89
	Days of rain.	- 8	3	4	3	3	2	4	3	4		5	6
1	Rainfall, in . Days of rain. Rome.—	0.90 5	7·20 5	3.00	4	7	2.90	2.05	2.75	0.21	1.98	5.85 10	10
	Rainfall, in Days of rain. Forsyth,—	::::	3.12	1.72	****	2.85	3.33	:::.	3.00	4:38	::::	2.60 7	5.52
	Rainfall, in Days of rain. FLORIDA. Jacksonville.—	1.29	4.88	6.03 7	2.16	3.41 8	2·58	3.06	3:05 6	4.39	4·49 11	5:82 13	6.85
	Rainfall, in	7.28	4:39 11	4.28 18	7.26	10.32	2·87	0.09	5.70	3·41 15	0.42	4·34 12	2·86 11
	Cedar Keys Rainf dl, in Days of rain. ALABAMA.	2:77	9.37	7:41 10	0.53	4.77	1·25 7	0.83 2	4.40 4	2·19 8	3.32	3·23 11	3·52 9
	ALABAMA. Montgomery.— Rainfall, in Days of rain. Mobile.—	0.55	4.18	4.49	2:00	2.40	2.72	1.70 10	1.91 10	4.56 12	4·23 12	3·88 14	9·75- 17
	Rainfall, in Days of rain.	0.98	4·05	11.71	0.84	8.29	3.23	2.57	2:67	7:36 11	3·11	5.84 14	9·15- 11
	Greene Spr'gs- Rainfall, in Days of rain.	0.68	2.26	2.98	2.50	3.80	3.90	4.53	3.80	5:43	5.99	4:30	4.75
-	Rainfall, in Days of rain.	0	3.27	5·70 5		1.85	2.97	5.99	2.19		5:09		4:80-
1	New Orleans Rainfall, in	0.25	1:59	4.47	3.43	2.16	4:84	6:36	1.98	7:21	3:47	4.27	6.62
	Shreveport. – Rainfall, in		1.11	5.90	1	6.73	15 8:18		8:62	5:98	3 07	1.68	7:59
	Days of rain. MISSI-SIPPI. Columbus,— Rainfall, in	0.16	2.01	4.82	3.98	3.44	111	8:16	6:04	6.10	4.15	2.83	4.56
-	Days of rain. Vicksburg.—	2	4	6	5	5	4.31	9	8	9	10	5	9
	Rainfall, in Days of rain. Brookhaven—	4	1.47	6.11	11	3.73	9.69	11.23	4·37 12	6:07	9.42	4.85 13	3.18-
	Days of rain. ARKANSAS. Little Rock.—		6	1:30	4	3:40	7.2	7.95 6	3.30	6	5.80 8	4	1.70
	Rainfall, in Days of rain. Mount Ida—	3.67	3.03	1.93	5·55 13	5.06	8	3:37 10	4.83	5.78	4:03	1:35 16	2.27
-	Rainfall, in Days of rain. Helena—	1.60	2.60	0.45	7.85 11	6.05	7:45 10	2·15 6	5.70	4:50	5.05	0.95 3	3.80
	Rainfall, in Days of rain.				::::						6.13		
-	Pine Bluff— Rainfall, in Days of rain. TENNESSEE.		:::.	::::		:::-	::::	::::	::::		3:34	::::	
	Nashville.— Rainfall, in Days of rain.	2.19	1.57 11	6.49	5.24	1.04	4.74	3.07	3-57 16	4.81	4·93 18	1:43	4.83
	Memphis.— Rainfall, in Days of rain	1.05			8:56	4.08	3.22	4.26	6.65	5.14		1.78	2:39
-	Ashwood-	2.03	1:30	5.60	7:50	13	5:5	3:50	3.90		4.80		
	Days of rain Austin— Rainfall, in	1.65	5	5.80	5.10	5 0.95	6	3.45	3-20	5.08	3.60		5.50
-	Days of rain. TEXAS.		5	4	9	3	4	9	8	9	6	4	13
-	Galveston.— Rainfall, in Days of rain.	3.22	4.68 12	3.86	6.78	6.79	10.8	1.88 18	2.20	2·85 12	2·91	3·75 15	3:50 11
-	Indianola.— Rainfall, in Days of rain. Palestine*—	9.86	6.13	6.51	2·46 18	1:75	5.04	1.51	3.95	4·18 16	1.77	2.26	1:49
-	Palestine*- Rainfall, in Days of rain.	1:99	2.25			1		7:09		1	2:50	1.61	1
1	* 11 a denres		-4		. 4 .								

^{*} The agures of September and October, 1881, are for Corsicana,

JANUARY	26,	1884	.]							TH	E	CH	IK
Rainfall.	-	ptemb		-	ctober	-	-	vemb		CONTRACTOR NO.	cembe	-	1
New Ulm-		1882.				1881.					1882.		H
Rainfall, in Days of rain. Fort Elliot— Rainfall, in	7·71 9	3.88	3·41 8	3·51 8 5·32	5.94	12.44	5·32 11 0·04	7.63 8	8.75 9 0.42	2.61 8 0.84	2·25 4 0·40	3.56	
Days of rain.	9 Se	9 ptemb	cr.	13	ctober	7	1	5 evemb	6	5	2 cembe		P
VIRGINIA.	1883.	1882.	1881.	1883.	1882.	1881.		1882.	1881.	1883.	1882.		T
Norfolk.— Highest Lowest	85.0 55.3	90.0 54.0 72.1	92.0 64.0 77.5	86.6 47.1 62.2	81.0 47.0 64.1	89°0 46°0	79·2 27·5	77·0 31·0	78·0 27·0	68·9 24·0	59°0 16°0	71.0 27.0	M
N. CAR'LINA Wilmington.— Highest	90.1	89.0	90.0	63.5	81.0	66.8	53·7 82·0	79:0	55.0	46.4	40.5	49.0	
Average	59·0	56.0 74.0	78·8	66.0 66.0	47.0 67.5	87.0 47.0 60.8	28.0 57.0	52°2	81.0 26.0 58.7	71.8 27.0 52.8	68.0 17.0 46.0	73.0 31.0 52.8	A
Lowest Average Kitty Hawk—	88.0 52.0 88.0	94.0 53.0 72.0	97.0 62.0 78.0	88.0 45.0 61.0	82·0 63·3	92.0 95.0	81.0 20.0 51.4	82.0 23.0 44.0	78.0 21.0 55.0	67.0 18.0 43.2	60.0 11.0 36.4	74.0 22.0 44.0	A
Lowest Average	87.5 59.0 71.6	89.5 54.0 73.0	92.0 63.0 77.4	88·0 49·9 63·8	81.0 45.5 65.4	90:0 50:0 68:3	78·2 29·0 54·0	75.0 30.5 50.4	77.0 27.0 57.3	67.5 23.0 47.0	62·5 14·0 41·3	72:0 26:0 49:9	G
Charlotte— Highest Lowest Average	91.8 51.0 68.5	88.0 54.0 70.9	94.0 61.0 77.4	85.0 46.0 61.6	81.0 40.5 63.4	87.0 42.0 65.8	78·2 19·8 52·4	78.5 28.2 47.9	74.8 20.0 50.9	66-6 22-6 46-9	80°5 10°0 38°3	70°0 28°0 46°4	In
Portsmouth— Highest Lowest Average	86.0 62.0 74.0	90 5 62 0	88.0	82·0 51·5	81.0 51.0 67.0	87·0 53·0	78·5 32·0 55·2	78.0	80.0		65·0 65·0	70·0 27·0 52·3	P
Murphy— Highest Lowest	83:0 46:0	74·7 83·0 41·0	79°0 91°0 55°0	80°0 45°0	79°0 35°0	83.0 87.0	74.0 16.0	52·9 78·0 25·0	75°0 12°0	62.0	43'4 60'0 7'0	52·3 63·0 18·0	
Average Wilson— Highest	57.4 89.0	91.0	723	85.0	90.0	87.0 62.7	45·6 82.5	49·0 83·0	12·0 47·5	41.5	60·0	43.0	N
Average Mid. Cape Fear- Highest	585 708 900	60·0 72·8		45.0 62.4 88.0	45.0 65.8 81.0		25°0 53°4 78°0	30°0 48°9 82°0	::::	25·0 47·2 76·0	15.0 40.5 68.0	:.::	F
Average S. CAROLINA	55'0 69'4			420 65°3	36.0		20.0	28·0 45·8	::::	18.0 47.3	12·0 42·6		-
Charleston.— Highest Lowest Average	90°0 58°0	62.5	92·5	93·0 53·0	83.0 52.0	54.0	80.0		28.0	29.3	69·0 24·0	76·0 33·0	re
Spartanburg- Highest Lowest	97.0 46.0	95 0		85.0	80.0		59°4 78°0 19°0	55.4 80.0 28.0	60.8	56.0 66.0	48.3 59.0 12.6	55.3	di
Columbia— Highest Lowest	96.0	71.3		50°0	63.6		50°4 80°0	47.5		73:0	86·7	44'4	in
Average GEORGIA. Augusta.—			:	350			56.0			28.0	16.0	::::	01
Lowest Average	94·5 55·5 73·8	90:4 55:3 74:6	96.8 64.4 79.4	92.0 49.0 68.2	84°8 42°5 67°8	90·0 48·2 70·6	28.0	83·0 52·8	260	28.8	19.0	31.8	oi F
Lowest Average	90°0 54°0 71°7	91.0 50.0 74.1	91°0 61°0 77°0		80°0 51°0 66°0	48.0		77:0 27:0 49:4	76.6		62·0 10·0 39·3	69:0 28:0	h
Savannah.— Highest Lowest	90.0	91.0	92.0	91.5	83°0 50°3	86.0	81.0	80.0	80.5	74.7	72.0	77.0 33.0	d w
Average Columbus.— Highest Lowest	92.0 58.0	92.0	92.0	88.0		88·0 56·0	78:0	86:0	76.0		50°8 67°0 23°0	67:0	n
Macon.— Highest Lowest	92.0	90:0	94.0	90.0	83.0		88.0	80.0	84.0	72:0	68:0	58.0	a
Rome.— Highest	75.0	88.0	95:0	69 0	84.0	88.0	57.0	54·0 80·0	58.0	51.0		53·0 65·0	li
Average Forsyth.— Highest	98.6	58.0 72.0	77-2		42°0 67°0 86°0	68.8		28°0 50°0	20.0		39°0 88°0	26.0 48.7	1
Average FLORIDA.	60.0	62.0	68 0	53.0	524	56·0 72·4	28.0	28.0	26.0	24'(18.0	30.0	n
Jacksonville.— Highest Lowest Average	62:	65.0	69.0	59.0	511	54 (83°0 43°0 63°3	38	32 (30%	28.0	41'0	fi
Highest Lowest	90%	99.0	94.0	87:5	88.0	89:0	80%	81:0	91.0	75	69.0	78·0 42·0	o
ALABAMA. Montgomery.— Highest										1		61.7	f
Average Mobile.—	531	52.8	56 5	433	69.6	0 48.	2 580	283	56	3 26°9 1 53°0	19:	33.2	fi
Highest Lowest Average Greene Spr'ys	57	5 94°0 54°0 75°7	96°0 58°0 79°3	91.0 946.3 73.3	3 59	89°6 4 51°6 4 73°5	80°3 60°3	1 29:	81°0 50°0 50°0	28	241	36.8	l t
Lowest Average	95° 64° 75°	86°0 68°0 1 72°3	0 564	441	85° 71° 68°	0 484	244	81°0 26°0 4 52°-	29	70°0 0 22°0 3 59°	124	33.0	i
Highest Lowest Average	98	0 51:0	96°0 54°0 77°0	0 91°0 90°0 90°0 90°0	1 48	0 86° 0 46° 5 70°	964	281	0 27	0 2 11	181	35.0	I
New Orleans Highest	90	5 89:	5 92	0 88	7 85			0 821	80	76	75	77.0	I
Average Shreveport.— Highest	79	4 76%	80	75	73		0 500	0 62	8 61.	3 80.		59.2	e
Average MISSISSIPPI	: :::	. 531	0 47	7	47	0 47	0 314	9 54	0 93	0 29	1: 224	0 310	,
Columbus.— Highest Lowest Average	. 101	0 583	0 95° 0 62° 0 83°	0	. 46	0 51	0	. 24	0 25	0			8
Highest Lowest	95	2 92-3	3 98°	0 93	4 88° 6 47°		0 82	4 84	5 80° 8 25°	0 77	0 70	4 75 C	8
Average Brookhaven— Highest Lowest	. 100	0 849	95	0 98	0 82	0 85	0 58	0 80	0 75	0 75	3 48°	7 54°8 0 72°0	1
ARKANSAS.	. 80	0 70-	0 74	0 76	0 64	0 63	0 52	0 55	-	1	49	0 51.0	1
Lowest Average Mount Ida.	93 50 70	0 719	0 70	0 41	0 45	0 39	0 21	0 23	0 21	0 72 0 23 0 44	0 15	0 290)]
Highest	91	0 885 0 445 0 685	0 34	0 83					0 80° 0 16° 5 47°	0 76 0 18 3 43	0 66° 0 14° 7 39	0 22 6	
							-		_	_	_	_	

Thermometer.	Se	ptemb	er.	0	octobe		No	ovemb	er.	D	ecemb	er.
I nermometer.	1883.	1882.	1881.	1883.	1882.	1881	1883.	1882.	1881.	1883.	1882.	1881
Helena-			1			-			-		-	
Highest					****					70.0		
Lewest										25.0	****	
Average	****				****	****		****		46.0		
Highest					****					72.0		
L west										240		
Average										41.0		
TENNESSEE Nashville.												
	90.2	89-7	98.2	85.7	88.8	00.0	MF.0	co.a	***	ma. 4	WO.0.	m
Highest	50%	45.4	49.6	44.6	42.9	89.0	75·2 16·5			20.5	59.€	67
Average	68.9	70.8			66.2	66.5	50.9	27.5 49.8		43.8	38.6	26
Memphis	000	100	100	0.5 8	00 0	00.0	90.8	49'5	49.9	43.8	39.0	40
Highest	92.0	88:0	98.0	88.0	88:0	89.0	77:3	81:0	77.5	72.0	67:0	70
Lowest	51.0	50.0		44.0	46.0	45.0	20.0	29:0	55.0	22.5		31
Average	70.2	70.8	76.7	65.1	66.8	68.3	54.1	51.7	20.6	46.8	11.5	48
Ashwood	10 2	100	10 1	00 1	00 8	05 3	04 1	21.4	20.0	40.0	4:3 4	45
Highest	9:0	90:0	100.0	84.0	84 0	87:0	78:0	78:0	78:0	66.0	56:0	68
Lowest	50.0	46.0	52.0		43.0	42.0		26.0	17.0	18 0	90.0	28
Average	70.2	72.0	76.0		68.0	64.2		49.0	481	43.0	39.0	46
Austin	102	1.00	100	010	00 0	04 0	40.0	400	40.1	450	39 0	40.
Highest	91.0	88:0	98:0	86:0	86.0	88:0	73.0	76:0	76:0	68:0	58:0	68
Lowest	50.0	44.0		44.0	41.0		18.0		18:0	19:0		
Average	70.2	70.9		65.9	66.3	61.5	49.4		50.1	40.8		46
TEXAS.		100	102	000	000	01.2	40 4	410	00 1	100	90.0	40
	1											
Galveston	90.0	87.0	01.0	00.0	85:0	0***	01.0	01.0	PO. 4	BT.0	ma. a	~
Highest	63.5		91.0			87.0		81.0	79.4	75.0		741
Average	79.4	78.3	81.5	76.9	59°0	59.0 77.1	43.0	39.0	36.0	41.0	34.0	43
Indianola.	194	100	01.2	10.8	102	44.1	65.0	64.1	61.2	60.5	573	58
Highest	90.0	89:0	92.5	89.8	87.4	88.0	82.2	87.8	82:	78-1	76.6	77
Lowest	61.2	63.0	64.0	51.8	55.2	55'8	42.0	37.0	36 6	35.7	31.5	40
Average	78.2	78 2	80.4	76.8	75.5	77.1	66.3	64.3	62.4			59
Pal stine.*-	.0.	.02	00 %	.00	10 0		00 3	043	02 4	000	01.2	.00
Highest	95.5	90.0	99.0	94.0	86:0	92.0	82.5	86.0		75:0	73.0	
Lowest	49.0			41.0	48.0		34.5	26.5		28.5		***
Average	74.9		78.9		69.9		59.7			53'5	50.5	:::
New Ulm	1.20	1 .~ "	100	000	00 0	120	00 1	000		000	00 2	
Highest	95.5	95:0	100.0	94.0	92.0	91:0	86.0	91.0	87.0	78:0	83:0	80
Lowest	50.0				48'0		35.5					31
Average	70'4				72.3	73.3					54.2	57
Fort Elliot-	1	1.00			1			1	1	1		
Highest	1	91.0	98.0	86.0		87.0	77.0	81.0	71.0	72.0	75:0	68
Lowest	40.0					33.0					1.0	
Average	661	65.5				59.9						

* Figures for September and October, 1881, are for Corsicana The following remarks accompany the month's weather

eports for December, 1883:

Norfolk, Va.—Frosts on the 1st, 4th, 11th and 22d.

Norfolk, Va.—Frosts on the 1st, 11th and 22d.

Wilmington, N. C.—Frosts on the 11th, 12th, 13th, 17th and 18th.

Murphy N. C.—On the 17th snow fell to the depth of two inches, but lid not stay but one day.

Charlest m. S. C.—Ice A. M. of 16th. Heavy hoar frost on the morning of the 18th. Very dry in Charleston and vicinity during first half Southmburg S. C.—Unequality.

Smartanburg, S. C.—Unusually heavy fogs during the month-foggy on 6 days.

Sacannah, Ga.—First killing frost of season Dec. 18th. Heavy frost on the 29th.

Savainah, Ga.—First killing frost of season Dec. 18th. Heavy frost on the 29th.

Macon, Ga.—Receipts are showing exhaustion of erop in this section. Fully nine tenths has been marketed. Rainfall for year 1883, 37-52 inches, and for 1882, 51-04 inches.

Forsyth, Ga.—Cotton has been all gathered and the work of the year has been completed—an unusual thing—and planters have nothing to do but to commence the work of another year from the first. Usually we have scattered cotton to gather, and have to fluish up the sowing of oats after the first of January.

Jacksonville, Fla.—Strawberries, oranges and winter vegetables very much damaged by drought and frost.

Cedar Keys, Fla.—Lee formed on the 16th.

Montpomery, Ala.—Very heavy white frosts on the 16th, 26th, 28th and 29th. Rainfall 193 inches below the mean for past nine years.

Greene Springs, Ala.—Very heavy white frosts on the 16th, 26th, 28th and 29th. Rainfall 193 inches below the mean for past nine years.

Greene Springs, Ala.—No agricultural operations carried on and but little work done on the plantations. Cotton all gathered in November.

New Orleans, La.—Frest on A. M. Dec. 16th.

Shreeport, La.—Heavy frosts occurred on mornings of the 15th, 16th and 28th.

Ashveod. Tenn.—Winter mild thus far. Very little cotton in the field.

Austin, Tenn.—We have had a great deal of cloudy weather this month, but no storm, and only a trace of snow.

Gateston, Texas.—Light frosts Dec. 16th and 17th.

New York Corron Exchange—Commission Law.—During the

NEW YORK COTTON EXCHANGE-COMMISSION LAW.-During the first eleven years after the opening of the Exchange, the rate of commission to be charged to customers was left optional, but when greatly increased competition, combined with the reduction of the price difference to 1-100 in all dealings in futures, had led to a partial trading on unremunerative terms, a law was passed, and came into force on May 1, 1881, which fixed the lowest commission for members at \$5 and to non-members at \$25 for buying and selling 100 bales, and attached the penalty of expulsion to all cases of evasion. This law had not been long in existence when complaints were heard that it acted against the interests of the Exchange, as it sensibly diminished orders from outsiders; and efforts were made to have it canceled or modified. At first they were resisted on the plea that the law had not been tried long enough to judge of its merits, and when, after renewed applications, opportunities were given to test the opinion of the members by a vote, the result thus far has proved adverse to a change, through the failure of the requisite two-thirds majority. The law has consequently remained in force, and at the end of this month will have had a trial of two years and nine months. Instead of its utility having been proved, it has restricted business more and more, and outsiders, after painful experiences, have almost entirely withdrawn; transactions show a marked falling off and fluctuations are small. The principal reason given hitherto for objecting to a change has been that it would be acting unfairly to those who bought seats in order to benefit by the rebate, of which advantage they ought not to be deprived. But it is asserted that in reality they are not benefitted by the law, as it has contracted business to such an extent that fluctuations are kept in so small a compass that there is little chance for making profits except by quick turns and by member trading with member, thus incurring no commission. Moreover, the value of the seats has declined. The unanagers of the Exchange appear to have first eleven years after the opening of the Exchange, the rate of commission to be charged to customers was left optional,

buying and selling 100 bales for outsiders from \$25 to \$15, and for a resident beyond the prescribed limits from \$7 50 to \$5—the present commission for members of \$5 to remain without change. There will be a meeting held on Jan 30 to discuss the proposed new terms, when it may be expected that certificates for cotton delivered on contracts and the extension of the present inge difference when hidding for fortunal distinctions. present price difference when bidding for future deliveries will again be recommended.

COMPARATIVE PORT RECEIPTS AND DAILY CROP MOVEMENT. A comparison of the port movement by weeks is not accurate as the weeks in different years do not end on the same day of the month. We have consequently added to our other standing tables a daily and monthly statement, that the reader may constantly have before him the data for seeing the exact relative movement for the years named. The movement each month since September 1, 1883, has been as follows.

Monthly	Year Beginning September 1.												
Receipts.	1883	1882.	1881.	1880.	1879.	1878							
Sept'mb'r	343.812	326,656	429,777	458,47	333,64	288,845							
October	1,046,092	980,584	853,195	968,31	888,49	689,26							
Bovemb'r	1,030,380	1,094,617	974,013	1,006,501	942,27:	779,237							
Decemb'r	1,05 ,653	1,112,536	996,807	1,020,802	956,464	393,664							
Totalyear	3,479,937	3,514,473	3,253,822	3,454.0 9	3,120 871	2,651 013							
	of tot. port Dec. 31	58:38	63 93	58 80	62:39	59.6)							

This statement shows that up to Dec. 31 the receipts at the ports this year were 34,535 bales less than in 1882 and 226,115 bales more than at the same time in 1881. By adding to the above totals to Dec. 31 the daily receipts since that time, we shall be able to reach an exact comparison of the movement for the different years.

					1	
	1883-84.	1882-83.	1881-32	1880-81.	1879-80.	1878-79.
Tot De.31	3,479,937	3,514,47:	3,253,822	3,454,099	3,120,871	2,651,013
Jan. 1	19,932	49,36	8.	20,234	15,776	9,614
. 2	18,208	35,48:	28,830	8.	30,208	22,227
** 3	18,855	24,056	24,328	23,424	30,790	36,437
. 4	19,977	29,181	17,926	11,808	8.	14,949
4 5	14,496	33,895	23,105	13,397	23,548	8.
м 6	8.	34,713	37,231	16,773	22,906	33,248
7	20,021	8.	17.951	25,039	19,92	14,528
Ja 8	9,986	39 653	S.	17,286	17,55	14,39
» 9	16,885	19,749	21,640	8.	34,762	20,016
" 10	14,73	26,949	16.318	26,8:0	20,411	23,926
" 11	14,129	25,776	15,187	18,066	S.	13,778
~ T2	15,185	28,542	12,362	20.086	22,132	S.
2ª 13	8.	23,752	31,380	12,509	21,127	23,735
.3 14	18,021	8.	12,290	29,777	19,046	22,12
* 15	17,404	31,999	S.	24,317	19,790	15,56
~ 16	16,032	19,691	17,601	S.	26,983	15,90
* 17	15,170	23,706	13,601	26,087	35,488	22,11
ы 18	23,605	20,346	15,735	23,976	S.	20,39
· 19	15,485	30,896	16,877	17,369	35,455	8.
₩ 20	8.	24,356	23,886	18,582	22,105	25,450
4 21	18,192	8.	15,733	31,395	17,733	24,23
₩ 22	18,843	21,176	8.	17,510	21,312	24,70
· 23	13,:05	20,568	17,372	S.	36,187	22.63
* 24	13,652	14,748	14,138	23,943	23,924	31,173
·· 25	24.656	21,178	11,527	16,669	S.	24,958
	3,862,207		3,659,170	3,894,316	3,638,034	3,127,60
	e of total ots Jan. 25		77.52	66.29	72.74	70 33

This statement shows that the receipts since Sept. 1 up to to-night are now 252,050 bales less than they were to the same day of the month in 1883 and 203,037 bales more than they were to the same day of the month in 1882. We add to the table the percentages of total port receipts which had been received to January 25 in each of the years named.

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE GROSS RECEIPTS OF COTTON at New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore for the past week and since September 1, 1883:

Passinte	NEW	YORK.	Bos	STON.	PHILA	DELPH'A	BALTIMORE.		
Receipts from-	This week.	Since Sept. 1.							
New Orleans.	6,082	149,886							
Texas	2,404	147,472		2,130					
favannah	2,427	131,892	612	42,822	22	10,343	79	45,559	
Mobile									
Florida	34	5,090							
So. Carolina	8,530	84,830		6,475	128	6,293		12,387	
No. Carolina	500	18,722					1,027	19,873	
Virginia	2,425	188,806	146	36,383	1,835	31,142	392	57,295	
Worth'n ports	47	1,761	2,760	58,932			12	12	
Tennessee,&c	5,029	68,633	3,734	91,456	572	7,909		7,307	
Foreign	460	2,245							
This year	22,938	799,337	7,252	238,198	2,557	55,687	1,510	142,428	
Last year	27,173	783,169	13,710	277.089	8,553	88,119	12,404	189,726	

The Exports of Corron from New York this week show a decrease, as compared with i st week, the total reaching 8,812 bales, against 10,988 bales last week. Below we give our usual table showing the exports of cotton from New York and their direction, for each of the last four weeks; also the total exports and direction since September 1, 1883, and in the last column the total for the same period of the previous year

EXPORTS OF COTTON (BALES) FROM NEW YORK SINCE SEPT. 1, 1883.

		Week e	nding-		Total	Same
Exported to—	Jan. 3.	Jan. 10.	Jan. 17.	Jan. 24.	since Sept. 1.	previ'us year.
LiverpoolOther British ports	10,762	12.945 1,062	8,494 170	5,543	202,905 17,225	278,937 3,426
TOTAL TO GREAT BRITAIN	10,828	14,007	8,664	5,543	220,130	282,363
Havre Other French ports	834	1,544	314	227	25,241	19,382
TOTAL FRENCH	884	1,544	314	227	25,241	19,482
Bremen Hamburg Other ports.	500 980 1,600	750	260 600 1,150	1,701 1,341	17,539 20,023 28,585	23,453
TOTAL TO NORTH. EUROPE	3,080	4,582	2,010	3,042	66,147	94,630
Spain, Op'rto, Gibralt'r, & All other		123			2,967 2,232	2,449 4,490
TOTAL SPAIN, &c		123			5,199	6,932
GRAND TOTAL	14,792	20,256	10.988	8,812	316,717	403,407

SHIPPING NEWS.—The exports of cotton from the United States the past week, as per latest mail returns, have reached 140,795 bales. So far as the Southern ports are concerned, these are the same exports reported by telegraph, and published in the Chronicle last Friday. With regard to New York, we include the manifests of all vessels cleared up to Thursday

night of this week:	at bales
NEW YORK-To Liverpool, per steamers Cephalonia, 1,701	
City of Chicago, 73Olbers, 1.806Wisconsin, 1,963	5,543
To Havre, per steamer France, 227. To Bremen, per steamers Oder, 702 Salier, 999	227
To Bremen, per steamers Oder, 702 Salier, 999	1,701
To Amsterdam, per steamer Amsterdam, 558	558
To Antwerp, per steamer Rhynland, 783	7:3
NEW ORLEANS-To Liverpool, per steamers Asturiano, 4,075	
Buenaventura, 3,300 Humacao, 5,650 Kepler, 3.375	
Sapphire, 5,900 Sculptor, 2,837 Tamaulipas,	
3.596 Venezuelan, 2.897	31,630
To Havre, per steamer Marseille, 4,885 per barks	
Agostico C., 3.005 Nimrod, 2.082	9,972
To Bremen, per steamers (ar doc, 3,400 Sacrobosco,	
2,500	5,900
To Sebastopol, per steamers Cassius, 6,200 Elmfield,	
4.875	11.075
4,875. MOBILE—To Liverpool, per barks Arcadia, 2,186 Rebus, 3,028	5,514
CHARLESTON-To Bremen, per steamer Yoronba, 4,600 Upland.	4,600
To Gottenburg, per brig Albatross, 1,025 Upland	1.025
To Barcelona, per brig Virgenes, 590 Upland	590
SAVANNAH—To Liverpool, per ship Macdougail, 4,011 Uplandper larks Mary Graham, 2,470 Upland Romanoff,	
per barks Mary Graham, 2.470 Upland Romanoff.	
3,782 Upland. To Amsterdam, per steamer Orsini, 5,598 Upland	10,263
To Amsterdam, per steamer Orsini, 5,598 Urland	5,598
To Ghent, per brig Economy, 1,591 Upland	1,591
To Barcelona, per steamer Chiswick, 3,500 Upland	3,500
GALVESTON-To Liverpeol, per steamer Westergate, 4,508	.,
per ship Dunrobin, 4,393	8.901
To Vera Cruz, per steamer Whitney, 326	326
NORFOLK-To Liverpool, per steamers Athabasca, 7,270	
Crane, 5,800per ship Equator, 4,180	17,250
NEWPORT NEWS-To Liverpool, per steamer Nubian, 3,944	3,944
BALTIMORE—To Liverpool, per steamer Oranmore, 2,108	2,108
Boston-To Liverpool, per steamers Illyrian, 1,298 Iowa,	-,
2,462Venetian, 2,003	5,763
2,462 Venetian, 2,003 PHILADELPHIA—To Liverpool, per steamer British Crown,	
2,235	2,235
SAN FRANCISCO-To Liverpool, per ship Scottish Minstrel, 198	
(foreign)	198
Total	140,795

The particulars of these shipments, arranged in our usual form, are as follows:

				1	Sebaston	7		
						we,		
				terdam	Gotten-			
	Liver-		Bre-	de Ant	burg &	Barec-	Vera	
	pool.	Harre.	men.	werp.	Ghent.	lona.	Cruz.	Total.
New York.		227	1,701	1,341	*			8,812
N. Orleans.		9,972	5,900		11,075			58,577
Mobile								5,514
Charleston.			4,600		1,025	590		6,215
Savannah				5,598	1,591	3,500		20,952
Galveston						*****	326	9,227
Norfolk			*****					17,250
Newport N.						*****		3,944
Baltimore					*****			2,108
Boston						*****	*****	5,763
Philadelp'a						*****		2.235
San Fran	198	****	*****	*****	*****	*****		198

Total ... 93,349 10,199 12,201 6,939 13,691 4,090 326 140,795 Below we add the clearances this week of vessels carrying cotton from United States ports, bringing our data down to the latest dates:

GALVESTON - For Liverpool - Jan. 18 - Steamer Pheenix. 4,362... Jan. 19 - Steamer Strocco, 5,406; bark Herbert, 4,455... Jan. 22 - Steamer Amoor, 5,975... Jan. 23 - Brig Alphonsine, 744. For Havre - Jan. 21 - Bark Mathanja, 1,364.

NEW ORLEANS - For Liverpool - Jan. 19 - Steamer Geofredo, 5,850... Jan. 21 - Steamers Chancellor, 4,096; Humboldt, 2,686; Lemuria, 4,287.

4.287.

For Havre—Jan. 19—Steamers Avon, 2,012; Irthington, 5,250....

Jan. 22—Steamer Flachat, 3,786.

For Bremen—Jan. 21—Bark Boretell, 2,248.

For Genon—Jan. 19—Bark Vesuvio, 1,157.

MOBILE—For Liverpool—Jan. 22—Bark H. W. Palmer, 1,349....Jan.

24. Ship Flying Foam, 4,650.

SAVANSAH—For Liverpool Jan 1°—Steamer North Britain, 4,924.

For Bremen—Jan. 21—Steamer Clintouio, 6,058.

For Corunna—Jan. 23—Frig Selina, 600.

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CHARLESTON—For Liverpool—Jan. 19—Steamer Hesper, 4,262...Jan. 21—Steamer Scandinavia, 2,639; bark Venice, 2,000.

For Havre—Jan. 22—Rark Cr. wn Jewel, 2,344.

For Genoa—Jan. 19—Bark Nellie T. Guest, 2,300.

NORFOLK—For Liverpool—Jan. 19—Steamer Winthorpe, 3,490.

BOSTON—For Liverpool—Jan. 16—Steamer Palestine, 2,042...Jan. 18—

Steamer Catalonia, 436.

Steamer Catalonia, 436.

BALTIMORE—For Liverpool—Jan. 21—Steamer Nova Scotian, 2,385...

Jan. 22—Steamer Mentmore, 1,439...Jan. 23—Steamer Hugo. Jan. 3,949

3,949.

For Rotterdam—Jan. 19—Steamer Lord Collingwood, 467.

PHILADELPHIA—For Liverpool—Jan. 21—Steamer Pennsylvania, 930.

For Antwerp—Jan. 23—Steamer Nederland, ———.

Below we give all news received to date of disasters to vessels carrying action from United States ports, &c.:

STRATHLEVEN, steamer (Br.), loading cotton at Tybee, S. C. Fire was discovered Jan. 20 in the forward lower hold of the British steamer Strathieven, at Tybee, S. C., in which there were about 1,000 bales of cotton. Two tugs were set alongside to fill the compartment with water. The fire was under control at 9 P. M. of the same day. The damage to cargo has not been fully ascertained as yet.

SOLID, bark (Nor.), Bantson, at Galveston, for Liverpool, was on fire Jan. 22. The fire was extinguished by the crew with only two bales of cotton partly burned.

Cotton freights the past week have been as follows:

	Satur.	Mon.	Tues.	Wednes	Thurs	Fri.
Liverpool, steam d	1364*	1364*	13,4*	1364*	1364*	1334*
Do saild						
Havre, steamc.	716*	716*	716*	716*	716*	716
Do sailc.						
Bremen, steamc.	1332-716	1332-716*	1332-716	13:2-716	1332-716	1332-718
Do sailc.						
Hamburg, steam.c.	38*	384	38	38+	39	38
Do sail c.						
Amst'd'm, steam.c.	10*	19*	10*	194	104	10*
Do sail c						
Reval, steam d.	932*	939*	9324	932+	932*	932*
Do sailc.			•			
Barcelona, steam.c.	34 2 78*	34 @ 78*	34 70 78*	34 12 78*	34 @ 79*	34 à 78°
Genoa, steamc.	58*	58.	580	58.	58	58'
Trieste, steamc.	58*	58*	58*	58*	58*	58.
Antwerp, steam. c.	38*	38'.	38 *	38*	38*	38*

LIVERPOOL.—By cable from Liverpool, we have the following statement of the week's sales, stocks, &c., at that port. We add previous weeks for comparison.

	Jan. 4	Jan. 11	Jan 18	Jan. 23
Sales of the weekbales.	71.000	81,000	82,000	51,000
Of which exporters took	4.200	2,500	5,200	4,000
Of which speculators took	1,624	6.400	5,100	2.900
Sales American	50,000	55,000	57,000	35.000
Actual export	4,300	3,700	4,400	4,200
Forwarded	16,500	21,000	18,000	17,500
Tetal stock -Estimated	679,000	696,000	731,000	742,000
Of which American—Estim'o	443,000	457,000	499,00	515,000
Total import of the week	129,000	112,000	130,000	75,000
Of which American	87,000	81.000	111,000	64.000
Amount afloat	354,000	379,000	360,00	415,000
Of which American	279,000	305,000	298,000	3:2,000

The tone of the Liverpool market for spots and futures each day of the week ending Jan. 25, and the daily closing prices of spot cotton, have been as follows.

Spot.	Saturday	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wedner.	Thursd'y	Frida
Market, (12:30 P.M.	Quiet and un- changed.	Fair demand freely met	Mod. inq. freely supplied.	Steady.	Steady.	Firm.
Mid Upl'ds had. Orl'ns	51516 618	515 ₁₆ 61 ₈	578 6118	$\frac{57}{61}$	578 6116	578 6116
Bales Spec.& exp.	8,000 1,000	12,000 1,000	7,000 1,000	1,000	10,000	8,000 1,000
Futures. Market, (12:30 P.M.)	Flat.	Dull but steady.	Steadier.	Firm.	Firm.	Firm.
Market, { 5 P. M.	Firmer.	Firm.	Firm.	Firm.	Firm.	Firm.

The opening, highest, lowest and closing prices of futures at Liverpool for each day of the week are given below. These prices are on the basis of Uplands, Low Middling clause, unle setherwise stated.

The prices are given in pence and 64ths, thus: 5 62 means 5 62-64d. and 6 03 means 6 3-64d.

	Sa	Sat., Jan. 19.				Mon., Jan. 21.				Tues., Jan. 22.			
	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	
	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	
January									5 55	5 56	5 54	5 56	
JanFeb	5 57	3 57	5 57	5 57	5 56	5 56	5 55	5 55	5 54	5 55	5 54	5 55	
FebMarch	5 59	5 59	5 59	5 59	5 58	5 58	5 57	3 57	5 56	5 57	5 55	5 57	
MarApr	6 00	6 00	5 63	5 63	5 61	5 61	5 61	5 61	5 80	5 61	5 39	5 61	
April-May	6 03	6 03	808	6 02	6 01	6 01	8 60	6 00	00 6	6 01	5 63	6 01	
May-June .	6 06	6 06	6 06	6 06	6 04	8 05	604	6 05	6 03	6 05	6 02	6 05	
June-July	8 10	8 10	8 09	6 09	6 07	6 07	6 07	6 07	6 07	6 08	6 07	6 08	
July-Aug	6 18	6 13	6 12	6 12					6 11	611	6 10	6 11	
AugSept													
BeptOct													
ctNov													
VDec													

	Wednes., Jan. 23.			Thu	Thurs., Jan. 24.				Frl., Jan. 25.			
	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	Open	High	Low.	Clos.
	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.
January												
JanFeb	5 55	5 36	5 55	5 56	5 56	5 57	5 56	5 57	5 53	5 59	559	5 59
PebMarch	5 57	5 58	5 57	5 58	5 57	5 59	3 37	5 59	5 59	5 60	5 59	5 60
Mar Apr	56)	5 63	5 60	3 62	5 61	5 63	561	5 63	5 .3	6 01	5 63	601
A pril-May	0 : 0	6 01	6 00	6 61	603	801	6 00	6 05	6 03	6 04	6 03	6 64
May-June	6 05	6 05	6 01	8 04	604	6 03	6 04	6 06	6 07	6 08	8 07	6 07
Jano-July	6 03	6 08	8(8	6 08	6 00	6 09	6 08	601	6 10	6 12	6 10	6 19
fuly-Aug	611	6 12	6 11	6:2	6 12	6 12	6 12	6 12	6 15	6 15	6 15	6 15
AugSept	6 15	6 13	6 15	6 15	6 15	6 15	6 15	6 15	6 18	6 18	6 18	6 18
SeptOct												
OctNov												
NovDec												

BREADSTUFFS.

FRIDAY, P. M., Jan. 25, 1884.

Flour has been more active at times of late, but, as a rule, only moderately active, and, though when trade improved the market became rather firmer, the tendency of prices in the main has been downward. The supply here is large, and even burdensome, especially that of spring wheat flour, while the demand has been mainly for the lower grades of shipping brands and some descriptions of winter wheat. To-day the market was generally quiet and depressed. Towards the close, however, the demand increased, and after sales of 20,000 barrels the market closed firm.

Wheat has been fairly active, both for export and on speculation, and, though early in the week there was some depression in prices, there has latterly been a recovery and some advance. There have been no further postings of unsound wheat and no new failures or embarressments in the trade. The advance lat terly is attributable more to a natural reaction after the recen heavy decline than to any positive change in the general situa tion. This, indeed, remains essentially the same as it has been for some time past. The supplies here and in Europe are sti burdensome, and the competition of foreign wheat in European markets is still much too active to be ignored, while the lack of storage facilities at Chicago is still an unfavorable feature, so far as the West is concerned. The visible supply in this country has decreased slightly, but this is due party to the fact that some of the Chicago stock has been withdrawn, and stored in propellers to remain till the opening of spring navigation. To-day the market was fairly active at an advance of 1/2 to 1c. The closing prices to-day for No. 2 red were \$1 05 for January, \$1 06 for February, \$1 081/2 for March, \$1 101/8 for April, \$1 134 for May and \$1 14 for June, these prices being 2c. to 2½c. higher than those of a week ago. No. 2 Milwaukee spring wheat to arrive sold at \$1 06.. White wheat was scarce and nominal.

Indian corn has been only moderately active, but prices have latterly advanced in sympathy with the rise in wheat. The speculation at this market has greatly [decreased within th last month, while the foreign trade has, as a rule, been light. The visible supply in the United States has increased 1,000,000 bushels, according to the latest statement. Aside from this there is nothing really new in the statistical situation. To-day the market was a fraction higher. The closing prices for No. mixed were 611/2c. for Januay, 613/4c. for February, 63c. for March, 641/4c. for April and 66c. for May.

Rye and barley have been moderately active and steady. Oats have been less active at some decline, but within a few days have become firmer. No. 2 mixed sold to-day at 40c. February, 41c. for March and 42 204234c. for May.

The following are closing quotations:

		FL/	UR.		,
Mr. Camping 10 hbl \$2.0	0.0	2 50	City shipping extras\$5 152	5	40
No. 2 spring \$ bbl. \$2 0		2 90	Southern bakers and		20
		3 35	family brands4 25		95
			Couthin chinin outros 2 50 a	E C	50
		4 75	South'n skip'g extras 3 50 a	9	20
		5 75	Rye flour, superfine 3 30 a	0	10
	200	3 40	Corn meal-	-	0.7
Winter clear and	_		Western, &c 3 00 a	3	23
		6 00		3	40
		6 85			
Patents, winter 5	000	6 75	100 lbs 2 65@	3	00
		GR	AIN.		
Wheat-			Rye-Western 63 4	à	68
Spring, per bush. 95	21	18	State & Canada 71		$73^{1}2$
Spring No. 2 99	Z1	.00	Oats-Mixed 3834	0	41
Red winter, No. 2 1 07	@1	074	White 4112	3	47
Red winter 87	@1	14	No. 2 mixed 3958		40
White 85	@1	05	No. 2 white 4234	2	43
White No. 1 1 06	a.			®	90
Corn-West, mixed 51	a	62		a a	85
West, mix. No. 2. 61	a	6114		a	65
White Southern. 65	a	73	State, six-rowed 70	2	75
Yellow Southern. 63	0	65		D	80
Western white 54	70	67	Duck # Mont 10		00
Western Yellow . 63		65	1		
Western Tenow . 03	w	00	1		

The movement of breadstuffs to market is indicated in the statements below, prepared by us from the figures of the New York Produce Exchange. We first give the receipts at Western Lake and River ports, arranged so as to present the comparative movement for the week ending Jan. 19 and since Aug. 1 for each of the last three years:

Receipts at-	Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Barley.	Rye.
	Bbls.196lbs	Bush.60 lbs	Bush.56 lbs	Bush.32 lbs	Bush.48lbs	Bush.56 lbs
Chicago	81,571	341,437	1,532,256	783,376	116,709	45,140
Milwaukee	69,663	187,412	20,980	47,593	151,988	14,682
Toledo	2,676	183,320	227,337	16,286	1,065	1,008
Detroit	2,573	87,190	57,446	5,046	4,643	
Cleveland	3,570	19,973	32,520	12,500	4,200	
St. Louis	21,326	88,492	445,215	141,333	24,000	4,950
Peorla	800	12,350	270,510	135,850	6,000	18,510
Duluth		19,864				
Tot. wk. '84	182,179	940,038	2,586,264	1,141.894	308,583	84,290
6ame wk. '83	162,100	1,026,038	1.684.836	554,121	347,197	72,657
Same wk. '82	137,962	619,459	2,584,610	1,152,493	291,280	56,887
SinceAug.1-						
1883	4,869,990	53,594.098	58,422 039	34,200.328	12,301,161	5,463,673
1882	5,099,806	53,890,378	38,865,592	27,375,243	9,838,803	2,645,056
1881	4,139,911	27,478,167	66,038,63	18,899,897	8,669,157	2,876,03

The comparative shipments of flour and grain from the same ports from Dec. 24, 1883, to Jan. 19, 1884, inclusive, for four years, show as follows:

Flourbbls.	1883-94	1882-83.	1881-82.	1880-81.
	636,545	926,544	518,851	680,096
Wheat bush.	1,527.675	1,381,582	1,576,076	1,661,110
	4,579,906	5,495,255	3,808,655	2,846,924
Cate	1,825,338	2,477,890	2,200,470 $532,748$	1,777.023
Barley	570,270	873,703		685.278
Вуе	192,386	173,369	170,406	199,474
Total grain	8,695,575	10,401,799	8,287,755	7.172,809

Below are the rail shipments from Western lake and river

ports for four years:				
	1884.	1883.	1882.	1881
	Week	Week	Week	Week
	Jan. 19.	Jan. 20.	Jan. 21.	Jan. 22.
Flourbbls.	179,625	172,214	127,385	170,078
Wheat	557,685	314,238	359,622	187,759
Corn	1,617,324	1,327,961	1,322,603	742.992
Oats	741,428	690,488	825,763	427,119
Barley	182,990	202,245	89,840	142,715
Rye	60,748	36,877	36,894	31,951
Total	3,160,175	2,571,809	2,634,632	1,532,536

The rail and lake shipments from same ports for last four

Week ending-	Flour,	Wheat,	Corn, bush.	Oats.	Barley,	Rye.
Jan. 19.		557.685	1,617,324	741,428	182390	60,748
Jan. 12		405.778	1,108,404	431,813	153,406	74,500
Jan. 5. Dec. 29.	$\frac{147,886}{179,442}$	$\frac{269,278}{294,934}$	901,885 $952,233$	336,623 $315,474$	116.523 $117,351$	$32,9.7 \\ 24,231$
Tot., 4 w. 4w'ks'83.		1,527,675 $1,381,582$	4,579,906 $5,405,255$		570,270 873,703	192,386 173 469

The receipts of flour and grain at the seaboard ports for the week ended Jan. 19 follow:

At-	Flour, ubls.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.	Oats, bush.	Barley,	Rye. bush.
New York	37.733	328,700	390,540	161,230	15,400	13,660
Boston Portland	28,092	3,350	56,650 88,890	10,650 3, 200	9,500	
Montreal		9,000		3,400	2.000	1.070
Philadelphia		50,000		39,100	17,400	3,500
Baltimore	24,771	113,394	30,078	31,156	*****	7,770
New Orleans	4,257		108,530	21,152	*****	
Total week	116.971	501.444	766.688	272,888	44.300	26.000
Cor. week '83		880,513	1,137,314	406,891	58,301	19,228

The total receipts at the same ports for the period from Dec. 24, 1883, to Jan. 19, 1884, compare as follows for four years:

Flourbbls.	1883-84.	1882-93.	1881-32.	1880-81.
	822,540	1,264,793	747,909	990,387
Wheat bush.	1,151.193	4,110,555	2,435.324	S,609,686
	2,809,544	5,371,165	2,203.134	3,552,994
Oats	982,081 421,000 122,812	1,727,398 280,139 54,724	1,497,965 470,137 31,427	1,249,688 $412,442$ $129,223$
Total gesir	5 128 700	11 513 921	6 637 087	9 951 022

The exports from the several seaboard ports for week ending Jan. 19, 1884, are shown in the annexed statement:

from -	Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Peas.
	Bbls.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.
New York	104,340	283,256	165,737	3,585	52,869	1.049
Boston Portland .	39,924	14,962	85,653 80,890	20		18,214
Montreal.	4****		*****	*****		
Philadel	2,143		5,000	*****		*****
Baltim're	10,518		184,485			*****
N.Orl'ns .	1,120	723	111,544			******
Total w'k.	158,045	1,065,698	633,309	3,605	52,869	19,263
1883	178,231	1,065,492	848,792	1,390	25,742	22,064

The destination of these exports is as below. We add the corresponding period of last year for comparison:

	Flo	ur.	Wh	eat.	Con	rn.
for week to—	1884. Week, Jan. 19.	1883. Week, Jan. 20,	1884. Week, Jan. 19.	1883. Week, Jan. 20.	1884. Week, Jan. 19.	1883. Week, Jan. 20.
	Bbls.	Bbls.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.
Un.King.	116,711	125,729		614,305	281,485	728,163
Contin'nt	6,452		444,273	450,118	300,413	89,451
8.& C.Am	14,692	14.200			41,120	1,417
W. Indies					3.892	5,796
Brit. Col's					5,060	18,410
Oth.c'nt's	647	1,379		1,069	1,309	• 5,355
Total	158,045	178,231	1,065,698	1,065,492	633,309	843,792

By adding this week's movement to our previous totals we have the following statement of exports since September 1, this season and last season.

	Flo	ur.	Who	eat.	Co	rn.
Exports since Sept. 1, to-	1883-84. Sept. 1 to Jan. 19	1382-83. Sept. 1 to Jan 20.	1883-84 Sept. 1 to Jan. 19.	1582-53. Sept. 1 to Jan. 20.	1883-84. Sept. 1 to Jan. 19.	1882-83. Sept. 1 to Jan. 20.
	Bbls.	Bbls.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.
Un. Kingdom	2,350,855	2,814,718	11,903,124	21,580,617	12,831,750	5,363,870
Continent	166,139	314,249	6,999,177	17,502,065	3,471,654	518,439
3. & C. Am	268,997	310,043	581	87,428	659,827	86,587
West Indies.	338,696	412,836	21,538	28,3.5	181,890	168,411
Brit. Col'nies	299,099	290,449	8,010	7,806	84,526	66,985
Oth. countr's	15,854	17,012	600	194,014	108,600	42,857
Total	3,439,640	4,159,337	18,933,030	39,399,655	17,319,247	6,247,149

The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at the principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard ports, and in transit by rail and water, Jan. 19, 1884, was as follows.

tollows:					
In store at-	Wheat,	Corn,	Oats,	Barley,	Rye,
New York	6,212 231	1,994,327	2.752.668	375,333	403,314
Do afloat (est.)	820,797	107,000		348,000	93,200
Albany	9,400	26,000	45,000	121,000	16,000
Buffalo	1,345,111	175.648	528	317.345	17,526
Chicago		4.198,069		354.313	1,682,325
Do afloat			80.000		
Milwaukee	2,954,938	31,010	2,506	606,094	21,991
Duluth	2,424,705			******	
Toledo	2,470,839	490.784	52,233		7,959
Detroit	533,595	21,874	13,781	31.271	
Oswego	*225,000	175,000		460,000	55,000
8t. Louis	1,574.821	1.212.886	157 578	55,755	44.848
Cincinnati	178,353	8,322	46.024	52,822	18,107
Boston	102,604	354.262	234.615	20,514	1,730
[orento	107,643		5,665	153,978	
Montreal	195,066	13,959	2.551	15,323	22,759
Philadelphia	844,782	242.971	83.896		
Peoria	4.777	20.151	22,442		89.739
Indianapolis	149 200	32,100	39,900	******	19.000
Kansas City	417,691	170.083			20,212
Baltimore	1,211,000	174,130	3,645		5,983
Down Mississippi.		*****			
On rail	557,635	1,617,324	747,428	182,990	60,748

 $\begin{array}{llll} \textbf{Tot. Jan. 19. '84:} & 34,890,971\,11.055,449\,5.887.257\,3.094,743\,2.580,341\\ \textbf{Tot. Jan. 12. '84.} & 35.005,675\,10.029.556\,5.881,560\,3.165,618\,2.628,162\\ \textbf{Tot. Jan. 20. '83.} & 21,770.312\,9.575,797\,4.419.625\,2.794,300\,1.494,001\\ \textbf{Tot. Jan. 21. '22.} & 17.321,895\,16.954,625\,2.976,059\,2.599,192\,1.333. '82\\ \textbf{Tot. Jan. 22. '81.} & 28,399,199\,16,736,480\,3.400,204\,3.675,172\,7\,65,541\\ \end{array}$

* Includes millers' stocks.
† Includes starch factories' stocks.
† The store stock of wheat was decreased last week 372,196 bushels, put affoat in vessels for export and not cleared up to the 20th inst. This would, if cleared, have reduced the floating stock in New York (in this state nent 870,797 bushels) to 428,600 bushels, and would have made a decrease in visible wheat of 507,000 bushels.

The following statement, prepared by the Bureau of Statistics, will show the exports of domestic breadstuffs from the undermentioned customs districts, during the month of Dec., 1883, and for the twelve months ended the same, as compared with the corresponding months of the previous year:

			Dushels. Dushels. Dollars.	Indian corn. Indian corn. Indian corn.	Indian corn. Indian corn meal. Oats	New York 1,415,544 Boston and Charlestown 152,999 342,265	Customs Districts. Bushels.	New York Bushels Dollars Suston and Charlestown 10,223 6,393 Buston and Charlestown 10,223 6,393 Philadelphia 5 1,608 Sun Francisco 21,598 11,608 Chicago 549 39 Detroit 549 39 Huron 49,007 32,380 New West 32,380 18,391 New West 32,380 18,391 Total Dec. 1882 32,380 18,361 Total Dec. 1883 419,508 204,31 Total 12 mos. ended Dec. 31, 83 419,508 204,31 Total 12 mos. ended Dec. 31, 82 305,396 202,25 Total 12 mos. ended Dec. 31, 82 305,396 202,25	Barley.
	India Bushels, 317,65,88 32,8 349,44 363,22 363,22 11,17	Indian corn. Bushels. Dollar 1,25-6,100 9-1, 317,624 218, 32,28 210, 34,21 23, 34,21 23, 34,21 24, 31,520 14, 31,520 14, 31,520 14, 31,520 14, 31,520 14, 31,520 14, 31,520 14, 32,530,750 1,521, 2,730,669 1,521,	Indian corn. Indian Indi	1 8	Orn med. Oats Dollars. Bushels. J. 35,033 1.,618 3.,746 40 3.,746 40 60 60 1 10,655 40 4.104 4.104 75,476 29,163 92,490 15,914	s. Dollars.	Wheat.		-
Dollars. Bushels. Dollars. 36,035 1,618 5,627 35,035 1,618 5,627 35,035 1,618 5,627 35,035 1,618 5,607 1,618 5,607 1,618	Dollars. Bushels. Dollars. 36,035 1,618 5,627 35,035 1,618 5,627 35,035 1,618 5,627 35,035 1,618 5,607 1,618 5,607 1,618	Dollars. Bushels. Dollars. 36,035 1,618 5,627 35,035 1,618 5,627 35,035 1,618 5,627 35,035 1,618 5,607 1,618 5,607 1,618	b.625.3 5.627.1 1.395.5 1.395.	5,610 1,355 1,165		6 33 -3	0.293 3,312,931 0.640 1.181,54	Bushels. Dollars. 332,498 211,096 8,233 5,930 8,4,284 51,368 8,4,284 51,368 4,28,11 51,368 11,1290 15,5,789 111,290	Rye.

* included in the foregoing totals are the reports from Milwankee New Haven, Portland and Fa mouth, kichmond, Willamette and York town, the details for December, 1883, being as follows:

town, the de						
	Milwau-	New	Port-	Rich-	Willa-	York-
Barley-	kee.	Haren.	land, de	. mond.	mette.	town.
Bushels				*****		
Value \$						
Indian corn-	-					
Bushels			314,863			
Value \$	*		173,773			******
Indian corn	meal-					
Barrels		1.014		*****		*****
Value \$		3,150				
Oats-						
Bushels						
Value \$						
Rye-						
Bushels				*****		
Value\$						
Wheat -						
Bushels			6,694		492,162	
Value \$			6,694		£05,369	
Wheat flour-	-					
Barrels		665	44,567		21,855	4,345
Value \$		3,650	235,366	151,132	106,061	26,034
Total values						
Dec., '83.\$		7,100	415,773	151,132	611,430	26,054
Dec., '82.\$		10,402	35,100	92,836	627,963	91,043
12 months-		-	,	, -		
1883\$	633,585	57.542	636,088	1,270,859	3,741,405	
1882\$	240,516	68,960	195,285	930,210	5,456,059	734,134

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

FRIDAY, P. M., Jan. 25, 1884.

The general demand for dry goods was somewhat disappointing the past week, but a fairly satisfactory business was done in a few descriptions of spring and summer goods by the domestic commission houses. Recent events have not tended to restore confidence in the most staple cotton goods, and though some large purchases of certain kinds were stimulated by very low prices, most buyers have shown a determination to pursue a cautious hand-to-mouth policy for the present. The movement in domestic woolens was very light as regards fabrics adapted to men's wear, but miscellaneous woolens were a trifle more active in agents' hands. Imported goods have met with rather more attention from intending buyers, but actual busi-

ness was restricted in volume. The jobbing trade was irregular and upon the whole quiet, but a fair package business in domestics, prints, ginghams, hosiery, &c., was done by a few of the leading jobbers.

Domestic Cotton Goods. - The exports of domestics for the week were 2,143 packages, the principal shipments having been 640 to great Britain, 629 to Argentine Republic and 330 to Brazil. The demand for plain and colored cottons was quite irregular, and for the most part of a hand-to-mouth character S. me large sales of four-yard brown sheetings were made by agents, but at very low prices, and other brown cottons were lightly dealt in. Drills, especially Southern brands, ruled very quiet, and though a fair aggregate business was done in bleached shirtings, selections were individually light. Wide sheetings were in steady request, and colored cottons were only in moderate demand, buyers of the latter having been pretty well stocked-up by recent purchases. White goods and quilts were in fair demand, and prices remained steady as a rule. Agents' quotations for staple cottons have not materially changed, but the tone of the market is unsettled. Print cloths were in moderate demand and steady, at 3½c for 64x64s and 31-16c. for 55x60s. Prints were distributed in small lots to a fair aggregate amount, and there was a fairly good business in ginghams, chambrays, seersuckers and wash fabrics.

Domestic Woolens Goods.—There was a continuation of the quiet tone lately noted in the market for men's-wear woolens and business in this connection was light and unsatisfactory.

Domestic Woolen Goods.—There was a continuation of the quiet tone lately noted in the market for men's-wear woolens and business in this connection was light and unsatisfactory. Spring cassimeres and worsteds were taken in small lots for the renewal of broken assortments, but heavy goods ruled quiet. Satinets and Kentucky j-ans met with moderate sales, but the demand lacked spirit. Ladies' cloths, tricots, sackings, Jersey cloths and stockinettes were in better request, and sales in this connection were fairly satisfactory in the aggregate, while there was an active business in dress goods, in which both all-wool and worsted fabrics participated. White flannels were in good request, but colored makes ruled quiet, and the demand for blankets was comparatively light. Wool hosiery and underwear continued quiet as usual at this stage of the season. Carpets were in fair demand and steady at opening prices.

FORFIGN DRY GOODS.—The demand for imported goods has not yet b-come active, but a moderately increased business was

FORFIGN DRY GOODS.—The demand for imported goods has not yet become active, but a moderately increased business was done in a few specialties. Dress goods were more sought after, and some fair orders were placed for men's-wear woolens for next fall. Velveteens were in steady request, and silk and velvet remained quiet. White goods and embroideries were in fair request, as were imitation laces, and hosiery and gloves met with increased attention.

Importations of Dry Goods.

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending Jan. 24, 1884, and since January 1, and the same facts for the corresponding periods of 1883, are as follows:

8,319				Cotton 937	_	8	Total on market 11.641	Ent'd forconsumpt. 8.567	3 074	Miscellaneous 671	Flax 1.114	-		_	WITHORAWN FROM	Total 8.567	Wiscellaneous 1,642	-	-		Wool 1,323	Pkgs.	Jan. 2	SUTERED FOR CONSUMPTION
	956.726 2.858.722	70,581	254,788	228,118	200 000	ENTERED FOR	3,612,461	2,858,722	753.742	56,352	136,190	203 131	189.322	168.747		567 2,858.722	211,618	469,091	746,629	812.613	588,741	Value.	Week Ending Jan. 25, 1883.	
-	12 228 22,061	3,767	1.149	3,177	1 701		33,544	22.061	11.488	3,831	2,996	914	2.452	1,290	WAREHOUS	22,061	3,872	4,974	2.951	6 639	3,625	Pkgs.	Since Jan	FOR THE W
200000	3,254,362 7,691,681	282,751	879.801	926,057	722 970	WARRIOUSE DUKING	10.569.038	7,691,681	2.877.3:7	201,646	471,681	201.169	9:6.5:5	573,934	WAREHOUSE AND THROWN INTO THE	7,691,681	600,643	1,006,537	2,029,753	2.391,949	1,660,399	Value.	1, 1883.	WEER AND SINCE
7 121	1.658 5,473	513	173	247	207	SAME	7.985	5,473	2.512	963	638	191	350	370	WN INT	5,173	70-	1,154	1.039	1,339	933	Pkgs.	Jan.	
7 191 9 196 769	394.331 1,732,437	26,503	118.014	67.606	195 950	PERIOD.	2,287,945	1,732,4.7	555,50%	60,416	89,305	137,606	120,053	148,128	O THE MARKET.	1.732,437	1			427,083	412,043	Value.	Week Ending Jan. 24, 1884.	
34.059	8.945 25.114	2,593	1 995	1.895	1 660		39,691	25,111	14,577	8,228	2.360	X97	1,719	1,373	KET.	25 114	4,963	5,296	4 065	7.112	3,68%	Pkgs.	Since Jan	THE AND I
10,200,030	2.373 09 7,826,93	121,38	654.01	586.3	656.37		10,154.08	7,826,93	2.327.14	183,39	367.41	639 53	576,43	560,17	-	7.826.93	50,808	1,012.31	2.376,17	2,325 25	1,505,10	Value.	Since Jan. 1, 1884.	1893.

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